### gussia seeks Mideast debt repayment

MOSCOW (R) — Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev, speaking on Sunday ahead of a major conference on the Middle East and North African economics, said Russia was still looking for a way to recome its debts from the region. "Syria's debt exceeds \$10 billion, and a string of other states also owe (us) big debts," Itar-Tass news agency quoted Mr. Kozyrev as saying at Vrukovo airport. Mr. Kozyrev later boarded a flight to Casablanca, Morocco, where the region's first economic conference is being held. "They (the debts) amount to colossal figures, but the issue is how and on what terms payment will begin... unfortunately this is still not altogether clear, but we do not intend to reconcile ourselves to this state of affairs," Tass quoted him as saying. But Mr. Kozyrev said Russia wanted to promote trade with the region, which he described as potentially very rich. "This does not mean that we should not endeavour to create conditions for our own goods, services and capital to reach reate conditions for our own goods, services and capital to reach the Middle Eastern and North African markets," he was quoted as



Peres: E U to finance water projects

AMMAN (J.T.) — Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said Sunday Jacques Delors, head of the European Commission, the executive arm of the European Union, had given his consent to financing Jordanian-Israeli water projects. Mr. Peres, who was talking to Jordan Television on the fringes of the Middle East and North Africa Economic Summit in Casablanca (see story below), did not make clear whether the European Commission was did not make clear whether the European Commission was offening to support all water projects related to the development of the Jordan Valley or only those projects specifically mentioned in the Jordan-Israel peace agreement. The agreement refers to a desalination plant and dams to let Jordan have its share of waters from the Jordan and Yarmouk Rivers. These projects are expected to cost around \$150 million. Two senior Israeli officials held talks with European Commission officials on these projects in Brussels immediately after the initialling of the peace treaty in Amman on

Volume 18 Number 5755

Ex-Lavy bild

3 Harded \$1.65m Tisex case

AMMAN MONDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1994, JUMADA ALAW AL 26, 1415

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

# King urges end to unfounded criticism of peace treaty

Slander and irresponsible behaviour must end, King tells deputies

By Ayman Al Safadi lordan Times Staff Reporter

King Hussein said Sunday that there was some lack of darity and confusion about the peace treaty with Israel but stressed that this should be no licence to censure and disparage the "bistoric" achievement Jordan bas

The King urged an end to the disparaging of the treaty, which he asserted guarantees the Kingdom's full rights in its land and water and was reached after long and diffialt negotiations.

In remarks be made after istening to the replies of the Lower and Upper Houses of Parliament to the speech from the Throne with which be opened the second ordinary session of Parliament :: 1- Oct. 22, the King also nrged an end to character assassina-: . ion and unhealthy and irresnsible rivalry.

Saying that there were many attempts to distort the = - nia: ? ? it in truth about the history of the Hashemites, the King amounced that a number of documents that tell the story of the Kingdom since the start of the Great Arab Revolt in 1916 will soon be published so that the truth will come out.

The King, who does not usually address deputies after - 2 they present the reply to the "speech from the Throne,

their leadership "turned their back to us" and chose to go their own way.

That decision, said the King, freed the Kingdom to look after its own interests.

The King was apparently referring to the signing of the Oslo deal by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) whch did not coordinate its move with Jordan even though it was then still participating in the peace talks under the umbrella of a joint delegation with Jordan.

King Hussein stressed the need to abide by the National Charter, which was approved by representatives of all political shades in the country. urging the minority to respect the views of the majority.

"It seems to me that the (reply of the Lower House of Parliament) reflected unclarity about what the speech from the Throne included and that could be explained by political pluralism and the conflicting views of each of you at this circumstance and in this era," the King told lawmakers.

In its reply to the speech from the Throne, the House said it values the King's efforts to bring about just and comprehensive peace "which can only be realised through restoring Arab sovereignty over all occupied" Jordanian, Syrian, Palestinian and Lebanese lands in accordance

with international legitimacy. The only reference the House made to the treaty was



basis "of our national respon-

sibility. The King said the peace treaty, which the Kingdom signed with Israel last week, was a balanced accord that "restored Jordanian sovereignty over all Jorda-nian land," and led to the recovery of the Kin time to support the Palesti- that it will take the decision it water rights and defined the mian people even though deems right on it on the country's international bor-

(Continued on page 7)

of Americans representing

East Peace.

# Upper and Lower Houses pledge full support for King's effort for just peace

AMMAN (Petra) - The Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament on Sunday exessed their full support for His Majesty King Hussein's efforts to achieve a just and permanent peace and his continued endeavours to safeguard the holy places in Jeru-

The two houses said in their replies to the speech from the Throne presented at separate audiences at the Royal Court that the rights of Jordan and the Kingdom's sovereignty over its lands and water had been ensured under the peace treaty signed with Israel

They said the peace treaty opened the door for Jordan to achieve development and progress and deal with its basic issues.

They blessed King Hussein's efforts towards restoring solidarity among Arab

Following are major excerpts from the Upper House's (Senate) reply, delivered by its speaker, Ahmad

The Senate is honoured to express to Your Majesty its deepest regards and loyalty to the Throne and voice its full support for the speech from the Throne delivered to

Your Majesty's government has concluded a peace treaty with Israel based on Jordan's principled stands and international legitimacy. The treaty ensures the restoration of Jordan's full rights in its land and water and secures the demarcation of the common border, thus stemming any ambitious attempts on the national soil and enhancing the Kingdom's security and offering the Kingdom the chance to

velopment. It is hoped that this major achievement would contribute towards the attainment of comprehensive peace on all tracks encompassing the whole region as Your Majesty has always sought.

embark on sustainable de-

The Senate supports Your Majesty's endeavours for peace, your relentless efforts to reestablish solidarity among the Arab states and your drive to enbance the march of democracy in the

The Senate takes pride in the Kingdom's parliamentary life and the country's political pluralism and the exercise of freedom and respect for bu-

man rights and justice. The Senate strongly supdemocracy and within safeguards for security and stabilty which are basic elements

The Senate emphasises the fact that the Jordanian Armed Forces, together with the security services, remain the source for the country's pride and should be strengthened by all means to protect the country's gains and ensure progress and prosper-

The Senate takes pride in Your Majesty's continued care for the Islamic boly places in Jerusalem, a role undertaken by the Hashemites over the decades. It is through your continued care and endeavours for these places that they have been safeguarded and protected over the years and you will no doubt be remembered with pride by future generations.

The Senate, after examining the speech from the Throne, expresses appreciation of the government's efforts towards reform programmes in public administration, financial, economic, cultural, educational, social development, agricultural and other sectors.

The Senate pledges to do all it can to ensure cooperaports Your Majesty's efforts tion with the government to to ensure these rights under enable it to provide the best

citizens and deal with such chronic issues like unemployment and poverty among

Following are excerpts from the Lower House's reply to the speech from the Throne, presented by its speaker, Sa'd Hayel Srour:

The Lower House follows with pride your wise steps and share with you the se-rious responsibilities being shouldered despite the pressures and the obstacles in the path of attaining progress for this country in all fields.

The House reaffirms its role in participating in constructional steps towards enhancing the elements of justice, democracy and freedom through upgraded laws and pledges not to spare any effort towards achieving this

We reaffirm our support for Your Majesty's efforts to attain a greater renaissance for the whole Arab World and ensure solidarity among Arab states that would prevent further bloodsbed and handle inter-Arab disputes with Arab efforts.

The House furthermore bopes that Your Majesty

(Continued on page 3)

# House refers treaty to committee in brief session

# Opposition technicalities voted down

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

a - - — gr‼nciān i

AMMAN — The Lower House of Parliament on Sunday referred to its Foreign i egestodure Affairs Committee the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty after a short debate in - which opposition deputies - questioned the constitu-- tionality of the treaty and its

compliance with the principles upon which the Kingdom entered the peace process in Madrid in 1991. Forty-seven of 73 deputies present voted in favour of

referring the treaty, which was presented to the House sadraft law, to the committee after reviewing the reasons for which the government wanted the draft legislation to be addressed with regency. Forty-three ont of 22 Iswmakers present voted in favour of addressing the

draft with urgency.

The vote came after the majority of the House defeated an opposition motion to reject the treaty and another proposal to refer it to the higher Council for the Inter-pretation of the Constitution on the grounds that the treaty was unconstitutional. No explanation of this claim was

In addition to the 13 Islamic Action Front (IAF) members present at the session, leftist deputies Abdul Karin Al Dughmi (Mafraq), Rassam Haddadin (Zarqa), Mistafa Shneikat (Salı). Tonjan Faisal (Amman), and Khalil Haddadin (Amman) woted in favour of the motion

to reject the treaty.
The same deputies, 19 out for 73 present, voted in favour of referring the treaty to the Higher Council for the Interpretation of the Constitution. Opposition lawmakers attacked the treaty for its alleged unconstitutionality; and failure to meet the principles upon which the Kingdom entered the peace talks. Along with others who sup-port the treaty, they also

criticised the "unconvincing"

reasons cited for requesting

draft law with urgency.

LAF spokesman Hamzeh Mansour (Amman) accused the government of deviating from its declared pursuit of a comprehensive peace in the Middle East, contending that the treaty was neither just nor comprehensive.

Mr. Mansour said the government was "in a race with the Palestine National Authority (PNA) which (by the signing of the Oslo accord) started the most dangerous penetration of the Arab

While the PNA unjustifiablypostponed the discussion of the issue of Jerusalem, the treaty asserted religious sovereignty over the boly shrines in the city," ignoring the Arab and Muslim sovereignty over Jerusalem, said Mr. Mansour, whose party bas vowed to fight the

treaty with all its power. Mr. Mansour also attacked the treaty for what be described as ignoring Arab and Muslim land which was occupied while under the sovereignty of the Kingdom and for sending the Kingdom into "a strategic alliance with

the enemies of the nation." The Islamist deputy was referring to the West Bank. which was occupied in 1967 when it was part of the Kingdom but is now the responsihility of the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

Leftist deputies Haddadin and Shneikat said that while they helieve in peace as "an ambition for all people," they reject the treaty the Kingdom signed with Israel last week for failing to comply with the requirements of international

legitimacy.

"We believe (the treaty) violated all the decisions of international legitimacy, starting with (U.N. Security Council) resolutions 194 and 237 as well as resolutions 242 and 338," the two deputies said in a joint statement read

by Dr. Shneikat. They said the treaty constitutes a dangerous turning point that endangers the future of the country, gives

the House to address the away many of its rights and pushes the Kingdom towards alliance with Israel and away from the Arab countries.

Deputy Mobammad Daoudiyeb (Tafileb), who did not vote in favour of rejecting the treaty, criticised the government for failing to seize the opportunity to explain the reasons for signing

it to the people. He said the government 'out of lack of concern rather than respect," bastily drafted the reasons why it wants it to be addressed speedily.

LAF deputies rejected government assertions that the House had approved the government's policy for pursuing peace with Israel through the votes of confidence it gave to

successive governments. The government made the assertion in the one-page statement in which it explained the reasons why the treaty should be looked into

with urgency. In the statement, the government also said the treaty must be debated by Parliament speedily in order "to regain the Jordanian rights in land and water, to protect the country from threats and conspiracy and to ascertain the

Kingdom's horders." It said the treaty realises all Jordanian rights in land, water, security and borders and guarantees the right of re-fugees and displaced persons. The opposition deputies

rejected these assertions.
While the opposition appeared determined to dis-credit the treaty and slow the rocess of debating it official-by the legislature, lawmakers who support it focused on ending discussion of the treaty and sending it to the Foreign Affairs committee where the debate would start offi-

President of the committee Abdul Karim Kabariti, a sup-porter of the treaty, said debate on the treaty should start in earnest by his group which will later present it to the House for debate.

The committee will hold its first meeting today.

"I am personally committed to every letter and every sentence (of the treaty) and to all that it includes," the King said, adding that duty calls for congratulating everybody wbo was involved in negotiating it.

Majali: Treaty has no bearing on civil status AMMAN (Petra) — Prime nian origin will commue to Minister Abdul Salam Majali enjoy their Jordanian

said Sunday the Jordanian- nationality, he said. Jordan, said the prime Israeli peace treaty will not affect the status of Jordanian minister, does not seek a citizens of Palestinian origin. dispute with the Palestinians They are Jordanians, they over their sovereignty over carry the Jordanian nationalthe city of Jerusalem, but is ity and they have full rights holding on to its guardianship and duties like all Jordanians, of the holy places until the Israelis and the Palesmians said the prime minister at a meeting with a visiting group reach a final settlement over

the U.S. Committee for In-The Kingdom's responsibility for the holy places be-gan before the 1967 war and terfaith Dialogue for Middle The West Bank had been continued afterwards until tomade part of the Kingdom of Jordan prior to 1967 as a day, and it will not abandon this responsibility now beresult of the decision of peocause that would be a gain for ple on both banks in 1950, the Israelis, Dr. Majali and the Jordanians of Palesti-

the issue.

Referring to the peace treaty signed last Wednesday, Dr. Majali said that it would not go into effect unless it has been endorsed by Parliament and later ratified by His Majesty King Hus-

He told the visitors, who represent individuals of the Jewish, Muslim and Christian faiths living in the United States, that the peace treaty with Israel guarantees the return of Jordan's land and water rights and ensures security and stability for both

Dr. Majali said Jordan hopes that the treaty would help reduce the Kingdom's

economic burdens which were caused in part by the 1948, 1967 and 1990 migrations into the Kingdom of

Defending Jordan's decision to sign the peace treaty with Israel, Dr. Majali said the accord did not conflict with the progress on the other Arab-Israeli tracks. The treaty, he stressed, is part of an overall settlement without which peace would remain incomplete.

As to Iraq, he said that it also should be included in the Arab-Israeli peace process, but added that he could not speculate when this might de-

comprehensive peace. He repeated Jordan's position that Amman was against the 1990 Iraqi invasion of Kuwait and said that His Majesty King Hussein had sought to end that crisis peacefully.

Dr. Majali said Jordan refuses to support any Arab party which attempts to med-dle in the internal affairs of other Arab countries or launch any aggression against

The visitors met earlier with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan and discussed the peace treaty and reviewed Jordanian-U.S. relations.

# Motorola-linked firm gets cellular phone deal

By Ghadeer Taher Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The government and the Jordan Mobile Telephone Services (JMTS) company on Sunday signed a multi-million dollar agreement to instal and operate a cellular telephone network in the Kingdom. The company is required

by the agreement, which was signed by Minister of Telecommunications and Post Hashem Al Dabbas and JMTS Chairman Ziad Abu Jaber, to begin the service within one year, but company officials said they expect to be in operation within 10 months

The JMTS, which has a 15-year licence with a fourvear exclusivity, must pay a licence fee of JD 7 million to the Jordan Telecommunica-tion Corporation (TCC), plus JD 14.84 million for transfer of the current mobile telephones system (car tele-phones) and around JD 16 million royalty over five years to the state-owned TCC.

The company, which is in partnership with the Amercan company Motorola, is required to cover 95 per cent of the populated areas of the Kingdom within four years. The service, which will require a JD 70 connection fee

and a base monthly JD 21 subscription fee, will be in operation in the cities of Amman, Zarqa, Salt, and Madaba within one year, Mr. Dabbas was quoted by the Jordan News Agency Petra as

saving.
Only the calling party will incur the charges for the calls with the exception of the use of the roaming facilities, which allow a Jordanian subscriber to have his or her calls transferred anywhere in the world, where the GSM system is available and where the JMTS has a roaming agreement. In this case both parties will be charged according to set procedures. The billing will be done in

If I get a call on my cellular in Jordan and I am in the U.K., then I will get the call in the U.K.," said a company official. "In rhis case both parties will be charged for the service according to set procedures for applicable tariffs."

The company, which expects to have 20,000-23,000 subscribers in five years, will during peak hours and 180 fils per minute at non-peak hours.

The GSM is seen as essen-(Continued on page 7)

### Unprecedented Arab-Israeli economic conference opens United Arab Emirates.

CASABLANCA (Agencies)
— An unprecedented Arab-Israeli economic conference opened here Sunday.

More than I,500 businessmen and 900 politicians from 60 countries are taking part for the first time in a forum to boost economic development in the Middle East and North Africa.

The three-day conference will end with a joint declaration on a "new partnership of business and government dedicated to furthering peace between Arabs and Israelis." The declaration also outlines the intention to study plans for a Middle East de-

velopment hank and a re-

gional tourism office. Besides Arab states and Israel, the United States, Japan and European countries are taking part.

U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher urged Arab countries to apply economic reforms and lift the boycott of Israel, in a speech at the opening of the confer-

"The last remnants of the boycott aimed against Israel must be eliminated." Mr. Christopher said. "Now it is time for the other Arab leaders to follow the GCC exam-

The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) — Şaudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, the

Oman and Qatar - last month lifted the indirect boycott of countries that do business with Israel.

But it maintains its ban on direct dealings with Israel. "Indeed it is time for the Arab League to dismantle the boycott entirely," Mr.

Christopher said. Mr. Christopher told American business leaders before the conference began that Washington would press for new, concrete measures to ease the boycott. A senior U.S. official said Washington hoped to achieve the results at the next meeting of the Arah League.

Mr. Christopher also urged countries to undertake "senous economic reforms... end trade restrictions... lift the beavy hand of government regulation that sufles entrepreneurs" so they can compete in a global eco-

nomy. The countries of the region accumulated a buge external debt during the 1970s.

The United States also hopes the conference will lead to the establishment of a bank of cooperation and de-velopment for the region, 2 regional tourism office and chamber of commerce, Mr.

Christopher noted. "Even a Middle East at peace cannot be complacent.

It must compete," be said.

This summit sends a message to the world: the Mideast and North Africa are now open for business," he Washington will ask for a

follow-up conference to take place in Amman in 1995 to see how measures adopted here are being carried out. 'If I may horrow the famous Bogart line: This conference could be the beginning of a beautiful friendship," Mr. Christopher said, taking a line from the actor who starred in the film 'Casablanca.'

Also in his speech to U.S. business leaders, Mr. Christopher urged donor countries to release promised funds to boost Palesnnian autonomy in Jericho and the Gaza Strip.

'We understand the reason" for their hesitancy to free up the money because of a lack of transparency in the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

Our perception is that things are improving. I urge all countries that made a commitment to cut the red lape and make the funds available because they are desperately needed," he said. His Royal Highness Crown

Prince Hassan, who is leading the Jordanian delegation to

(Continued on page 7)



ARRESTED: Israeli soldiers carry-off from Al Alia Hospital 20-year-old Palestinian Ahmad Shedid who blew himself up when a grenade he was preparing to throw at Israeli soldiers blew np in the centre of Hebron. The incident came a day after Jewish settlers attacked Arabs in Hebron leaving two hurt (AFP photo)

# Clan fighting rocks Mogadishu

clans fought in the streets of the Somali capital Mogadishu for a seventh straight day on Sunday and peace talks were deadlocked two days hefore the start of a disputed confer-

Hospital sources said more than 25 people were killed and 171 wounded in the fighting since last Monday in the central Bermuda and Medina districts of Mogadishu in de-fiance of U.N. calls for

Rival Hawiye Abgal militiamen loyal to self-styled President Ali Mahdi Mohammad and Mursade gunmen battled with rifles, groundaimed anti-aircraft guns, antitank rockets and mortars on Sunday.

Clan elders intervened ou Saturday in a bid to end the bloodshed but officials said

TEHRAN (AFP) - Iran has

launched an anti-French cam-

paign over the banning of

Islamic headscarves in

French schools ahead of the

Paris trial of three Iranians

accused of killing former

Prime Minister Shahpur

Iranian authorities and the

rorist Judge Jean-Louis Bru-

secret service.

Cracy.

France.

guiere in charge of the case of

Tebran has repeatedly de-

nied any involvement in the

killing of Bakhtiar, Iran's last

prime minister before the

1979 Islamic revolution, who

sought asylum in France and

became an opposition leader.

thorities have reacted angrily

to France's decision to ban

students from wearing Isla-

mic headscarves in high

Meanwhile, Iranian au-

Bakhtiar in 1991.

they were swiftly deadlocked over how to organise a cease-fire and a settlement to the

An elder involved in the talks said he was frustrated at the lack of progress and threatened to withdraw as a mediator unless both warring sides agreed to end their differences peacefully.

Mahmond Ali Fuje of Mogadishu's 700-bed Digfer Hospital said it was running out of emergency medical supplies and its emergency department was already overflowing with casualties.

Despite the battles, faction leaders in Mogadishu continned to prepare for talks called by warlord Mohammad Farah Aideed and his allies and billed as a national reconciliation conference.

Mr. Ali Mahdi, General

Aideed's main foe and head of the group of 12 factions, reiterated on Saturday that he would not attend the talks, which he said were nnilateral and sponsored by Aideed.

He and most groups allied with him were never invited to the conference which aims to set np a new interim Soma-Mr. Ali Mahdi has warned

of widespread possible vio-lence if a new administration is established without the agreement of all. A single-storey building in south Mogadishu bas been painted wbite, dnbbed "Peace House" by a radio station controlled by Gen. Aideed and filled with 1,600

The same fortified building was raided by U.S. helicopter gunships during a failed U.N.

chairs as the venue for the

President Bill Clinton in October ordered a U.S. pull-

out from Somalia. A U.N. Security Council mission told warlords on Wednesday and Thursday to make peace or lose international aid and to allow all U.N. forces to leave Somalia without obstruction by the end of march.

The 15,000-strong U.N. Operation in Somalia (UN-OSOM), which costs \$1 billion a year and bas failed to mediate a durable peace, ends a one-month temporary. mandate at the end of this

Secretary-General Boutros Ghali has recommended UNOSOM leave by March 31 and has said it needs reinforcements in case it has to withdraw under fire from bandits or militiamen.

### Iran launches anti-French U.N.-proposed plan under campaign over headscarf study by Rabbani factions

dent that Tebran has opted to attack Paris ahead of the trial. It is sending a message that Iran is ready to react to any French accusations. Iranian leaders have in the past attributed such accusations to western "zionist-inspired negative propaganda"

Observes say it is no acci-

against Islam and Iran. press have remained silent President Ali Akbar over the trial, due to open on Hashemi Rafsanjani expressidence last month tha The three Iranians - Ali the judgement would be "in Rad Vakili, Mohammad Azadi and Freydun Iran's favour" if the proceedings were unbiased and not Boyerahmmadi — have been accused by France's anti-ter-

If Tehran is implicated in the killing, Franco-Iranian having links with the Iranian relations could suffer. Ties are relatively normal, but have been kept at a minimum level since Bakhtiar's death,

observers say.

Suspicions that the Iranian secret service was involved in the assassination have led to the halting of high-level visits over the past three years. Other members of the European Union have also refrained from exchanging visits with Iran. Anacks on

Iranian opposition leaders have taken place in several Iranian leaders and the other European countries. media daily condemn the ban as "proof of the hypocritical Paris, like most of its European partners, has been keen nature of western demoto maintain relations at a 'satisfactory level," as

A demonstration is to be French foreign ministry held outside the French embassy in Tehran Monday secretary general Serge Boidevaix said during a visit in protest at the ban. Chief Justice Ayatollah to iran last year.

Mohammad Yazdi warned Tehran has voiced a desire Sunday that the "Islamic for France to be one of its World will not ignore the main economic partners in Europe, although Iran's infringement of the natural rights" of Muslim students in financial crisis has led to a sharp drop in trade.

KABUL (AFP) — United Nations special envoy Mahmoud Mestiri has pre-Mahmoud Mestiri has presented a peace plan which is under consideration by Mujahedeen factions loyal to Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani, an official spokesman bere said Sunday. The U.N. proposes the

formation of a commission to supervise the transfer of power from President Rabbani and the holding of future elections," Mr. Rabbani's press spokesman, Abdul Aziz Morad, said. He said the U.N. en-

visioned the Commission for the Transfer of Power (CTP) as comprising five Rabbani representatives, five from the opposition, and three neutral figures — plus an equal num-ber of U.N.-nominated

Afghans. Mr. Morad said the U.N.proposed plan offered two options for the transfer of

Under the first, the CTP would form an interim government within two months to elect an interim government and president for a twoyear period.

Mr. Morad said Mr. Rabbani had held a meeting Saturday with factions supporting him, in order to discuss the U.N. peace plan, which Mr. Mestiri presented to the Afghan president during their recent meeting at the eastern provincial capital of Jalalabad.

The president chaired a meeting with five factions yesterday (Saturday), in which they created the Supreme Council of the Islamic State of Afghanistan in order to study the U.N. proposal,"

USEFUL

750197

7866NL

. 816715

soon let them know our viewpoints.

Mr. Morad added he did not know how the U.N.proposed peace plan was re-ceived by Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, leader of the opposition faction Hezb-e-Islami. but hinted Mr. Hekmatyar might be amenable to sendhis ally. Uzbek General Abdul Rashid Dostum, to round-table talks.

Mr. Mestiri met with General Dostum Saturday and also beld talks with ex-Defence Minister Ahmad Shah Masoud who is said to favour an extension to the existing temporary ceasefire in Kabul.

In answer to a question whether pro-Rabbani factions would boycott the peace talks if a representative of Gen. Dostum was included, Mr. Morad merely noted "it

is under discussion. in the past Mr. Rabbani and his main supporters bave categorically rejected any talks with Gen. Dostum, whose forces spearheaded

the aborted January coup. But before the U.N.-sponsored plan can come into effect, a permanent ceasefire in the current 10-month-long period of hostilities has to be agreed, which may prove dif-

In south Kabul Sunday a pro-Rabbani jei bombed positions of Mr. Hekmatyar's Shiite ally Hezb-e-Wahdat, in order to break up a "concentration of an attacking force," Mr. Morad said. No serious casualties were reported.

# **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### Palestinian blows himself up

HEBRON (AFP) - A 20-year-old Palestinian was wounded when a grenade be was preparing to throw at Israeli soldiers blew up on Sunday in the centre of Hebron, witnesses said. He suffered "moderate" injuries, said doctors at the occupied West Bank town's Alia Hospital where Israeli soldiers arrived to arrest the man. The incident came a day after Jewish settlers attacked Arabs in Hebron, leaving two burt.

### 'Iranian airliner broke up in mid-air'

NICOSIA (AP) - An Iranian cabinet minister said Sunday that a passenger aircraft that crashed Oct. 12 in central Iran on a domestic flight disintegrated in mid-air. the official Islamic Republic News Agency reported. It quoted Transportation Minister Akbar Torkan as saying in the southern Gulf port of Bandar Abbas that the flight data recorder recovered from the wreckage of the Fokker F-28 1000 of Asseman Airlines, Iran's domestic carrier, showed the plane broke up at an altitude of 6,260 metres. The Fokker was flying from the central city of Isfahan to Tehran when it crashed in the Karkas Mountains, killing all 66 passengers and crew aboard. IRNA quoted Mr. Torkan as saying that so far no reason for the crash has been determined, but that a team of aviation experts was investigating. He said the tape in the "black box" recorder had burned in the crasb. He did not elaborate or explain how investigators had been able to determine that the aircraft disintegrated at 6,260 metres.

Last Wednesday, Asseman Managing Director Ali Abedzadeh told IRNA that the twin-turboprop Fokker exploded 35 minutes after taking off from Isfahan and that sabotage was suspected, but there bas been no elaboration on the sabotage theory since then.

### PKK to form government to exile

NICOSIA (AFP) — The movement heading the Kurdish insurgency against the Turkish authorities is preparing to form a government in exile and step up its military operations against Ankara, a leader of the group said here Sunday. Abbas Tas was quoted by Cypriot state television as saying that rebels of the separatist Kurdish Labour Party (PKK) would intensify their attacks in during the coming winter. He accused Turkish authorines of "perpetraning genocide against the Kurdish people" and of having recently intensified their "repression of civilians." The PKK was also preparing to form a Kurdish government in exile, he said, but did not specify where it would be based. He called on the major powers, notably Germany - where a high proportion of exiled Turkish Kurds are based - and France to "cease giving economic, political and financial support to Turkey.

### Rabbi who wanted Arafat murdered dies

TEL AVIV (AFP) - Israel's former chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren, who had called for the assassination of Yasser Arafat, died Saturday from a heart attack, his family announced. He was 77. Goren, who served as the army's chief rabbi in the 1967 Arab-Israeli war, became a symbol of religious ultranationalist conservatism. In April he called for the murder of Mr. Arafat, saying the day he was assassinated should become a national holiday. The call came just one month before the launch of Palestinian self-rule in the Gaza Strip and Jericho. Goren had also told Israeli soldiers to disobey any order to evacuate Jewish settlements on the West Bank and Gaza Strip. But be bad advocated a withdrawal from the Golan Heights in return for peace with Syria.

### Fire burns down 100 shops in Khartoum

KHARTOUM (AFP) - Fire raged through a Khartoum market, burning down around 100 shops and causing millions of dollars of damage, a news report said Sunday. The daily Akhbar Al Yaoum said the fire was caused by an electric short-circuit which started in a small shop and engulfed some 100 other shops before it was put out by firefighters Saturday. The daily quoted merchants who lost their sbops and belongings as putting damage at around \$10 million. One merchant, the paper said, has lost some \$5.3 million Sudanese pounds in cash. They complained that the fire brigade had been late in arriving to extinguish the blaze, which continued for more than three hours in the densely-built Sajana market in south Khartoum. There were no reports of any casualties.

### 'King's ship' houses conference participants

CASABLANCA (AFP) — Casablanca conference organisers swamped with a last-minute influx of extra delegates have commissioned a 400-berth cruise ship occasionally used by King Hassan II to bouse late arrivals. A total of 1,670 businessmen and almost 900 politicians, diplomats and experts from more than 60 Middle East and North African countries have signed in for the ground-breaking regional economic forum organisers said Sunday. Number of delegates more than doubled in the last two weeks. forcing Organisrs to draft in the cruise ship, the Marrakech, after other accommodation ran out. The conference is also being attended by 400 journalists.

### S. Africa, S. Arabia establish relations

RIYADH (AFP) - Saudi Arabia and South Africa decided Saturday to establish diplomatic relations, at a ceremony here attended by the African country's President Nelson Mandela, the official news agency SPA announced. The agency said Foreign Minister Saud Al Faisal and his South African counterpart Alfred Nzo signed an agreement to establish ues at the level of ambassadors. Saudi Arabia became the second Gulf Arab country to establish full relations with South Africa, after Bahrain. Prince Saud hailed "the struggle of the South African people and its will to set up a modern state, free of apartheid, under the leadership of Nelson Mandela," who won the country's first non-racial elections in May.

# Papers warn Israel big winner in Casablanca

DUBAI (R) — Arab newspapers, apprehensive Israel could emerge as the big winner at a three-day conference on regional economic cooperation in Casablanca, on years of hostility. Sunday stressed the link between the forum and regional peace efforts.

The newspapers, lamenting that inter-Arab economic plans never got off the ground, renewed calls for the closing of Arab ranks. saying failure of inter-Arab cooperation could lead to Israeli hegemony.

Commentators in Jordan expressed the hope for benefits from the country's peace treaty with Israel. But in Syria, where no breakthrough in peace with Israel bas emerged so far, commentators cautioned the conference could lead to the demise of inter-Arab organisations.

"In the light of the existing imbalance between the Arabs and Israel... the biggest winner will he Israel and this will strengthen its begemony over the region," said the United Arab Emirates daily Al Bayan in an editorial.

The view was shared by Egyptian opposition news-paper Al Ahrar whose banner beadline read "Most dangerous conference in Arab history... Casablanca summit discusses road to Israeli domination over Arab community."

The conference on the Middle East and North Africa sponsored jointly by the presidents of Russia and the United States, is being attended by more than 200 politicians from 60 states, and more than 1,100 top executives from private enterprises around the world.

Syria and Lebanon rejected invitations to attend while Iraq and Iran were never invited.

Bassam Jaarah, chief of the press office at Syria's council of ministers, writing in the official daily Al Thawra, said: 'Matters are certainly pushing towards the elimination of any joint Arab action, aborting what was acbieved and preventing any future action which might lead to any kind of Arab cooperation, coordination or integration."

President Elias Hrawi in an interview carried by Lebanese newspapers on Sunday reiterated Beirut's refusal to take part in any conference under multilateral peace talks before tangible

progress is reached in bilaner-

al talks with Israel. Israel last week signed a historic peace agreement with Jordan which ended 46

Qatari newspaper Al Raya said obstacles to the peace process should be removed before laying plans for economic development.

"This can only be achieved by accelerating the page of peace," Al Raya said.

Another Qatari newipaper, Al Arab, urged Washing-ton "to play an essential role in overcoming obstacles that will face the conference so that economic development in the Middle East can thatch the peace process."

The UAE's Al Bayan said the conference was held at a time when the Middle East peace process "enters a crucial stage and this justifies the belief the aim of it (the conference) was to re-order the situation in the region in a. way allowing Israel a foothold and a strong entry into... the Middle East."

Israeli newspaper Maariv said the issue of peace had now moved from policymakers and officials into the hands of the people with the money.

The Saudi newspaper Al Madina said: "The problem lies in the level of preparedness and readiness between an Israeli party that has prepared everything and Arab parties which are still feeling their way."

But it said the gap could be compensated for "if the Arab World decides to... move towards peace in the right way and the basis of that peace is not mere treaties and hand-

Al Bayan said the Middle East market could lead; "to the burying of the Arab identity and its replacing by a new identity bringing the Arabs and the Israelis into one boat."

Gulf states bad alregady agreed to drop the boycot it on economic relations with Israel and foreign firms deal with the country.

Emirates newspaper Fajr called on the Arab codun-tries to maintain a distance tion between the Arab sphere and the Middle Eastern Fregional field.

"Normalising (relations with Israel) at the expense of Arab interests is not accomptable," it said.

# Prince Philip in Israel

TEL AVIV (AP) - In the first ever visit to the Jewish state by a member of the British royal family, Prince Philip arrived in Israel Sunday for a ceremony honouring his mother for saving Greek Jews during World War II.

The duke of Edinburgh, husband of Queen Elizabeth II, will meet Mouday with members of the cohen family bis mother hid in ber Athens palace for 12 months during the Nazi occupation of

At the ceremony in Jerusalem's Yad Vashem memorial, the late Princess Alice of Greece will officially join the ranks of the righteous among nations, those bonoured for saving Jews. Prince Philip will also visit

the crypt containing his mother's remains at the Church of St. Mary Magadlene in the Garden of Gethsemane. Prince Philip, accompanied

by his sister Princess Sophie, was met at Ben Gurion international airport by Educational Minister Amnon A spokeswoman for the

prince denied that the British

royals had boycotted Is rael despite repeated invitations. This is the first time it was convenient," said Penny Frussell Smith, a palace spokesperson. "This is the

first time he got his invitation from Yad Vashem." While the visit is counsidered a private one, Mr. Rubinstein said it resulted from Israel's changed status following recent successes

peace negotiations. "It is another sign of much warmer and better relationship between Israel the United Kingdom," Rubinstein said.

After arriving Prince Phalip laid a wreath at the Common-wealth Cemetery in Rangle during a memorial service for # British troops who fell in the Levant during both World Wars. President Ezer Weizman then hosted him for private dinner.

Princess Alice, who came deeply religious in later life and became a nun in the Greek Orthodox Church died in 1969. It was her dying wish to be buried next to her aunt. Elizabeth, the grand duchess of Russia and she was reinterred alongside hier

### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

### PROGRAMME TWO

Alice Au Pays Des Merveill
17:30 Un Pour To
18:00 Le Vent Des Moisso
18:30 News in Front
18:45 Magazine Sport
18:45 Magazine Sport 19:00 New in Hebre
19:15 Movies, Games, and Video
19713 MOVES, Games, and Vices
19:30 The Emergency Roo
20:00 News in Arab
29:36 Coac
22:00 News in Englis

Secrets of Lake Success

1	PRATER LIMES
1	94:28 F 05:47 (Sunrise) Di 14:19 Di 14:25 / 16:53 Maghs 18:11 'b
1	16:47 (Sunrise) Du
ł	16:19 Dh
1	14:25
1	16:53 Magh
1	18611

### **CHURCHES**

ies of God Church, Tel ph Church Tel. 624590. of the Annuaciation Tel

De la Salle Church Tcl. 661757

Terrasancta Church Tel: 622366 Anglican Church Tel. 630851, Tel. 628543. Catholic Church Tel. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tcl. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tcl. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tcl. 675691. The Evangelical Local Church in

### Tel. 811295 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology.

vail with winds northwesterly modcrate. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moderate and seas caim.

Min. Max. temp.
Amman
Ayaba 20 / 30
Descris 11 /27
Jordan Valley 19 / 31
Yesterday's high temperatures: Ammon 26, Aqaba 30 Humidity

### readings: Amman 37 per cent. Agaba 44 per cent. TELEPHONE NUMBERS

### **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Hanna Mansour .. Dr. Farouc Nour ...

Dr. Khaldoun Kloub

Firas pharmacy .....

### Ferdows pharmacy Al Asema pharmacy Nairoukh pharmacy Al Salam pharmacy Yacouh pharmacy 63673() 637660 Vairouih pharmacy ..... Dr. Ahmad Qanu ZARQA: Dr. Hussein Al Haj Khalifeh pharmacy

### **EMÉRGENCIES** Civil Defence Department 66[11] Civil Defence Immediate

Riscue
Civil Defence Emergency 199
Rescue Police 192, 621111, 637777
Fire arigade 617[1]
Blood Bank 775121
Highway Police 843402
Traffic Police 896390
Dublic Consider Paragrament 420221
Public Security Department 630321
Hotel Complaints 605800
Price Complaints 661176
Water and Sewerage
Complaints 897467
Amman Municipality
Complaints 787111
Telephone Information
(directory assistance) 121
Overseas Calls 010230
Central Amman Telephone
Repairs 623[11]
Abdali Telephone Repairs 661101
Jordan Television 773111
Radio Jordan 774111
Water Authority 680100
Jordan Electricity Authority
815615
Electric Power
Company 636381
RJ Flight Information IN-53200
Ouer Alia Ind. Airear 19457200

Queen Alia Intl. Airport 184-532(N)

### **HOSPITALS** AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Ami

**JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR** 

_	644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amr	١.
-	642441/2
labal Amman Maternity ,	642362
Malhas, J. Amman	
Palestine Shmeisani	6641714
Shmeisani Hospital	669131
University Hospital	W45W45
Al-Muasher Hospital	043043 44777781
Cha Islamar Abdall	00/ <u>22</u> //9
The Islamic. Abdali	00012/13/
Al-Ahli, Abdali	004104/6
talian, Al-Muhajreen	
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	
Anny. Marka	
Queen Alia Hospital	
Amai Hospital	674155

ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (109)983323 (091900560)

. 1921275555 1921272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital. . (02)34710

### ncess Haya Hospital ...... (03)314111 FOR THE TRAVELLER

### **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT** This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (08)53200-

5. where it should always he veri-

APRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Flights** (Terminal 1)

Canda 116
Damascus (R
Jeddah (R
Duhai, Abu Dhahi (R.
Riyadh (R.
Beirut (R.
New Delhi (R.
New York, Amsterdam (R.
New Pork, Amsterdam (R.
Bangkok   R.
Casablanca, Tunis (R.
Kuala Lumpur (add) (R.

### Othar Flights (Terminal 2)

<b>09:3</b> 8	Cairo IMS
12:35	Muscat, Abu Dhabi (GF
[4:00	Sanaa (IY
14:30	Kiev (6U
17:05	Rome (AZ
17:50	Paris, Damascus (AF
18-15	Dubai (EM
01:10	Amsterdam (KL
	Alistertam (KL
REB	A 222 102-

### Royal Jordanian (RJ) **Flights** (Terminai 1)

11:20 ... Amsterdam. Chicago (RJ

Being (R1)

t2:25 t2:45	Frankfurt (RI)
17:45	Bahram, Dob∗/R19
20040	Dhahran (RJ) Damascus (RJ)
21:30	Ahu Dhabi (RJ) Dubai, Muscal (RJ)
	lights (Terminal 2)
06:00	Istanbui (TK)
W5:L5	Roign (ME)
(0:30	Cairo (6U)

Other Fi	ights (Terminal 2)
(0:30	Istanbui (TK) Beirut (ME) Cairo (6U)
Bahrain, A 15:80 15:30 19:15	bu Dhabi, Muscat (GF) Senas (IY) Kiev (GU)
•72±30	Amsterdam (KL)

### HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN

5:00 р.т. сусту 7:30 a.m. every 5:00 p.m. every Sur

# MARKET PRICES

· opperioner peno in in	. M. 15
Apple	. 720/ 45
Banana	68
Banana (Mukammar) Cabhage	62
Cabhage	. 110/7
Carrot	320/20
Cardiflower	3000 200
Clamentine	ISO/ 10
Cucumbers (large)	350 / 251
Cucumbers (small)	300 / 20
Eggplant	. 320/ 22
Garlic	1300/100
Lemon	280 / 185
Marrow (large)	180 / 11Y
Marrow (small)	340 / 34
Marrow (small) Olive (green)	. 500/ 40
Onion (green)	ANY TH
Onion (dry)	420 / 330
Order	Annues
repoer (not)	ALKE I ACK
rcppcr (sweet)	300 / W
Potato	4001 20

كملذا مند الأصل

Recognising Creativity: Her Majesty Queen Noor Sunday distributes awards to participants in the Chil-dren's Creative Production Competition. Organised by the Noor Al Hussein Foundation and the Abdal

tion, in cooperation with the United Nations Chil-dren's Fund (UNICEF), the netition was introduced in 1988 to encourage children aged 4-15 to express themselves creatively both is writing and art. A total of 2,200 children throughout Jordan participated in the competition which inchided short stories, poetry, play writing, article writing, drawing, handicrafts and photography, accord-ing to a Royal Conrt spokesperson. This year's theme was "Peace and the Environment." Queen Noor viewed the winning pleces and distributed gwards to 184 winning children. The Queen also swarded plaques to representatives of eight schools which had the greatest number of winning students, as well as gifts and certificates to members of the preparatory and judging committees, according to the Royal Court. Oneen Noor was received by Mr. Abdul Majced Shoman, Minister of Education Abdul Ra'ouf Rawabdeh. Dr. Victoria Rialp, the director of UNICEF in Jordan and Dr. As'ad Abdul



# Parliament pledges full support for just peace

(Cortinued from page 1)

Rabman, the director of the

son said (Photo by George

would continue efforts, towards lifting the U.N. embargo on Iraq and end the suffering of its people.

The House fully supports Your Majesty's efforts to wards enhancing the rule of the law and the establishment of institutions that would help serve as models for an aspired Arab order and bility lest these holy places be Islam is the religion of wishopes that the three branches taken over by the Israeli dom and reason and that of government remain inde- with the West Bank. religion can be practised by a pendent from one another.

While expressing its pride in the Armed Forces and the security services, the House stresses the need for strengthening of these forces which serve as a shield, protecting

The Lower House will work towards reducing poverty and unemployment in cooperation with the govemment. The House bopes that it will be briefed by the government on its steps in this direction so that participation in solving these issues can continue.

The bouse that the government will take more steps to ensure equality of opportunihes for the Jordanian citizens through the application of laws without any discrimina-

Your Majesty's wisdom and leadership have repe-atedly helped the Kingdom to find a way out of domestic and regional crises. It is hoped that such wisdom would belp the country to become more capable in confronting the problems of the future and its challenges.

The House hopes that financial potentials be steered towards the creation of a stronger economy which can only survive in a stable and secure society.

The House hopes that the government will take measures towards upgrading financial and economic legislations and encourage saving and investments by local foreign capital and back such moves through sound admiuistrative measures to ensure

The Lower House seizes this opportunity to tell the people of Palestine that Jorhas not changed and remains faithful to the nation despite the severance of legal and administrative relations

THE PARTY PARTY

It stresses that Jordan was not turning its back on them but will remain true to its commitments and ready to extend them a helping hand

The Lower House realises the grave responsibility of caring for the holy places in Jerusalem and it is of the view that at this stage Jordan cannot abandon its responsiMinistry of Religious Affairs and the municipality of Jerusalem which are unable to take responsibility for the holy sites' religious affairs.

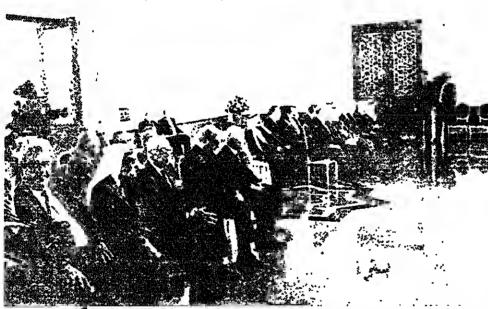
The House remains true to the principles of the Great Arab Revolt which call for freedom, political pluralism, moderation, respect for human rights and justice.

The House believes that

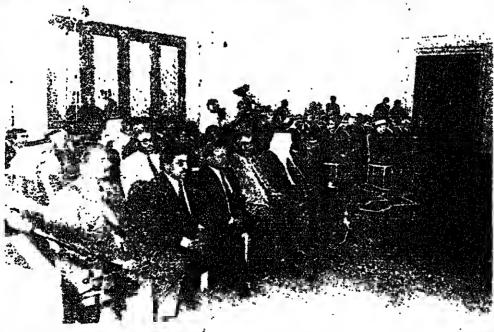
call to hear the teachings of

Jordan which enjoys political pluralism can allow the opposition to exercise their activities through democratic norms and means in order to attain their objectives in a sound and wise manner.

Our society rejects all that which could harm the image of Islam or distort its face before the world by individuals, governments or other groups.



the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament at Sunday's audience (Petra photo)



### WHAT'S GOING ON

### FILM

\* French film entitled "Le Dejeuner Sur L'Herbe" at the French Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

### PIANO RECITAL

R Piano recital by Sultan Al Khatib at the Royal Cultural

Play for children (in Arabic) entitled Hakaya Abu Al Ajab" (Strange Stories) at the Royal Cultural Centre at

### POETRY RECITAL

Poetry recital by Iraqi poet Abbas Jijan at Abdul Rameed Shoman Foundation at 6:00 p.m.

### **EXHIBITIONS**

- ☆ A special exhibition of "Polluted City the Monuments" at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- Art exhibition by Olia Bseiso and an exhibition of Arabic
- calligraphy at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art. ☆ Exhibition of textiles artisty and patchwork by Tuulikki Haddadin at the Gallery located at the Jordan Inter. Continental Hotel.
- ☆ Exhibition entitled "Spanish Modern Engraving and Multiplied Sculpture" at the Jordan National Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh (Tel. 630128).
- ★ The First Computer Art Exhibition in the Arab World at Ain Art Gallery.

# JPA to take measures after 2nd pharmacy employee killed

By Elia Nasrallah Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A 25-year-old pharmacy assistant was shot and killed in Amman Saturday night - the second such incident in a week - prompting the Jordan Pharmacists Association (JPA) to take steps to ensure the safety of its members.

Saturday's victim, identi-fied only as Nabil, was killed at midnight Saturday while on duty alone at Suad Drugstore some 200 metres from the Safeway Stores, according to a police report.

A police official said that investigations into the case were under way, but he de-

TELECOMMUNICATIONS PROGRESS:

cooperation with the In-

ternational Telecom-

munications Union

(ITU). Dr. Dabbas said

that in the new era of

peace, the entire Middle

East region is expected to

witness scientific and

technological progress,

and Jordan is deter-

mined to be in the lead in the telecommunications sector and create the necessary infrastructure

said Jordan is expanding its national programme

in telecommunications

and is developing its local

network, transforming it

into a fully integrated

digital network. The

minister thanked the

clined to give further details. According to Husamuddin Mismar, president of the JPA, the drug owner said the assailant stole JD 200 from the cash register before fleeing. No drugs were re-ported missing by the store

Last Monday, Dina Mashini, a pharmacy assistant working at Rawand Pharma-cy in the Wadi Sagra area of Amman, was shot and killed while on dury. She was working alone on the morning shift. Police are investigating

both cases. They did not say whether they suspected that the incidents were related. The JPA said Sunday that

it was collaborating with the security services and the Health Ministry in an attempt to stem further attacks on drugstores and their employees. A meeting planned for Sunday evening with Am-man police chief Abdullah Habahbeh was intended to discuss what could be done in this direction.

Mr. Mismar said that the JPA board plans to ask the Public Security Department (PSD) to tighten security around drugstores. particularly those located in outlying areas, reduce the number of drugstores which open at night and announce the name of the criminals once they are captured.

He said the JPA board also plans to request the Health Ministry to arrange for drugs that are being used by drug abusers to be kept only in pharmacies attached to hospitals and that an announcement be made to this effect.

Mr. Mismar said that the JPA would submit these requests at meetings Sunday evening with the police chief and Monday with the Health

Ministry. He would not speculate about the motives of the killings because only cash was reported stolen, but said he had learnt from Amman Police Department that investigations were making



ITU for providing Jordan and other Arab states with experts to

help expand their respective electronic telephone networks. Taking part in

the five-day seminar are delegates from 12 Arab countries (Petra photol

# ESCWA, UNIDO hold workshop on women participating in manufacturing

AMMAN (J.T.) - A regional two-day workshop on the "Participation of Women in Manufacturing: Patterns, Determinants and Future Trends" opened Sunday at the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel. The workshop is jointly organised by the United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDÓ) and the Economic and Social Commission for Western

Asia (ESCWA). The workshop aims to validate a regional typology study on women's participation in economic and industrial development undertaken by UNIDO in preparation for the 1995 World Conference on Women in Beijing. The draft report of the typology study will be discussed during the worksbop, after which workshop participants will formulate strategies and measures to address the issues and challenges which emerge from the discussions.

Participating in the workshop are regional experts in the fields of economic and industrial development, as well as observers from various Jordanian governmental and non-governmental bodies and from U.N. agen-

At the opening session, opening speeches were given by Dr. Thoraya Obaid, ESCWA's deputy executive secretary, and by Marie-Anne Martin, acting chief of the Integration of Women into Industrial Development

Meanwhile, ESCWA and the International Centre for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA) are organising a three-day regional workshop to address issues of agricultural risk management in the Western Asia and Noreth Africa

(WANA) region. Entitled "Agricultural Risk Management," the workshop will be held at the Marriott Hotel from Oct. 31 to Nov. 2. Participants include experts and policymakers from Egypt, Ethiopia, Iraq, Jordan. Pakistan, Sudan, Syria and Tunisia.

The workshop aims to provide a forum for experts and policy-makers to discuss and propose future strategies to incorporate risk in traditional planning and policy formulation processes. Specifically, participants will characterise risk and uncertainty in the diverse agricultural systems of WANA; identify potential

applications' needs and data

requirements; and establish and/or continue communication among WANA scientists interested in risk analysis and risk management.

In addition, the following issues will be taken up in greater detail during the workshop, in view of the lack of research on risk analysis in the national programmes within WANA:

- Incorporating weather variability into agricultural production.

 Incorporating risk into supply response analysis of field crops.

 Irrigation decision and risk analysis. Accounting for risk in enterprise budgets.

Evaluating the effectiveness of prevailing agricultural policies to reduce risk. Crop insurance.



UKRAINIAN-JORDANIAN MANUFACTURING: Ministry of Industry and Trade Secretary General Mohammad Smadi (left foreground) Sunday inaugurates Jordanian-Ukrainian refrigerator manufacturing plant at the Sahab Industrial City. According to Fawzi Khalil, commercial manager of the joint firm which owns the plant, the establishment is designed to produce 30,000 refrigeralors annually to be marketed in Jordan and some Arab states. The \$2 million firm, which started trial production in

September, will provide jobs for 70 Jordanian engineers and technicians, in addition to a small number of Ukrainian experts will gradually be replaced by Jordanians, said Mr. Khalil in a statement at the manguration ceremony. He said that the plant will manufacture a variety of models and sizes of refrigerators. According to Mr. Khalil, the Ukrainian firm, Nord, the partner in the firm, has 30 years experience in manufacturing refrigerators and has been exporting its major home appliances to European markets (Petra photo)

# European Commission is off to shaky start

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — trade negotiations on behalf Jacques Santer's incoming of the EU, quickly European Commission seems headed for a shaky new year start after a carve-up of responsibilities made one of its most senior figures. Sir Leon Brittan, hint that he might

An all-day meeting Saturday in Mr. Santer's native Luxembourg ended with agreement on who among the enlarged 21-member Enropean Union (EU) executive should do what when it takes office in January.

But Santer, who is replacing outgoing veteran Commission President Jacques Delor of France, created a furore by stripping Mr. Brittan, the British government's senior commissioner, of his most prized job, that of bringing Eastern Europe into

Under the agreed portfolios, Sir Leon would retain responsibility for world trade and relations with industrialised countries and the key economies of Asia. But responsibility for Eastern Europe, the key policy issue facing the expanding EU, was given to Dutchman Hans

Sir Leon, known for his

announced he was pondering his future in Brussels.

"I am considering the position that has arisen... I don't think I have anything to add at the moment." he told re-

EU sources said Sir Leon. who had offered to give up all his other responsibilines to retain the Eastern Europe role, was expected to decide this week if he should stay

Apart from the head-on clash with Sir Leon, Mr. Santer's first big test since being chosen in July hy EU member states as president pleased most of his colleagues and member states.

Yves-Thibault de Silguy of France was put in charge of economic and monetary affairs, including the EU's plans for a single currency. His colleague, former Socialist Prime Minister Edith Cresson, was given responsibility for research and industrial competitiveness.

The relative importance of the two portfolios was expected to assuage some French concern that Paris would lose inflnence on the

he has held for 10 years. Germany's Martin Bange-

mann was given the new post for which he had lobbied, keeping industrial policy and gaining information technology and telecommunications.

Mario Monti, a respected

Italian economist and head of Milan's Bocconi Business School, was put in charge of both the EU's single market and its tax-harmonisation

Manuel Marin of Spain re-tained responsibility for relations with Latin America and parts of Asia and was put in charge of Mediterranean

With France, Spain has been arguing there should be more balance in the EU's relations with non-member Mediterranean countries given the overwhelming focus on Eastern Europe.

Mr. Santer also handed out jobs to four commission nominees from countries due to join the union on Jan. 1. Austria's Franz Fischler was given the important agriculture portfolio which absorbs a huge bite of the EU's annual hadget and Finald's Errki Liikanen was

given responsibility for the budget and for personnel.

Anda Gradin of Sweden got immigration and indicial affairs and Thorvald Stoltenberg, a Norwegian career diplomat who has been United Nations negotiator in former Yugoslavia, was put in charge of fisheries. Swedes vote in a referendum on membership on Nov. 13 and Norwegians in a similar poll on Nov. 28.

The British government late Saturday faulted Mr. Santer for his distribution of portfolios after it was announced that Sir Leon would no longer he responsible for Eastern Europe.

"We understand that Mr. Santer has an impossible task, a government spokes-man said.

"But we think he has not made the best use of the talent available. We also understand Sir Leon's disappointment that his experience in Eastern Europe has not been used, but it is vitally important that the trade portfolio remain in capable hands, which of course it has."

The head of the Socialist group in the European Union parliament said Sunday Sir "spoilt child" in threatening to resign over being stripped of the eastern Europe port-

"He is behaving like a spoilt child," Labour Party MP Pauline Green said in a communique, in reacting Sir Leon's threat to resign Saturday following a decision by Mr. Santer to strip him of the Eastern Europe portfolio.

"Sir Leon Brittan is clearly motivated by personal greed and ambition," Ms. Green said. "He is not prepared to be a team player.

"This is absolutely typical of the way the British Tories refuse to be part of the team in Europe," she said. "It is time John Major said to Leon Brittan 'stop playing games, this is the British influence that is at stake, accept the portfolio and get ou with your work."

Socialists have the largest number of seats (198) in the European Parliament, and British Labour Party MPs are the most numerous among

The European Parliament is to swear in the new 21member commission in



MISS BANGLADESH: Miss Bangladesh, Anika Taher (right) poses with Miss Romania, Loena Voicu at Sun City, South Africa, before the Miss World Pageant on Nov. 19. Ms. Taher, a 21-year-old college student, is set to become Bangladesh's first contestant in the world beauty pageant, Bang-ladeshi newspapers said (AFP photo)

# **EU opens door for East Europe**

BRUSSELS (R) — Eastern Europe's integration with the West gears up a notch Monday when foreign ministers from six former Communist states sit down with their European Union counterparts to discuss EU mem-

Spurred by Germany's de-sire to see stability in its eastern neighbours, the EU decided to devote most of a regular meeting of its foreign ministers to the visitors from Poland, the Czech Republic. Slovakia, Bulgaria, Romania and Hungary.

All six countries deeply wish to join Western institutions, including the EU, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and the Western European Union, the EU's nascent detence arm.

"We want full membership before the end of the century... to be able to respond to the challenges of the 21st century." Hungarian Foreign Minister Laszlo-Kovacs told reporters during a trip to Brussels on Oct. 19.

Monday's meeting, to be held in Luxembourg, is aimed at finding out what can be done now to start hringing the East European states into the bloc. The EU currently has 12 members but plans, if all goes well in referendums in Sweden and Norway next month, to expand to 16 early next year. Austrian and Fin-

nish voters have already

accepted the membership question. The importance of the Eastern Europe issue to the EU was underlined Saturday hy a row over who would be responsible for eastern enlargement on a new European Commission, the EU's executive body, which takes

office in January. In the event, the joh went to Dutchman Hans Van Den

The EU has already agreed to the concept of membership for the East Europeans anddecided at a foreign ministers meeting in Bansin, Germany, in September to set up regular meetings with them. Monday's meeting will be the highest level so far.

One senior EU diplomat, calling the session "a hig first." emphasised that it had been designed for "real polirical dialogue" in contrast with the rather formal meetings held previously at lower

The areas under discussion range from the broad, such as views on the former Yugoslavia, to the narrow, including how EU aid programmes

Germany, the current holder of the EU's six-month rotating presidency, is pulling out all the stops to get the eastern enlargement ball rolling between now and the end of this year.

With one eye on the French and Spanish EU presidencies that follow it. Bonn wants to use its EU summit in the western German city of Essent on Dec. 9 and 10-to show that the process of East European integration is inevitable, another diplomat

# Ghali urges Armenia to pull troops out of Azerbaijani territory

BAKU (AFP) — U.N. U.N. secretary general.

Secretary General Bourgs A ceasefire brokered by Ghali called on Armenia Sunday to withdraw its troops from Azerbaijani territory while hinting at possible United-Nations involvement in a peacekeeping plan to sepa-

rate the warring republics. At the start of a threenation tour to the Transcaucasus, Dr. Ghali said in an open meeting with Azerbaijani Foreign Minister Gasan Gasanov in the capital Baku, he "will reiterate the United Nations' position which is: The territorial integrity of the member states and the immediate withdrawal of Armenian troops from Azerbaijani territory.

On his first visit to Azerbaijan since it gained independence three years ago, Dr. Ghali was given a tough introduction to the results of the republic's six-year war with neighbouring Armenia over the disputed territory of Nagorno-Karabakh, when he visited the Allee Shakhidov war cemetry, located on a hill above Baku overlooking the Caspian Sea.

"I've lost my son, I don't want any more fighting — I want peace," an Azeri woman dressed in hlack, standing next to her son's gravestone, tearfully told the at a possible U.N. role in the

Russia has held for six months in Karabakh, an enclave situated inside Azerbaijan hut populated hy an ethnic Armenian majority, which has raised hopes of a settlement to the conflict.

A Russian proposal to send its own peacekeeping troops to Karahakh has heen consistently ruled out by Azerbaijan which fears a Russian force would merely cement the republic's territorial Azerbaijan's pressure on

the Conference for Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), to deploy an "international" peacekeeping force to separate the warring sides in Karabakh, appears to have paid off after the CSCE proposed a 1.600-2,000 strong peacekeeping force earlier this month — the first in the CSCE's short history.

Dr. Ghali said the CSCE's lack of peacekeeping experience should "not be an obstacle to a presence of the CSCE to solve the situation (in

Karahakh)." The secretary general affirmed the United Nations would assist the CSCE-sponsored peace plan and hinted proposed peacekeeping op-Nations would "participate in a real presence on the

ground.' U.N. representative to Azerhaijan Mahmoud Al Said said the United Nations would provide "technical help" for any CSCE peacekeeping effort but it was not yet clear what form this would take.

But standing in the way of a peace agreement is Armenia's continued refusal to evacuate the strategically vital Lachin "corridor" and the town of Shushi.

Lachin forms a vital land link between Armenia and the disputed territory while Shushi, situated above the Karabakh capital of Stepanakert, was used to rain shells and rockets on the latter's Armenian inhabitants imtil it was eaptured hy Armenian forces in 1992.

Foreign Minister Gasanov urged Dr. Ghali to raise the issue of Lachin and Shushi with the Armenian government when he travels to Yerevan next week.

An Azerhaijani Foreign Ministry spokesman said, "...Without Lachin or Shushi, it (a peace agree-ment) will not be possible."

# At least 26 killed in 2 Siberian air crashes

MOSCOW (R) - At least 26 people were killed in two separate air crashes in remote parts of Siheria over the weekend, reviving concern about the safety record and airworthiness of Russia's

ageing fleet of aircraft. The Russian Ministry for Emergencies said Sunday 21 people died when a fourengined Antonov AN-12 crashed north of Irkutsk and five people were killed when a single-engined Antonov AN-2 crash-landed in the far

eastern region of Yakutia. The crashes, which both happened Saturday, were the fifth and sixth in the region in what is rapidly becoming a very hlack year for the coun-

try's fledgling airlines.
A total of 287 people have died in the accidents. The two planes, obsolete brought into service in the

propellor-driven aircraft first years after World War II. belonged to two of the more than 300 smaller airlines set up since the break-up of the former Soviet flag carrier Aeroflot in 1992. Many of the new airlines

are too small to be viable and lack the means to maintain their often ageing aircraft. To make m the intense pressure to keep

planes working for as long as possible makes it tempting to ignore the rule-book and cram aboard as large a payload as possible. A spokesman for the

Emergencies Ministry said only 10 people were registered as being on board the AN-12 cargo plane, which crashed on approach to the airport at Ust-Ilimsk, 620 kilometres north of the Siberian city of Irkutsk.

The four-propellor aircraft was two kilometres from the runway when it veered off course and started to disintegrate in mid-air. Within seconds it caught fire and smashed into a hill.

Russian News Agency (RIA). in an unconfirmed report from Ust-Ilimsk, quoted an investigator as saying pilot error could have been to blame. Investigators had found all four of the plane's "hlack box" flight recorders, RIA said.

The plane was carrying 12 tonnes of cargo, including four cars, and was on its way from Yuzhno-Sakhalinsk on the Far Eastern island of Sakhalim to Yermolino in the Kaluga region near Moscow. the agency added.
The AN-12... once the

workhorse of the armed forces, has been in service since 1957.

The International Airline Passengers Association (IAPA) warned its members in April not to fly in or over the former Soviet Union, citing "overloaded airplanes, lack of cockpit discipline, pilot error, ageing aircraft."

A month earlier an Aeroflot Airbus A-310 crashed into a wooded hillside near Novokuznetsk with the pilot's son at the joystick, killing 70 people. In the second accident

Saturday, four adults and a child died when the engine of their AN-2 plane caught fire shortly after take-off. The plane turned hack to

the town of Bagatai, 680kilometre north of Yakutsk, but crash-landed and hurned. The nine survivors were taken to hospital. Charles never said he didn't love Diana — author

# Hosokawa disbands to unite opposition

TOKYO (R) — The maverick party that two years ago set off Japan's biggest politi-cal upheaval since World War 11 committed ritual suicide Sunday by disbanding in the interests of opposition

The Japan New Party (JNP) used its first and final national convention since its May 1992 founding to formalise plans to merge into a large political force that leaders hope will complete the overhaul of Japan's political

"We didn't form the JNP to start a 50 or 100-year dynasty, but to be a child of the era and a limited, projectoriented party," its leader, former Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa, told the Tokyo gathering.
"The JNP is not disappear-

ing, it's moving forward." Mr. Hosokawa said the party was "constructively destructing" in the next stage of a political realignment process that began last year when the JNP and its allies.

ended the 38-year rule by the

Liberal Democratic Party

(LDP). Ten parties of the non-Communist opposition, in-cluding the JNP, have set Dec. 10 as the day they form a new party to take on the ruling coalition of the LDP, the Socialist Party of Prime

Minister Tomiichi Murayama and the New Party Sakigake. Hosokawa accused the ruling coalition of "lacking the courage to undertake thorough reforms" and returning

wa's JNP, which enjoyed a meteoric rise by championing neglected urban voters and consumers, is a victim of its success in destroying Japan's political order.

achievement during his eightmonths as prime minister of a wohhly eight-party coalition toral system to introduce endemic corruption.

Despite approval ratings of 80 per cent, Mr. Hosokawa resigned last April over claims of illegal personal financial dealings.

cial-interest-hacked candithe post system.

In the new winner-take-all contests, small parties like the INP have no choice but to merge with larger groups. Bigger parties also receive more sizeable public campaign funding.

Japanese politics to corrupt years of the past. Ironically, Mr. Hosoka-

Mr. Hosokawa's crowning

was the passage of laws to completely overhaul the elecmore competition and curb

His reforms replace a complicated multi-seat constithency system, in which spedates with just over 10 per cent of the vote could win parliamentary seats, with a highly competitive first-past-

The opposition alliance has been slow to get off the ground, hampered by personal rivalries among its three former prime ministers and differences between support groups ranging from labour unions to consumers to the religious right.

### S. Korean pedals 229 days to visit brother

GENEVA (AFP) - A 2 year-old South Korean who pedalled 229 days through eight countries to visit brother in Switzerland was given a hero's welcome upon his arrival in the southern town of Bluche at the weekend. Bosik Lee said he had wanted to visit his brother for three years. After two years of training he embarked on his bicycle journey in Seoul eight mouth ago. He travelled through China, Tibet, Nepal, Pakistan, Iran, Turkey and Greece before his bike was stolen in Athens. He purchased another bicy cle, boarded a boat to Italy, and continued his trek. He finally got to see his brother Saturday and was taking a few days' rest before heading home via the United States and Australia - by bike.

### Nigeria relaunches war on garbage

LAGOS (AFP) — The Nigerian military government relaunched a nationwide was on garbage, which has piled up along major roads, and arrested dozens of people who refused to take part in a clean-up. In Lagos, at least 25 people arrested during a three-hour cleaning exercise were either fined or given prison terms, the official News Agency of Nigeria (NAN) reported here. Similar punishment was meted out to defaulters in other parts of the country, the agency said. Mountains of refuse block some of the nation's major roads and drains, in some cases making human and vehicular traffic impossible. The government has promised to impose existing laws, calling for imprisonment or fines, on those who breach environmental laws. The aim of the clean-up campaign, promoted through the media, is to ensure that plagues and epidemic diseases currently afflicting some African countries do not get to Nigeria, said Information Minister Jerry Gana. The campaign was originally launched in 1984 under Muhammadu Buhari but"was abandoned shority after his regime was ousted the following year by general Ibrahim Babangida.

### Debutantes in French dressing resurface

PARIS (R) - France's bud-

ding high-society queens staged a defiant comeback at the weekend, stepping ont at the first debutante ball for decades. Thirty-one young women from wealthy families put on a fashion show Saturday night, showing off haute couture of the likes of Christian Dior and Yves Saint Laurent, before launching into the first waltz with their cavahers. In a capital bereft of debutante balls for years, the event at the gilded Hotel de Crillon resuscitated the pomp of the Ancien Regime, the political and social system of France before the 1789 revolution. One of its last monarchs, Louis XVI, was beheaded nearly on the Place de la Concorde. Chang-ing times and the 1968 student-led upheaval, when the "debs" died out, left their mark on the Paris revival. In a break with a tradition born across the channel in the 18th century under King George III. many of the sophisticates aged from 16 to 21 were not the offspring of aristocrates. "Debs" included the daughters of magnates like Bernard Arnault, chairman of the world's leading luxury goods maker LVMH (of Moet champagne and Christian Dior fame), and of former Foreign Minister Jean-Bernard Raimond. Foreigners included the daughters of Britain's Viscount Astor and Belgian financer Albert Frere. Nor were there any crowned heads for them to curtsey to. "These girls are from great families. They may not be noble but why shouldn't they have a chance to come out in this way? said Jacques Mouclier, president of the French Stylists' Federation. The outfits they modelled, chiefly ball and cocktail dresses, were in everything hut the white dictated by tradition. In another hreak with established canon, the waltzes were soon overpowered by booming discomusic. And few dehs saw the halls as the chance to meet the man of their lives. "There s no recipe for finding a prince charming, said 17year-old Spaniard Alejandra Salinas, who is studying Russian in Paris.

### Zambia's Kaunda seeks political comeback

Winning the first multi-

party Democracy (MMD).

LUSAKA (R) — Zambia's former President Kenneth Kaunda, one of the stalwarts of Africa's anti-colonial drive, has announced his return to politics three years after being driven from power in a resounding election defeat.

"I have come hack. I am back. There is a crisis in Zambia. This country can hreak into pieces unless we do something about it," Kaunda told a Lusaka political rally Saturday.
"I find I cannot stand by

and .watch, it is incumbent upon me to make my humble contribution. That is why I have accepted the call 10 come back," said Mr. Kaunda, who is 70. His announcement came

two days before the Monday

anniversary of his over-

whelming defeat by current

President Frederick Chiluba

and his Movement for Multi-

party elections in Zambia in two decades, Mr. Chiluba inherited a country on the economic ropes, dependent on goodwill and economic handouts for survival. Its nine million people staggered under the world's highest per capita foreign

Mr. Chiluha's programme to revive the shattered economy is backed by the Internanonal Monetary Fund and Western donors hut has caused considerable hardship

for ordinary Zamhians. He has cut food subsidies to reduce government's budget deficit, and is working on reducing government's 80 per cent hold on the economy and increasing private-sector participation to boost pro-

duction and create jobs. Mr. Kaunda, who ruled Zamhia from independence from Britain in 1964 and retired from politics in 1992 after his electoral defeat the previous year, has held rallies around the country in recent weeks to assess his support. But the United National

Independence Party (UNIP) he founded in 1958 has said he would have to submit to a party vote to regain its leadership. Under Zambia's current constitution an independent candidate cannot run for the state presidency.

The next elections must be held hy October 1996. The MMD currently holds anoverwhelming 150 seats in the national assembly and UNIP 25. Many political observers say Mr. Kaunda, who was

praised for his graceful

acceptance of defeat in 1991,

has little to offer Zamhia

politically or economically by

seeking office again.

LONDON (R) - Britain's future king, Prince Charles, never said he did not love his estranged wife Princess Di-

ana, royal biographer Dimb-leby said Sunday. In the latest episode of the country's long-running palace soap opera, he said this assertion was pure distortion by

tahloid newspapers. Prince Charles was widely quoted as saying he was pressured into a loveless, failed marriage by bullying father Prince Philip, while still infatuated with old flame Camilla Parker-Bowles, an army officer's wife.

Mr. Dimbleby's forthcoming book says Prince Charles and Camilla had three separate affairs, two before he married and the third when he felt his marriage had

broken down permanently. Princess Diana was reported crushed to learn that he never loved her at the time of their fairvtale wedding. The beautiful aristocrat and long-time royal hachelor had seemed a perfect match.
Prince Charles and Prin-

cess Diana had two sons hut the marriage foundered and they formally separated in December 1992, hut lawyers for both have denied they plan to divorce next year. His reported remark fuelled criticism in Britain that the future King Charles III was unsuited to be monarch in succession to his mother Queen Elizabeth.

Mr. Dimhlehy's defence of Prince Charles apparently placed him at odds with the Sunday Times, serialising excerpts of his book which caused a sensation in Britain. The bombshell biography

has catapulted the 1,000year-old monarchy into the worst crisis in decades.

Newspapers say the royal family has become a laughing stock and there are repeated calls for a head of state in a Republican system. A new London theatre comedy shows the monarchy toppled and banished to a crime-ridden, public housing estate.

Two weeks ago, publishing the first extract, the paper hanner-headlined its frontpage: "Charles: My agony after heing forced into a loveless marriage — authorised hiography reveals ultimatum

from Prince Philip." Mr. Dimbleby, whose book is published next week, spent two years following and interviewing the prince, 46 on

"It is not in the book. It was not in the extracts. So far as I know he's never said it. I never attributed that to him. I have never heard anyone say that of him. It was not inferred in the book in any way," Mr. Dimhlehy told BBC Television.

The latest instalment quotes Prince Charles as saying singer Barbra attractive with great sex appeal" and that he admired actress Joan Collins's

cleavage.
Prince Charles said he found hunting as an "excit-ing, challenging, extraordinary thrill" and said the vast royal family would have to be scaled down if it was to retain public support. Mr. Dimhlehy said: "I

have heen astonished hy

some of the interpretation of

what I have written in the

book and what was published in the Sunday Times." Mr. Dimblehy said the

allegations that Prince Philip bullied his son into marrying Princess Diana, now 33, had also been distorted. "What he said was 'make up your mind'," Mr. Dimb-

leby said. "Another major lie that has been picked up not only. I have to say, in tabloid press and therefore spread widely but even allegedly serious commentators in allegedly serious papers have used this stuff, just picked it up as if it were the truth, to then com-

ment adversely on him." Mr. Dimbleby said it was just this sort of coverage that had convinced Prince Charles to make the unprecedented step of spending his life to the

"For many years his life was covered by particular tabloid newspapers on the basis of innuendo, concoction, assumption, distortion and frequently downright lies." Mr. Dimhlehy said. "I think that the decision

he made was a gamble. But if he had stayed silent forever. he was not just being slowly assassinated by the papers... he was being killed off." Mr. Dimhlehy said Prince Charles was being unfairly pilloried by British and fore-

ign newspapers.

able man that I think personally would make a very good king," he said.
The Sunday Times on Oct. 16. quoting the prince as saying "how could I have got it all so wrong?", said the

book "makes clear he was

"He is a decent, honour-

never in love with Diana and felt he had to propose after he came under pressure from his father."

Angeles Monday, during which he will visit projects set up to regenerate deprived inner-city areas in the wake of the 1992 race riots. The heir to the British throne, who was invited by the mayor of Los Angeles and the governor of Califor-

Meanwhile, Prince Charles

begins a five-day visit to Los

the scene of the worst rioning. He will visit a special centre attempting to get youngsters from "at risk" zones back into the mainstream educational system, as well as a training centre for deprived youths to help find work in the car industry, and a farm

nia. will concentrate on

South Central Los Angeles,

school. The Prince of Wales has long shown a keen interest in social problems in urban

His foundation, the Prince of Wales Trust, regroups associations which give out grants, help in job-finding, support those in housing need and engage in other charitable works. The trust has an annual budget of more than £32 million (\$50 milbion), a staff of 470 and nearly

In Los Angeles the prince will be a special guest at a cultural festival. attending the premiere of British film director Kenneth Branagh's latest film. Frankenstein. The festival, United King-

dom-Los Angeles, opened on

Sept. 7 and closes on Nov.

9,000 unpaid volunteers.

odstained; Lankan of



French U.N. peacekeepers patrol the demilitarised zone (DMZ) on Mount Igman, south of

### Mozambique's Chissano wins 1st poll count

MAPUTO (R) - Election officials waded through piles of ballots Sunday following Mozambique's first multiparty polls, with President Joaquim Chissano winning overwhelmingly the first result from a pro-government

The independent National Electoral Commission (CNE) estimated that 90 per cent of 6.4 million voters in the southern African nation of 16 million people cast ballots.

International observers called it a great success and a lesson io democracy for Africa after fears that 75 per cent illiteracy, logistical problems and a short-lived boycott by the main opposition RE-NAMO movement might sow

"The people of Mozambique provided us a lesson in democracy... this process was a great sign for the rest of Africa," said Italian churchman Don Mateo Zuppi.

Mr. Zuppi helped negotiate 1992 peace accords that ended 16 years of civil war between Afonao Dhlakama's RENAMO and Mr. Chissa-no's FRELIMO.

Counting began after polls in the three-day presidential and parliamentary elections closed at 6 p.m. Saturday. The first result to reach Reuters came from Massaca,

a village in pro-government Boane district 30 kilometres west of Maputo, where Mr. Chissano and FRELIMO won resoundingly.
Under lamp light, officials

counted 518 votes, representing a 91 per cent turnout at polling station 6391, Mr. Chissano took 510 votes, or 82.5 per cent, against 17 for Mr. Dhlakama and 21 split among other 10 presidential

In the race for the 250-seat National Assembly, FRELI-MO took 421 votes while the Democratic Union Coalition

of three small opposition parties placed secood with 27 votes. RENAMO got 17.

Before the elections opened Thursday, political analysts had predicted victory for Mr. Chissano in the presidential race, while RE-NAMO was expected to give FRELIMO a run for its money in the parliamentary

Manuel Frank, spokesman for the Electoral Commission, said that due ot the lahorious process of checking ballots in a country with a shattered infrastructure, complete results might not be known for two weeks.

British politician Sir David Steel, observing the elections as part of a European Parliament delegation, said the virtual lack of incidents was remarkable for a country emerging from civil war. "It went fantastically," he told reporters.

### Sinn Fein predicts early talks with U.K.

LONDON (Agencies) -Talks between Sinn Fein, the political wing of the Irish Republican Army, and the British government could start in two or three weeks' time, a senior Sinn Fein offi-

cial said Saturday.
"I think discussions will take place between Sin Fein and representatives of the British government over the course of the next two to three weeks. I think that is now inevitable," Martin McGuinness, number two in Sinn Fein, told Britain's

GMTV. Then we can move to a position where the British government and the Dublin government can bring about all-party talks for all the parties to be involved in the search for the final solution,"

he added. British Prime Minister John Major has said he accepts an IRA ceasefire declared at the end of August as permanent and that government officials can now, as promised, include Sinn Fein in talks on the future of the

province. But British officials have always spoken of a threemonth waining period.

What is needed now urgently is that we move forward to dialogue, to roundtable negotiations with all the parties at the heart of this conflict involved in a search for a solution for lasting peace in Ireland." Mr.

McGuinness said. "I expect this will happen very soon. It would happen an awful lot quicker if the British government had a will to move the situation forward much quicker than it has done until now."

Armed Protestant extremists have declared their own ceasefire, bringing the strongest hopes of peace to the province since the current round of "the troubles"

started 25 years ago.

But the British weekly newspaper, the Observer, said on Sunday the IRA was maintaining a high state of readiness.

Quoting authoritative police sources in Northern Ireland and anti-terrorist IRA teams were gatheriog information on potential targets and then mounting dummy attacks.

"Intelligence and surveillance reports confirmed that the 1RA's active service units remained in a 'high state of readiness'. the paper added.

A Northern Ireland delegation linked to Protestant paramilitary groups returned to Belfast Saturday after a one-week visit to the U.S. marked by a historic handshake with Irish President Mary Robinson in New

Activists for non-violence turned out in a protest at the airport to meet the delegation, which included men

who had served prison nime for murder and terrorist acts. They were marking their opposition to continued punishments inflicted by the paramiliary groups on members of their own community despite the current ceasefire declared by both Catholic and Protestant leaders in

Progressive Unionist Party leader Gary McMichael said that the U.S. visit had been very beneficial" and provided the Protestant cause with "more than understand-

The trip made it more difficult for "Sinn Fein (to) dominate the political agen4 da," be said.

The delegation met Ms. Robinson, who is still in the U.S., in New York Friday for courteous handshake. hailed as "historic" by the London and Dublin press. To Northern Irish Protestants. strictly opposed to a unified Ireland, Ms. Robinson is

seen as a "foreign" leader. "I have spoken about the shift of consciousness in Northern Ireland and the island of Ireland," Mrs. Rohinson said on ITE Irish Radio. "It has symbolic significance in that context: It is the shift of consciousness."

An 1RA bomh abandoned prior to Republican movement's Sept. 1 ceasefire, was discovered and defused Saturday by the British army and police, security services

The bomh comprised a detonator and 1.5 kilogrammes (3.3 pounds) of Semtex, an extremely powerful explosive only the Irish Republican Army possessed in Northern Ireland.

It was discovered by workes in a sports bag abandoned in a sewer in Dungannon, central Northern Ireland. Several streets were evacu-

ated for more than three hours while the bomh was defused.

# Bosnia Serbs defy U.N., shell Muslim towns

SARAJEVO (R) — Bosnian Serb gunners fighting to stem an offensive by Muslim-led Bosnian government troops pounded two Muslim towns in the Bihac pocket of northwestern Bosnia Sunday with artillery fire.

U.N. peacekeepers reported heavy fighting around Serb-held Bosanska Krupa on the edge of the pocket where the Muslims are thought to have trapped units of the Bosnian Serb Army (BSA).

It was not clear whether the government forces were trying to take the town. evacuated by most of its women and children, or the BSA had launched an expected counter-attack.

But U.N. spokesman Michael Williams said in Zagreh: "It seems to be more the resumption of the (Muslim) offensive as Serbs have difficulty forming new lines."

A U.N. source in the Bihac enclave and Muslim-controlled Sarajevo Radio said the RSA shelled the towns of Bihac and Cazin overnight and during the morning. There was no word of casual

The bombardment was not confirmed by official U.N. spokesmen who were awaiting reports from military

observers in the field. It defied a warning to the Serbs by the United Nations Protection Force (UNPRO-FOR) against taking revenge on Muslim civilians for defeats suffered in attacks by the Bosnian army's Fifth

Bihac town, though not the much larger enclave, is a Muslim safe haven under U.N. protection. Serb forces attacking it risk strikes by line to former Yugoslavia. NATO warplanes under

tougher new rules agreed by the alliance and peacekeepers. Muslim troops swept south from the Bihac pocket last week to capture around 200 disastrous politically."
UNPROFOR's Colonel square kilometres of Serb soil and threaten Bosanka Krupa

on THe Una River. Thousands of Serb civilians fled their homes, some to the rebel Republic of Serb Krajina (RSK) in neighbouring Croatia. The BSA sent Deputy

targets with air strikes.
The Serbs killed a child Commander General Milan Gvero to the region to prepare an expected counterattack after Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic ordered the mobilisation of all men of fightiog age.
The Muslim thrust which near the capital.

began in the northwest in mid-week spearheaded a wider offensive that also re-vived fighting in central Bosnia and around Sarajevo. It lifted government morale hy inflicting the worst

defeat of the war on the BSA which appears to be stretched on more fronts than it can defend despite its superiority advantage. in tanks and artillery. Muslim forces are also in

The fighting around Bosanska Krupa began in mid-morning, according to Bangladeshi soldiers de-Saturday. But Col. Lechevalliar ployed in Bihac as peacekeepers who said it was

The twon's loss would be a serious psychological blow to

the Serbs whose military dominance of the 30-month war is crumbling since they lost their main logistical life-

The U.N. source in Bthac, who declined to be named, said the BSA had no option but to counter-attack but added: "You have to question their resources. If they fail, it would be even more

Jacques Lechevallier said peackeeping Commander General Sir Michael Rose and NATO would decide whether to react to the BSA shelling of Muslim civilian

and wounded three other civilians when they shelled the Sarajevo surburb of Hrasnica Saturday, apparently in retaliation for an infantry attack by government forces

The BSA had threatened to shell "selected targets" in Sarajevo unless Gen. Rose stopped the Bihac offensive and dislodged Muslims from a Sarajevo demilitarised

It claimed the attacks proved Muslims abused U.N. safe haven status for military

trouble with UNPROFOR after shelling an observation post manned by French peacekeepers in the zone

admits the U.N.'s efforts to get all Muslim forces out of the zone as the BSA had insisted bad failed.

"We are bere as peacekeepers," he told reporters. "We cannot force the (Muslims) to leave the zone.

Russia would withdraw its peacekeeping troops from the former Yugoslavia if NATO gained ultimate control over whether to use force in the Balkans, Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev was quoted Sunday as saying. NATO Friday approved a new deal with the United

Nations on plans for joint bombing operations in Bosnia. Although NATO offi-cials stressed there would be change in the basic "dual eommand structure kev' under which the alliance supports U.N. decisions, the deal clearly rang alarm belis in the Kremlin.

· Interfax News Agency quoted Mr. Kozyrev as saying he had an understanding with U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali that the dual key principle was not even on the agenda of the talks with NATO.

"If it was a case of abolishing the 'dual key' principle, if the final word handed over to NATO or some other body, and taken from the U.N., then the nature of the peacekeeping operation in Bosnia and Herzegovina would change radically," Interfax quoted him as

Mr. Kozyrev said the Russian upper house of parlia-ment, the Federation Council, would strongly object if the dual key principle were

"I would have to turn to" the upper house of parliament and ask to have our peacekeeping troops re- moved from Bosnia," Mr. Kozyre said. "If there are any significant changes we will weigh them and put thembefore the Federation Council.

. .

Moscow has generally ' backed the west over the '. conflict in former Yugoslavia, despite accusations from Russian hardliners that President Boris Yeltsio and his ! government are selling out to Washington and its allies.

But Russia, a traditional ally of the Serbs, strongly opposes President Bill Clinton's moves to lift a U.N. arms embargo against the Bosnian Muslims.

Mr. Kozyrev, speaking to reporters before leaving Moscow for Morocco to attend a meeting, stressed Russia was extremely concerned about the consequences of lifting the ban. He also criticised the Mus-

hims for launching offensives against Serb positions near Sarajevo, saying they were blatantly stepping up the con-

And in an obvious sideswipe at Washington, he said the Muslims had been encouraged by talk of lifting the

embargo. "The Muslims obviously. think:" If we're talking about lifting the embargo, it means it's time to step up (our) attacks'," the agency quoted him as saying. "This worries" Russia a great deal."

# Burmese junta signals dialogue plans with opposition

BANGKOK (AFP) — Burma's military junta has confirmed its wish to open a dialogue with the opposition through a well-publicised second meeting with detained Nobel laureate Auog San Suu. Kyi, observers say, For three hours Friday,

junta strongman Lieutenant General Khin Nyunt had a "frank and cordial" meeting on political and economic matters with the celebrated political prisoner, according to state-run television.
Footage of the meeting was

broadcast Friday, and Burma's three state-run newspapers were snapped up Saturday by people eager to learn about the talks, although reports were terse.

Details of their discussions were not available. Aung San ing foreign journalists, and the local media is tightly con-

"The people are not exactly jumping with joy, but they are clearly very pleased," a Western diplomat in Rangoon reached by telephone from Bangkok said Saturday, describing the meeting as a 'serious development.

The diplomat noted that Friday's meeting with Aung San Suu Kyi was longer than the first and had. less of the protocol aspects. Observers said that, the

iunta, by holding two meetings with Aung San Suu Kyi since Sept. 20, has cast her in the role of opposition mediator with the military regime that seized power in 1988 after troops crushed massive pro-democracy pro-

State Law and Order Res-

toration Council (SLORC), has been under constant international pressure to free Aung San Suu Kyi, under house arrest since July 1989, and to open dialogue with the opposition.

Despite her detention, her

National League for Democracy won the 1990 general elections, but the junta has refused to accept the results and cede power to civilians. In. 1991 the 49-year-old

daughter, of Burmese independence hero Aung San was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for her nonviolent campaign for democracy in her homeland, ruled by the military for more than 30 years

Over the last few months the SLORC has gradually nomy, devastated by the for-

The new cardinals also

come from Italy, the United

States, Switzerland, Canada,

Lebanon, Japan, Chile, Scot-

land, Mexico, Indooesia,

Belgium, France, Uganda.

Peru, Spain, Madagascar,

Nearly all of the new car-

dinals named by the Polish

current Pontiff rises to more

than 85 per cent of the total

Ecuador, and Germany.

mer dictator Ne Win's selfreliance policies. But the receot 15-year pris-

on term slapped on a Burmese former official at the United Nations, and seven-year terms for three others; for alleged anti-government activities, has underscored '! the junta's refusal to cede. political ground.

Most observers believe the discussions between the junta ma, based on a gradual withdrawal of the military from the political arena and protection of its economic andother interests.

The resumption of normal international aid to Burma has been linked by donors to an improvement in the regimbloodstained rights record.

# Pope puts stamp on church, names new cardinals

ailing Pope John Paul named 30 new cardinals from 24 countries Sunday, seeking to leave his mark on the Catholic Church for decades to

under the Pope, they advise him on the most important church matters and represent

Cardinals, the red-hatted "princes of the church" are the elite who elect a new Pontiff from their own ranks.

The highest-ranking aides the church around the world. One of the new cardinals could eventually succeed the 74-year-old conservative Pontiff, who has shown strains of age and failing health. The new appointments increase the college of Cardinals to 167.

They include prelates from two countries where the church still operates under communism - Cuba and Vietnam - and four countries where communism has fallen: Albania, the Czech Republic, Bosnia, and Belarus.

The Pope announced the appointment of the cardinals to pilgrims and tourists in St. Peter's Square for his weekly Sunday address.

Pope are under 80-years old and therefore eligible to join

the customary secret conclave to choose a successor after his death. The percentage of "cardinal electors" named by the

1177 of 120 set by church law. The . .. others were named by pre- ... vious Popes.

The Pope, still recovering' from surgery to repair a lege., . he broke in a fall last April. said a "coosistory," or ceredinals, will take place at the.; Vatican on Nov. 26.

It will be the sixth consisting tory to create new cardinals. : in the 16-year reign of the .... staunchly conservative Pontiff, who has used nearly every previous appointment to ... consolidate conservatism into the college that will choose his successor.

### Culture clash complicates Cambodia hostage drama

PHNOM PENH (AFP) -Cambodia continued the search Sunday for three Western tourists abducted by Khmer Rouge guerrillas in July, hut without finding either a grave site or proof they were still alive.

Phnom Penh said the hostages should be considered safe until there was proof to the contrary, while Australia, Britain and France feared it was likely their three nationals had been killed.

The differing views highlight a cultural clash which has complicated diplomanc relations in the wake of the government assault on Khmer Rouge hases at Phnom Vour over the past month.

"Bad news makes Cambodians uncomfortable. Their view is, 'until they're seen to be dead, they're alive," one diplomat said.

Cambodian officials, from Co-Premier Prince Norodom Ranariddh on down, argue that Western diplomats and the press prefer bad news to good, and should wait for hard facts before jumping to a conclusion.

Both sides are impariently

cautiously because of mines.

The operation of searching is continuing," Information Ministry spokesman Sieng

awaiting word from Phnom Vour, where government forces were slowly advancing on a grave site defined in grid references by Khmer Rouge defectors last week. "They are moving

Lapresse said Sunday. Government forces were also combing areas west and north of Phnom Vour, where

least initially, following reports they had been spotted moving away from the area in early October. Australian David Wilson. 29, Briton Mark Slater, 28. and Frenchman Jean-Michel Braquet, 27, travelling as tourists, were seized July 26

when guerrillas ambushed

the hostages were held at

their train in southern Kampot province. In Melbourne Sunday. David Wilson's family said they had recent information from "reputable sources" that he was alive and criticised the government for causing them distress by

saying the hostages were Foreign Minister Gareth Evans described the criticism as "without foundation and obviously hurtful to those of us... who have been putting our heart and soul into trying to resolve this issue over the

Guerrillas killed 13 people in the train ambush July 26 and marched a large number of passengers away from the scene.

last three months."

Virtually all the Cambodians have been freed, many in exchange for ransom, but there was no word on the fate of three Vietnamese believed abducted at the same time.

Prince Ranariddh said Friday he held out little hope for the Vietnamese, who were

likely murdered almost immediately hy the Khmer Rouge, rabidly anti-Vietnamese since Hanoi's troops ousted them from power in Phnom Penh in January 1979.

But the Westerners were seen as a valuable commodity. The local guerrilla commander first demanded \$150,000 in gold for their release. But later the Khmer Rouge leadership offered to trade them for political gains,

the group be lifted and that Western nations refrain from supplying military aid to Phnom Penh. The best hope for the hostages seemed to be their use as a bargaining chip, diplomats and government offi-

demanding the official ban on

cials agreed. Neither diplomats nor the government publicly spoke of the possibility the three may have died in government shelling of Phnom Vour which was one of the versions of events provided by guerril-

la defectors in Kampot. The British and French ambassadors and the Australian charge d'affaires, in a hastily-arranged meeting Saturday morning with Prince Ranariddh just before his departure for Beijing. pressed the government to

move with vigor. The government is anxious to resolve the issue, Sieng Lapresse said Sunday after returning from Kampot. "We don't want to be the hostage of the hostages." he said.

Meanwhile, the family of an Australian hostage seized with two companions hy. Khmer Rouge rebels in Cambodia three months ago accused Canberra Sunday of

seeking to wash its hands of the crisis. The family of hostage David Wilson called a news conference here and said they were disgusted by Australian government statements citing reports that the three captives were dead.

Foreign Minister Gareth Evans said in a radio report last week that he had received "very credible" reports the hostages were dead: Prime Minister Paul Keating said that if the reports were true, he wanted to offer the

government's condolences. Mr. Wilson's brother Tim said the family believed the three bostages were still alive and he charged the Australian government with putting its own ambitions and trade relations before their wel-

fare. The family demanded an apology for the distress the statements had caused and urged Mr. Keating and Mr.'-Evans to become directly in-

volved in the crisis. The Wilsons also said the... government had conducted a: 'scare campaign" to prevent the family from speaking to " " reporters or seeking out alternative sources of information in Cambodia.

Our questions have not been answered." Tim Wilson

### Northern Ireland. Bloodstained campaign resumes after Sri Lankan opposition funeral

COLOMBO (Agencies) — Sri Lanka's political parties resumed their bloodstained presidential campaign Sunday after a public funeral for assassinated opposition candidate Gamini Dis-

sanayake led to increased tension. The ruling People's Alliance (PA) of Prime Minister Chandrika Kumaratunga said they were recommencing public rallies after a one-week break following Monday's bombing of Mr. Dissanayake's rally, in which

56 others were also killed. "We are starting our programme today hecause all funerals have now been concluded," a PA spokesman said, adding that Mrs. Kumaratunga, the government candidate for the presidency, was due to address a

few public rallies. Mrs. Kumaratunga's government granted Mr. Dissanayake a public funeral Saturday but boycotted the

cremation, saying they were unable to attend due to the 'atmosphere that prevailed." Angry mourners jeered after Home Minister Amarasiri

Dodangoda and Parliamentary Speaker K.B. Ratnavake failed to turn up to deliver their scheduled orations on behalf of Mrs. Kumaratunga.

Mr. Dissanayake's widow, Srima, and Mrs. Kumaratunga took out full-page advertisements in national weeklies Sunday asking voters to support them at the presidential ballot.

"Sharing the vision. Fulfilling the promise." Mrs. Dissanayake declared while Mrs. Kumaratunga said: "We still need to press on and work for peace, for hope, for our children for a life free of killings and acts of terror.

At the funeral, angry mourners chanted slogans accusing Mrs. Kumaratunga of responsibility in Mr. Dissanayake's death. The opposition United National Party (UNP) has said Tamil Tiger guerrillas carried out

Mrs. Kumaratunga has re-

fused to accept that the Li-

beration Tigers of Tamil Eelam (LTTE), with whom

she opened a peace dialogue

in August, was behind the

assassination, charging that

the suicide bombing.

the killing could he a UNP inside job. Security forces attacked suspected Tamil Tiger guer-

rilla strongholds in northern and eastern Sri Lanka, killing at least nine rebels over the weekend, the military said here Sunday. Political analysts believe that the bombing of Mr. Dis-

sanayake will restrict public

campaigning by Sri Lankan

politicians, who have been

vulnerable to assassinations

in the past six years. A spokesman for Mrs. Dissanayake said she will not attend public meetings but will use the electronic and print media to campaign. But she was expected to address a

Monday. Mrs. Dissanayake was made the UNP presidential nominee following a com-

press conference here

promise. Political analysts doubt that Mrs. Dissanayake will be able to translate a sympathy wave into the half a million votes she needs to defeat the PA of Mrs. Kumaratunga, who herself is a widow.

### fired on White House is charged

Man who

WASHINGTON (R) — A man who fired a hail of bullets at the White House has been charged with unlawful possession of a firearm and damaging government prop-erty, a Secret Service spokes-

man said Sunday.

Authorities say Francisco Martin Duran, a 26-year-old hotel worker from Colorado, lct loose a stream of bullets from an SKS Chinese-made semi-automatic rifle through the iron gates of the White House Saturday afternoon. A spokesman for the Sec-

ret Service, the agency that guards the president, said Mr. Duran would he arraigned Monday before a U.S. magistrate. He has been charged with unlawful possession of a

firearm as a convicted felon and with "willful injury of U.S. government property." The spokesman said that while in the army Mr. Duran had pleaded guilty io 1991 to felony assault and related charges and was sentenced to five years imprisonment at Fort Levenworth Prison in Kansas. He served four years

of his sentence. Although the midafternoon shooting scattered tourist traffic along Pennsylvania Avenue, no one was hurt inside or outside the

White House, officials said. Three rounds struck the mansion and five others hit the adjacent press briefing room, White House Chief of Staff Leon Panetta told reporters. The areas struck hy hullets were cordoned off with police tape and put

under guard. Mr. Panetta and the Secret Service stressed that Mr. Clinton was never in any danger. The president, whose schedule was not interrupted by the incident, told 3,000 people at an Italian-American dinner Saturday night that he was watching college football on television when the sound of the bullets

'blended in with the cheers' of the game. Mr. Clinton joked that he was glad to be back "in the safety and security of the White House" after returning earlier in the day from the violence-plagued Middle

quick thinking by at least two bystanders, who tackled the suspect and held him until help arrived. He said the citizens "did their duty." "He still had a clip in one hand and was trying to reload when he was tackled," said

Nevertheless, he credited

eyewitness Lee Brooks. Federal Bureau of Investigation (FB1) spokeswoman Susan Lloyd said possible charges against Mr. Duran. 26, included attempted assassination, destruction of govemment property and illegal possession of a weapon.

Chairman of the Board of Directors: MAHMOUD AL KAYED

Director General: MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor-in-Chief:

GEORGE S. HAWATMEH Editorial and advertising offices:

Jordan Press Foundation, University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 696183

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

# Peace at certain pace

IT HAS been repeatedly said that launching peace could be even more difficult than waging war. The signing and ratifying of the peace treaty with Israel could be a case in point. To begin with both countries would need time to digest the historic step that they have solemnly undertaken in Wadi Araba Wednesday. The implications of the giant leap into permanent peace between the two sides are clearly many and profound on every level. The biggest obstacle facing the new era is the attempt to recreate a new culture of peace and harmony. Good neighbourliness and cooperation would of course entail the involvement of not only officialdom but also the public. After so many years of separation and hostility, the transition into the new era would surely require patience and perseverance. The national psychology on both sides of the fence cannot be expected to transform completely and overnight from one of animosity and mistrust into an atmosphere of trust. Judging by the experience of Egypt, the pace of consolidating the peace accord between it and Israel has been slow and painful on certain occasions. All the talk about making that peace warmer has yet to materialise. The situation between Jordan and Israel is obviously different. The Egyptian and Israeli peoples are separated by the Sinai desert, a formidable barrier that ended being not only a physical obstacle but also a social, economic and above all psychological one. The links between Jordan and Israel on the other hand are closer in every conceivable way. There is hardly 100 kilometres that separates Amman from Tel Aviv. The border checkpoints are not more than 40-50 kilometres away from the centres of population in either country. Even more relevant could be the positive chemistry that developed between the leaderships and officials of the two states during the course of the peace process. All these facts augur well for cementing a positive tie provided we measure each and every step of the way and act correctly and prosperously. Israel must be presumed to formulate its policies in accordance with its own national interests which may not correspond with ours every step of the way. We have seen how even Arab states bound by common history and culture find themselves at loggerheads on some issues. As long as there are states, they will be driven first and foremost by their own national interests. That is why while welcoming the treaty with Israel we must not jump into hasty conclusions about the process of its implementation on the ground.

### **ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES**

SALEH QALLAB, a columnist in Al Dustour. Sunday described U.S. President Bill Clinton's Middle Eastern tour as successful in that it served the U.S. Democratic Party on the eve of the congressional elections in the United States. Mr. Clinton has proved very skilful in election campaigns and in serving his party's candidates for the coming elections through skilful exploitation of foreign affairs, said the writer. While addressing Parliament in Amman, Mr. Clinton made Muslims feel he is like a sheikh, keen on respecting religion and noting that millions of American Muslims perform their daily prayers in freedom, said the writer. While in Israel, Mr. Clinton sought to win favour of world Jews, especially those in the United States, hy giving promises of further support to Israel. At the same time, the U.S. president was keen on winning the favour of the Christian voters, when he said that he was a devout worshipper and was ahiding by the teachings of his own pastor who advised him to remain faithful to Israel, added Mr. Qallah. Mr. Clinton was very generous in promises to the Arabs and with his eloquence had his audience dreaming of prosperity and the millions of dollars that will be pouring into our region, said the writer. Mr. Clinton has gone hack home now, said the writer, and the audience, especially the Arabs, are still under the spell of the dream that the desert will be blooming soon, and are waiting for the fulfilment of the American president's

TAREO MASARWEH said that the Casahlanca conference, opening Sunday, was of paramount importance, especially as Washington has become convinced of the idea of launching economic schemes to hack the peace process in the Middle East. The columnist, who writes for Al Ra'i daily, said that the Middle East and North Africa economic conference in Casabianca will not tackle projects to be implemented in Jordan but those that could be started in different nations within the region and the priorities that should be made. The meeting could be steering the countries of the region towards the style the United States, Canada and Mexico adopted in organising their economic relations or the style of the European Community, he said.

# Creating a regional environment for peace.

By Dr. S. Farooq Hasanat

A PARALLEL, hut contradictory, developments have in recent weeks progressed in the demanding region of the Middle East. On the one hand, the peace process he-tween the Arabs and the Israelis moved ahead, while the prevailing Iraqi armed movements near the Kuwaiti border presented a different depiction. What we witness today is a mixed promise of a peaceful and prosperous region, closely accompanied hy the fears of mounting domestie conflicts as well as the possibility of limited wars in the future. Furthermore, the continued Israeli occupation of the West Bank and south Lebanon posses further dangers for the initiation of a genuioe peace truce. Io general, the landscape of the region needs a drastic improvement.

A comprehensive peace progress has a long way to cover — the Palestinian/ Israeli adjustments being the most complicated.

On the Jordanian-Israeli front a peace treaty has been signed. The treaty earned Jordan an enhanced prestige in the international community of nations. His Majesty King Hussein, in his address to parliament, on Oct. 23, made it clear that Jordan's role has been highlighted hy the treaty. The King went on to say that Jordan has attained a "significant and central location in the re-He added that the treaty "will enable Jordan to tackle its hasic problems, particularly those of poverty, unemployment, water and elec-

A surprised reaction against the treaty came from Jordan's neighbours, through their rather illogical reservations on the Jordanian-Israeli peace agreement. Apparently, they could not fully comprehend the real essence of the treaty. One can understand their frustration, as they no longer are calling all the shots, but the Palestinian reaction is beyond any comprehension. This came in spite of the fact that the Jordanian government made it clear on a number of occasions that it would provide all possible support to the Palestinians and the Arah people, in their dealing with

the Israelis.

There are many hurdles which the PLO leadership has to cross in order to achieve a minimum of a statehood. It has to concentrate on the vital issues of settlements, autonomy, elections within its own ranks, possession of more territory in the West Bank and above all opening up of a dialogue with other Palestinian groups like Hamas. On the contrary, it selected to create a row on the issue of the legitimate religious rights of the Hashamite rulers of Jordan in Jerusalem. The real aim of the Palestinian leadership should be to demonstrate sufficient preparedness while dealing with the complicated matters of immediate attention. It was expected that the PLO leadership would in all fairness cooperate with the

The other pattern of activity, as mentioned above, has been in the unwarranted Iraqi troop movement towards the Kuwaiti border. Some of the neighbouring countries visualised it as a real threat, especially the Kuwaitis and the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) members. Others reacted with scepticism and considered the reaction of the Western powers, particularly the United States unjustified. Whatever the truth, the unexplainable action of the Ira-

qi leader Saddam Husseio

Jordanian position - a coun-

try which provided it protec-

tion in its time of wilderness.

sent a message across, that there still exist elements of tensions and conflict prone sectors in the region and if given a chance, they might disrupt the tranquillity of the

Various types of conflict situations exist in the region. The area is known for its fault-lines, ranging from the underdevelopment or even decay of the domestic structures; questions of regime support; civil strife, to that of territorial disputes, idiosyncratic hehaviour of some leaders, a rush to acquire armameot and an egoistic struggle to gain a leadership

role in the regional context.

The basic danger that can upset the strategic equilibrium of the region, resides in underdevelopment and decay of political, social and economic structures of many contemporary societies in the Arah Middle East. There is hardly a country, with the exception of Jordan and Lehanon, that can claim the authentic involvement of its people in government through elected representarives. The bosses of these nations decide the fate of the millions on persocal impulses. It has been proven hy past events that most of the confusion in the region originates from the whimsical and egoistic policies of those at the helm of affairs. Intoxicated hy absolute power, some of these leaders venture, outside their borders, for an adventurous course. As witnessed in the past, such action cause serious threats to the security of not only the neighbouring countries hut

for the region as a whole. Another security hazard lies in the unsolved territorial disputes that have created anxious momeots in the recent past. This predicament is prevalent in the Gulf area. in particular. It has been complicated by the inflated accu-

mulation of armament by some of the regional nations. The practice has had adverse effects on the security mat-ters of these entities as it failed to produce the ex-pected results. There is a unanimity of view amongst the Western as well as regional analysts that the weapons transfer, has left some of the oil producers with deficit budgets and little security guarantees for their people. For this, both the importers as well as the suppliers are to be blamed. Such an operation has also encouraged foreign powers to intervene in the regional security mat-

The style of some Arab leaders carries within itself the most precarious psychological problems, which io turn become a major factor towards the disturbance of tranquillity and peace. In the quest to become the self imposed commanders of the 'Arah Nation", they radiate immediate tensions and suspicions amongst the oeighbours. Only mutual understanding would help to create a congenial and friendly atmosphere. On the hasis of a wider vision there has to be a gesture of cooperation, respect for the others and a spirit of a teamwork.

The above mentioned security risks for the Arah Middle East are not difficult to overcome. The area has tremendous resources, talent and a stable cultural base. Through an atmosphere of steady confidence and rational attitudes the regional peace procedures has a fair chance to succeed -- not only in peace making hut also in the more difficult challenge of peace preservation.

The writer is a visiting professor ar the University of Jordan. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times.

# **Human Rights File**

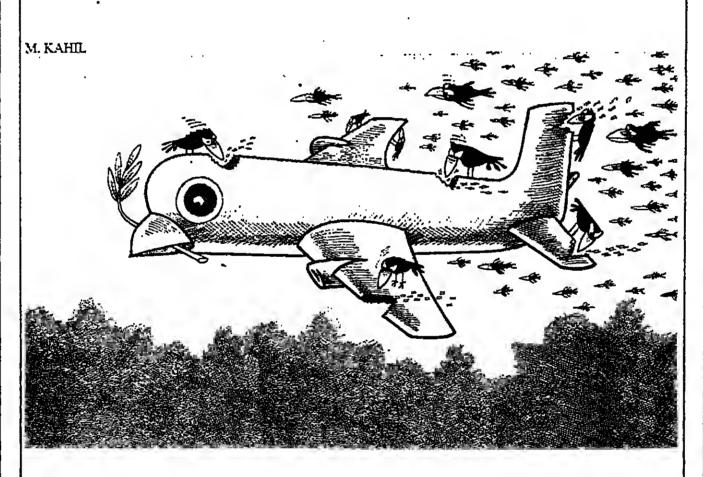
By Walcod Sadi

# The amazing Swiss rate

WHEN SWITZERLAND decided to ratify the Interna-tional Convention Against Racial Discrimination, it had to go to the people for that goal. More than two weeks ago, Bern held a referendum on the issue when some SURIN Swiss signed a petition calling for it in defiance of the government's earlier decision to go ahead with its official decision to accede to that treaty. What is amazing about the Swiss experience was that the vote was so close between those who supported the end of all forms of racial discrimination in accordance with the relevant convention and those who opposed it.

The Swiss people were almost even split on the inwith only a fraction of the voters agreeing to the ratification of the convention. Who ever thought that the Swiss, of all people, would be so evenly divided on an issue that we all thought would unite the people of the earth? All human rights treaties calling for ending discrimination in all its forms are usually adopted with the lease amount of opposition and accession to them also offer the least resistance from the countries worldwide. So what hap-pened in good old Switzerland that hosts the second most important United Nations office outside New York that prevented it from going ahead with its imital plan to become party of the convention against racial discrimina

I for one, doubt that Swiss people in general are anything but for racial discrimination. Switzerland has been a safe haven for refugees fleeing their countries from all corners of the world in search for freedom from oppression. The record of Switzerland on that score is indeed exemplary throughout the past decades. I cannot therefore believe that the Swiss people will ever resist international efforts to eradicate racial discrimination. Many conservative elements within the Swiss society have successfully prevented their successive governments from ever joining the United Nations system out of jealousy, albeit misguided, for their independence and sovereignty in the most absolute terms. No wonder theo that the Swiss people repeatedly refused membership in the European Community even though such membership could realise for them countless economic gains. Against this backdrop, the real reason why many Swiss, about 950,000 out of 2,000,000 who vetted the recent referendum, voted against the ratification of the International Convention Against Racial Discrimination This is attributed to deep inborn Swiss characteristics that are against involvement in international treaties in a legal way. The best evidence of this is the fact that Switzerland is anything but racist. As a matter of fact the Swiss are very tolerant people who made their country a refuge to so many people of different races, cultures colours and



# House of Saud must reform

By Patrick Bishop

THE LATEST Gulf crisis has focused the attention of the West oo the shaky state of its vital ally in the regioo: the Kingdom of Saudi Ara-

King Fahd, 73, the head of the Al Sau'd dynasty, has loog been a sick man and his own frailty is mirroed hy the political and economic ailments of the country.

Saudi Arahia is a machine that runs on money and, after years of profligacy, mismanagement and corruption it is running out. Anger against the rul-ing house has also risen, led hy fundamentalists

preaching puritanism.
On the sidelines, America looks on nervously, uncertain whether to take a hand in the question of who is to succeed the monarch. Historians may look hack on the West's rescue mission in the Gulf war to save Saudi Arahia from President Saddam Hussein of Iraq as a turning point in the country's fortunes.

The bill for the war has been estimated at £40 hillioo, placing a straio on an economy which was already staggering.

The experience forced Saudis to look critically at the royal family. The war proved that despite massive expenditure on arms, it was

incapable of defending itself, necessitating the arriv-al of an army of unbeliev-

Dissent has been growing, culminating last mooth in protests in the central city of Bureida following the arrest of Salman Al Awda, a fuodameotalist preacher who has built up a following hy denouociog corruption and political

repression. Fundamentalist dissidents such as Mohammad Al Massari of the Londonbased Commnittee for the Defence of Legitimate Rights make no secret of the fact that their aim is the removal of the monarchy and its replacement by a theocracy. The situation has concentrated the minds of the royal household, whose members according to the latest historian of the dynasty, Mr. Said Ahurish,

number more than 7,000. Two high family councils were in a most constant session in August discussing how to deal with the crisis.

King Fahd's age, condition and temperament make it unlikely that the kingdom can reform itself in his life-time. "The succession will be the trigget," said Mr. Aburish. "It's natural time for reassess-

The designated heir is Crown Prince Abdullah. 71, the king's half-hrother who is regarded as having elean haods. He has a strong power hase in the National Guard, which is more efficient and reliable than the army, and is

admired as an Arab patriot. But what endears him to some of his countrymen causes unease in Washington, which wants a pro-Western monarch.

One option preferred by the administration is that the succession devolves to a younger, more modern figure such as the Princeton educated Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal. King Fahd's nephew and son of the late King Faisal, who is untainted by corruption.

How the matter will be resolved is unclear. British diplomats believe that were King Fahd to die temorrow, Prince Abdullah would succeed unchallenged, although some believe he faces a possible challenge from the Defence Minister Prince Sultan, King Fahd's

hrother. If the monarchy is to be reformed. The ruling house will have to show a sense of self-denial that has been alieo to it. The wealth generated by oil has dispelled any sense of proportion.

Mr. Ahurish estimates that there are 50 hillionaires in Saodi Arabia. Expenditure on the royal household

amounts of £4.3 hillion out of the kingdom's £28 hillion annual oil revenue.

The successor will also have to accept the inevitability of political reform. After the Gulf war, King Fahd created a consultative council, limited to dehate. As with any delated modernisation, reform risks precipitating the regime's

Any relaxation of authoritarian rule is bound to revive the tensions that in the past were stilled by repressive policing and liberal applications of money.

The kingdom's problems

are not insurmountable. The potential opposition does not form a cohesive

Possession of power and oil means that the dynasty has the means of retrieving the situation. But it would still require drastic mea-

sures, analysts, helieve. There would include the renunciation of significant amounts of wealth, cleaning np corruption and handing over a degree of power. such changes would mean the end of Sandi Arahia as the personal fiefdom of the House of Saud. But if they fail to make them, critics say, it will mean the end of the House o Saud.

Daily Telegraph.

# **LETTERS**

# Religions no answer to heart matters

To the Editor:

THE STORY: He was Christian, she was Muslim and both were Arabs. They met and in no time all they needed was love. Somehow their relationship moved quickly from being a fleeting interest to being a life necessity.

One would expect Christians and Muslims to experience the world differently; yet, in this instance, both families agreed that their relationship must end. To his family the situation was nothing less than an expression of faithlessness. The family insisted that the son would be better off with a Christian. Similarly, her family members suffered from a deep depression, and were overwhelmed by the fact that their own daughter chose to be part of this monstrosity. Their conclusion was direct: an interfaith relationship may be an entertaining possibility in Egyptian soap operas.

but in reality, it can only bring shame and misery. Do religions decide who we ought to love? Are the conservative gurus right when they say: one needs a common background because as time passes love slips away? To most (not all) people who were in love before, the answer to these questions is "ves". They usually warn future fools in love and say: when two people are in love they find looking in each others eyes intoxicating, but received wisdom had told us again and again that what they ought to do is to look in the same direction.

Although there is an air of rationality about these conservative features of the lived-experience of love. Whether we like it or not, individuals lie at the heart of romantic relatiooships; individuals with different ideas, attitudes, desires and moods make and break relationships. Neither religions nor common hackgrounds can guarantee

At, the door step of 1995, our society still, at least in practice, ignores the primacy of the individual even in matters of the heart. And religious, in this situation, cannot provide answers because they are part of the dispute. Therefore, we have to be honest and see that the situation presents us with a true moral dilemma. All involved must stop pretending that there is an objective prescription or solution. Whoever is involved must choose and bear the consequences.

Our story contains a multi-layered conflict, on the one hand between the teachings of two great religions, and on the other between the individual and society. The conflict is also clouded with the ambiguity of love itself. Regrettably, the result is a serious guessing game, parents cling to traditions they vaguely belong to, the young cannot help hut believe that their desires are legitimate, and both feel that they are right.

As they say: Most people find the merry-go-round safe hut some prefer the roller-coaster.

> Ayman Zanous. Ammen.

### CORRECTION

Due to a typographical error, the name of the writer of the letter to the editor "Good times to come," (the Jordan Times, Oct. 30) was misspelt. The correct name is Fawzi

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are sobject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

News

range to sh

# Rights File الكور كغماه

A STATE OF S

- Consta

14 Al 80

.....

100000

- 12 m

....

He answer

ii matters

- - -

# range to show power

bomb the Kuwaiti desert on Tuesday to show Iraq the global reach of U.S. power following recent border tension with the emirte, the U.S. embassy said on Sunday.

The long-range B-1 and B-52 heavy bombers will be taking part in air exercises by more than 100 U.S. warplanes starting at 0800 GMT over Kuwait and the "no-fly" zone in sonthern Iraq below the 32nd Parallel, an embassy ctatement said.

"Air crews will fly air superiority and air-to-ground missions during the man-ocuvres and will refine their skills necessary to suppress enemy air defences and provide close air support for friendly ground forces," it

Iraq massed about 60,000 troops close to the Knwait border earlier this month, apparently to step up pressare for the lifting of economic sanctions imposed after its 1990 invasion.

The United States, Britain and Gulf Arab allies rushed forces including 200 U.S. warplanes to the region to prevent what some feared might be a repeat of Baghdad's invasion and seven month 1990-91 occupation of the oil-producing emirate.

Iraq withdrew its troops and the United Nations parity Council passed a rebarring Baghdad position large amounts of heavy armour in the south.

"Participation of the bombers demonstrates the ability of the United States to respond to aggression hy delivering massive firepower from home bases in a relatively short time," it said,

ing in mid-air bombed the the end of the year.

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Kuwaiti desert on August 2
American warplanes flying from the United States will Iraq's 1990 invasion

Iraq's 1990 invasion.

Diplomats said that on Tuesday the bombers were expected to fly non-stop from the United States but after the exercises would probably head back the way they came and refuel in Europe.

Western powers established the "no-fly" zone after the 1991 Gulf war to protect Shi'ite Iraqi opposition groups which staged a failed rebellion against Baghdad.

Coalition aircraft bave been operating from bases in Saudi Arabia and Furkey since Joint Task Force Sonth-West Asia was established in August 1992 to monitor the

No details were provided about the other aircraft taking part in Tuesday's operations and embassy officials could not be reached for further comment.

The Pentagon announced Thursday it was sending more warplanes and equipment to the Gulf, including two squadrons of A-10 tankkillers ground-attack jets that will be based in Kuwait.

That announcement came the day before President Clinton stopped in Kuwait on a Middle East tour to visit U.S. troops sent to Kuwait earlier this month.

There are 28,300 soldiers. sailors, airmen and Marines in the region now, according to the Pentagon. That total is expected to grow to around 34,000 during military exercises planned over the next few months.

The oil emirate, liberated m February 1991, signed a 10-year defence pact with the United States shortly after the Gulf war.

Similar agreements were In a similar exercise B-52 signed with Britain, France bombers flying non-stop and Russia and another with around the world and refuell- China was expected before

# Israel detains Hamas members

(Continued from page 12)

Student leaders read out a was jeopardising its own fustatement condemning the day, in particular a clause which recognises Jordan's historic role" in administering Mussim shrines in Jeru-

They accused Jordan of having "betrayed the Arab cause by opening the way to an Israeli economic inva-

The protest in Gaza City, in which about 500 students took part, was organised by the students' council linked to the Fateh faction.

On Saturday, 2,000 Palestinians demonstrated against the peace treaty in the Israelioccupied West Bank town of

(Continued from page 12)

Lamari" of "tbreats and calls

After directing special anti-

terrorist forces beginning in September 1992, Gen.

to terror."

An official Iraqi daily warned Snuday that Jordan

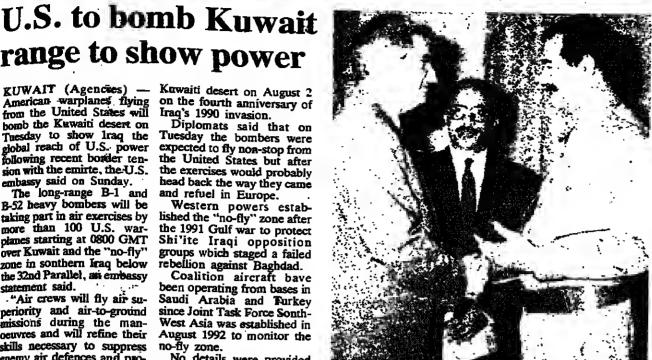
ture and that of the whole treaty signed last Wednes- Arab world because of the peace treaty it signed with

"Those who play an active role in U.S.-Zionist settlements harm the destiny of the Arab World and the future of their country," said the news-paper Babel, which is run by President Saddam Hussein's son Uday.

The editorial by the deputy information minister, Nun Neim Al Marsumi, said Washington's pledges of financial help for regional development, in return for progress in the U.S.sponsored peace process, were "nothing but a mirage." Babel did not refer expli-

citly to the Jordan-Israel trea-

Algerian crisis turns worse



SADDAM MEETS CHEVENEMENT: Iraqi President Saddam Hussein shakes hands with former French Defence Minister Jean Pierre Chevenement on Sunday. Mr. Chevenement resigned from his post to protest the Frenchsupport to an allied military intervention led by the U.S.

### Cellular phone deal signed

participation in the telecom-

But the tender also re-

quired local firms to be

associated with foreign com-

panies with proven experi-

with Motorola sparked con-

troversy as it is listed on the

Arab League's boycott list.

Millieom, which came in

second place after Motorola

in the bidding, has filed a

lawsuit against the govern-

ment for allegedly violating

the Arab boycott and other regulations of the tender con-

In a pre-bid conference

with local investors, the TCC

said foreign operators in-

volved in the hids should not

cellular network and main-

tains manufacturing facilities

Motorola operates Israel's

But observers here say that

he on the boycott list.

The JMTS' association

munications sector.

ence in the field.

ditions.

(Continued from page 1) tial for Jordan, which has an antiquated telecommunica-

tions sector, in its efforts to attract foreign investment and to compete with other countries in the region, especially in peace time. The GSM project, which is

one of the country's largest ventures, is the second to allow the private sector to enter the telecommunications after a radio-paging concession granted four years ago. The project will be im-

plemented in four stages to cover the kingdom; first, the replacement of car telephones and covering the central part of the country; second, the northern part of the country and Aqaba; third, covering the roads linking the northern and southern parts of the country; fourth to cover the roads leading to neighbouring

According to the company official, the last stage of the project, the coverage of highways connecting Jordan to

other countries, is optional. The GSM lender was open to only Jordanian companies. as stipulated by a law passed by Parliament last year that

the suit and the reason behind it are obsolete since the Arah boycott has be thing of the past after Jordan and Israel signed a peace treaty last Wednesday. Arabs and Israelis are also meeting in Casablanca to discuss investment in the area in peace

### allowed local private sector Israel welcomes Hrawi call

(Continued from page 12) mountain area from where Hizbollah guerrillas attack the zone.

An Israeli general attacked on Sunday the conduct under fire of Israeli infantry soldiers whose position in Lebanon was raided by Hizbollah fighters, Israel Radio said. The soldiers and officers at the position were not at

their posts and did not suc-

Lamari is a former French

army officer. He was made a captain in 1970 and was prom-

oted to general in July 1990,

then major-general in July

er in protocol, Gen. Lamari

has been presented by the

Algerian press as a "bardlin-

Austere and a strict believ-

ceed in bitting the terrorists, who reached the embankment," the radio quoted Major-General Yitzhak Mordechai as saying at a debniefing on Saturday's attack.

"Even after they identified the terrorists, the soldiers did not storm them," Gen. Mordechai was quoted as saying in rare public criticism by an Israeli general of his own

er" favouring force against armed Islamic groups. Officials said seven extremists were killed Saturday in regions east of the capital

a village west of Algiers. On Saturday authorines also announced the killing of 22 extermists

and two were killed Friday in

### Lebanon seeks Arab home for Palestinians

Foreign Minister Faris Bouez has urged Arab states to take some of about 400,009 Palestinian refugees in Lebanon.

Lebanon refuses to settle the Palestinians permanently on its soil, and Mr. Bouez, in an interview published on Sunday, repealed his country's long-standing policy.

A permanent settlement of Palestinians, most of them who fled what became Israel in 1948, would upset Lebanon's delicate sectarian balance in a country of 3.2 million, he told Beirur's

right-wing daily Al Amal. Lebanon, which was

emerging from its 1975-90 civil war, did not have the economic means to take care of the huge number of refugees now living in a dozen squalid camps across the country.

The situation of the Palestinians in Lebanon which has consistently refused to grant them citizenship — was different from other Arab or non-Arab states, Mr. Bouez added,

"In these countries there are no camps this small and Palestinians have the right to work, have social welfare. free education and almost became members of the state and do not constitute an economic, political or social bur-den," he said. "Hence, I say some of the

Palestinians could be taken in some of the Arab states if that is possible as they cannot be contained into Lebanon for the reasons mentioned." Mr. Bouez said.

There are the Gulf Arab states which import labourers heavily and are in need of

Mr. Bouez said that if refugees with roots in Palestinian self-rule areas of Gaza and Jericho were allowed to return that would solve up to 25 per cent of the whole

refugee problem.
"We are not talking about

posing on Israel a return of Palestinians 10 areas that will remain Israeli," Mr. Bouez

"I am not saying there is a fundamental solution but a group of solutions that can logether constitute an advanced stage of the solution," Mr. Bouez added.

Israel agreed in the 1993 interim autonomy deal with the Palestine Liberation Organisation to discuss the return of refugees who fled as a result of the 1967 war, but not the 1948 refugees who make up most of the refugees in Lebanon.

# King urges end to unfounded criticism

(Continued from page 1)

of confidence to Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali, saying he fully trusts bim as a man who devoted his life to the service of the country and shouldered his responsibilities and fulfilled his duties.

What we are about to face is bigger than (him) and you," the King told lawmakers, nrging an end to character assassination and slander. "This bas got to stop; we

cannot accept it," the King said. He said immunity is for all citizens, for those who respect themselves and prove

they deserve it. "Immunity is not given to a person so that he could slander others and insrigate people and say what contradicts with good manners for which religion has called," King

Hussein said. "Why should we slander each other; we should respect each other, march and build together," he said.

The King also called for an end to irresponsible rivalries which aim at making stands at the expense of others to the detriment of the interests

of the country.

The King told lawmakers that none of them, tegardless of his views, is more concerned tban him or other members of the Jordanian negotiating teams about the interests of the Kingdom.

The King said freedom of speech should not be a licence to accuse others of hlasphemy, saving that he has so far tolerated slander against the Kingdom and the Hashemite family. But "is it not the right of

these goals and aspirations any person to respond to these speeches that some Chamber of Deputies.

make from the pulpits of the Prophet?" the King said.
"We have always believed that justice will prevail and the truth will appear one day. but we were wrong" by re-maining silent which led others to continue levelling their origin. false accusations against the Hashemites," King Hussein told deputies.

"This must stop in the future... we have learned the lesson and we are about to put everyhody in the picture of all the Hashemite documents that tell the story of the Kingdom since the start of the Great Arab Revolt" in

Addressing the Palestinian a belated effort to reveal the truth, King Hussein said. King Hussein stressed the Kingdom's commitment to freedom, democracy, respect for human rights and plural-

the majority. He said the majority of the Jordanian people support the government's efforts to regain the country's rights in land and water and build a

ism, adding that the minority

should respect the views of

bettet future. In Jordan, said the King, "there is commitment, there are abilities, there is an educated people... there is helonging to Arabism that nobody in the world can deny.

Nobody can outbid us." At the time when there is aspiration among the majority of the people to build a better future where security and stability prevails, said the King, "we find confusion in

drawing the path for reaching

which are in the interest of all those you represent at the

"Let's put this stage behind and start fresh in reorganising the most minute details in our lives," the King said, stressing that the Kingdom does not discriminate among any of its citizens regardless of

The King said: "Intellectual terrorism is not exercised by the government. It is a process in which more than one group is participating.

He said: "The great majority of out press and our columnists are not with the country, and have not been with it on any day. It is unfair tbat this should confinue."

issue, the King said no country has supported the Palestinians as much as Jordan did. "Tell me of one Arab

country in which Palestinians and the people of that country lived the way we did here. Remind me of any side that saved Jerusalem in 1948 but Jordan," the King told deputies in the meeting that was attended by His Royal Highness Prince Hamzeh Ben Al Hussein, Chief Chamberlain Prince Nayef Ben Ali, Dr. Majali, Royal Court Chief Shanf Zeid Ben Shaker and the King's advisors.

does not compete with the Palestinians in Jerusalem or in any other part of the Palestinian land, stressing that Jordan will stand by them in their quest for the regaining of their nights.

has always sought coordina-tion with other Arab parties to the peace process but if others chose to go their own way then that is their choice for which they are responsi-

The King urged joint work to defend the country which he said is targetted "so that it will not be able to speak the word of truth as it has always

He said those who wanted the Kingdom to wait "to be the last in demanding its right want this country to be (destroyed) and to be in a position in which it will not be able to get any of its rights."

The King said the Kingdom is determined to deal with the problems that deputies emphasised such as those of unemployment and poverty.

All but three of the 16member Islamic Action Front, which is leading the opposition to the treaty, were present in the meeting with the King. They were Deputy Abdul Munem Abu Zant, who is still recovering from injuries he suffered during violence after last Friday's noon prayers, and deputies Hammam Said and Ahmad Kofahi who were also absent from the House's session earlier in the day.

Six IAF deputies hoycotted the King's speech from the Throne at the opening session of the Parliament, incurning the wrath of mainstream politicians and lawmakers. who according to informed sources, reacted by denying the front any of the lead-King Hussein said Jordan ership positions in the House.

# Senior Royal Court officials attend Sunday's audience (Petra photo)

Economic summit begins in Casablanca

### Health care will hover over ongress

By Joanne Kenen Reuter

WASHINGTON — With all the bickering and politicking on bealth reform, one thing nearly got forgot-

About 39 million Americans — one in seven people - lack insurance. By the year 2000, that number is forecast to rise to at least 41 million, two years after that, to 43 million. That means the same

public opinion that belped defeat bealth reform this year may very well expect Congress to do something next year about an intractable issue that has perplexed voters and stymied Congress for the past two

There's going to be pub-rumbling in November. eople are going to say, what happened? 'where are my benefits?" Harvard eaith analyst Bob Blendon said in a recent interview. There's a buge gap beween public expectations and what Congress is doing. No poli says kill this thing completely. People want Congress to take more

time, but they still think it's going to play our next year, Mr. Blendon added. Some lawmakers say this past year has been a learnprocess and that a wiser

to address health-reform in a comprehensive manner next year.

Lamari became the army's

chief of staff in July 1993.

replacing Major-General

man with a square face and a

thick, black moustache, Gen.

A medium-sized, burly

Abdul Malek Guenalizia.

"The road is now clear. for pursuing universal coverage without distraction," said liberal Washington Democrat Rep. Jim McDermott, a backer of a Canadian-style narional sys-

tem.
"I'm not throwing in the towel," said Rhode Island Republican John Chafee, a moderate who led the bipartisan 'mainstream ,coalition, whose members hope their plan could be a starting point for a fresh... start next year.

But many lawmakers and academic experts, including some strong backers of reform, see only a slender chance that Congress can repeat an effort for comprehensive reform that left it exhausted, drained and divided with nothing but mountains of studies and crates of testimony to show

for it.
"The momentum for comprehensive coverage and a health bill is dead. Iowa Democrat Sen. Tom surrendered hopes for uniputting his efforts into a

Harkin said recently, as he versal coverage and began plan to cover American children. There are several scenar-

ios for less sweeping bills in

also run smack into partisan roadblocks a year before the 1996 presidential cam-

paign.
Some approaches would centre on covering a seg-ment of the population, like children of the working poor, an option that could mesh with the expected drive, for welfare reform.

Others would focus on ebanging federal regularions so that states have more room to innovate on their own. Two senators, Democrat Bob Graham of Florida and Republican Mark Hatfield of Oregon, have already drafted such a

Perhaps the most likely would be revamped regulation of the insurance industry. That could make it barder, for instance, for insurers to exclude people with pre-existing health problems. But experiments on the state level have found that such reforms seem deceptively simple and can actually boomerang and make insurance more expensive.

"There's presumably support on both sides of the aisle for insurance reform, but the irony is, it's not so easy to agree on it. When you look at the details, there are very different definitions, different levels of how aggressively you want to reform," said Urban institute health analyst

Marilyn Moon.

The future will depend partly on politics and the outcome of the November congressional elections. Republicans are expected to pick up sears in both the House and the Senate. That would make any comprehensive form of the type President Clinton has championed almost unimaginable.

The various Republican plans put forth over the past year were natrower in scope and promoted "universal access" to health care, not universal cover-

Minority leader Bob Dole of Kansas — who hopes to become the majority leader if Republicans seize control of the senate - predicted health reform would remain on the congressional agenda but declined to predict what type of health care bill he will back next year.

Mt. Dole objected to any "employer mandate" requiring businesses to pay for workers' insurance. He later supported limited subsidies for the poor, but de-clined this week 10 say whether he would stick to that approach next year, or focus only on insurance market reform.

Like most Republicans,

### (Continued from page 1) Africa and the Middle East

the conference, said the conference was of paramount importance to help the concerned nations face the economie challenges between now and the end of the present century and beyond.

"I am bonoured to representing his Majesty King Hussein at the meetings wbich are important and which would give impetus to economic cooperation among countries of the Middle Easi and North Africa." Prince Hassan said in an arrival-

statement. He, said that there had been talk about establishing a special fund for economic development in the two regions and U.S. President Bill Clinton had told Parliament in Amman that the United States would support the creanon of such a fund which would finance economic scheme's in the peace era.

The Prince expressed hope

that the projected fund would operate along the style of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development involving private and public sectors. The Crown Prince expressed hope that the delegates to

the conference would focus

their attention on economic

projects not only in North

but also in southern Africa. an area which he said has been neglected so far. The Prince said that there

was need for helping the economies of these regions to be upgraded and qualified to be incorporated with the world economy. Prince Hassan was welcomed by Prince Moham-

mad, the Crown Prince of

Morocco, and senior govern-ment ministers and officials. While the politicians made headlines, nearly 2,000 businessmen at the conference swapped cards and discussed the future of a region at peace for the first time in half a century

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, in words designed to mobilise the huge business confingent gathered in Casablanca, said after talks with PLO Chaitman Yasser Arafai peace would have no validity if it brought no henefit to the man on the street. The purpose of the three-

day conference is to give potential investors a chance to meet the political movers and shakets in the Middle East and North Africa. And they have come in

droves, Japanese. European and U.S. businessmen have registered for the unprecedented event for a chance to meet officials and expens from more than 60 countries gathered in Morocco's financial hub.

Reuters.

The sight of George Vassiliou, former president of Cyprus, embracing Mr. Arafai in a hotel lobby encapsulated the mood of the confer-

"This meeting is unique in that such a big number of people representing the business community of the world are meeting with political leades." Mr. Vassiliou. who is closely associated with the conference organisation, told

"The political leaders are giving their blessing to the whole process and it opens the doors to everything else," he added. President Clinton, who with Russian leader Boris

Yeltsin is co-sponsor of the

to the meeting that he saw it

as an important forum for

mic prospects and promoting business and investment opportunities. It will also make a significant contribution to advancing the peace process," Mr. Clinton said.

Mr. Rabin, in Casablanca with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and eight other Israeli cabinet ministers. wants to ensure that Israel gets a significant chunk of the billions investors are itching to sink into the region, a market of more than 150 million people. He also wants to find new markets for Israeli goods after decades of isolation

The conference will discuss projects costing a total of \$25 billion. Egyptian Public Sector Minister Alef Ebeid announced.

Mr. Ebeid told the semiofficial daily Al Akhbar: "The projects to be discussed at the conference have a total value of \$25 billion.

Egypt's Middle East News Agency said Friday that Cairo would propose 58 projects worth \$10 billion in Casablanca.

Oil Minister Hamdi Banbi said that during conference Egypt would try conference, said in a message to find investors for two oil projects costing a total of \$2.35 billion. Meanwhile, the Moroccan

discussing the region's econoweekly La Vie Economique (Economic Life) said the Israeli delegation was to put forward a plan for regional development projects requiring a hudget of between \$18

# Jordan businessmen await | IMF to lend more to peace boost to economy

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Reuter

AMMAN - Jordan's business leaders are taking a waitand-see attitude regarding any boost to their country's stagnant economy from peace with Israel.

"It's still early to talk about the economic impact of peace on the country because there are projects that will take a long while to materialise. Adnan Salakah, general manager of ANZ Grindlays Bank's Jordanian subsidiary. told Reuters.

Jawad Al Hadid, head of Jordan's Arah Banking Corporation, says investors have so far seen only a partial write-off of Jordan's crippling \$6.8 hillion in foreign deht.

And if the srock market is in an indicator of huisness confidence. Jordan has not only failed to respond favourably to peace but has actually declined

The market dropped to 144.61 points after the initialling of a peace treaty on Oct. 17 and has continued to

The market still awaits the many promises of peace to materialise before reacting." said broker Majed Ali

Business leaders say that if and when the much-needed shot in the arm for Jordan's economy comes, it will be after border posts between the two countries formally open early next month and buisnessmen start crossborder visits to look for

They believe tourism will be an early beneficiary of peace even though Jordan lags in availability of adequate hotel rooms.

Land prices have shot up near the Dead Sea and ancient Nabatean city of Petra — two major tourist attractions - and at the countries' two border crossings in the north and south.

Industrial ventures to develop the Jordan rift valley and the mineral rich Dead Sea will have a longer lead time, of five to 10 years, but fall throughout the month de- they are expected to soak up

spite the rapid pace of peace excess labour and widen the moves. excess labour and widen the country's small industrial

Jordan's Arah Potash Company, which exploits mmeral deposits from the dead Sea, says the peace accord affords it more possihiliries of financing and speeding up \$500 million of projects now in the drawing

board.
"It will now be more possihle to get long-term soft loans to exploit the sea's minerals. diversify our exports and widen our industrial base." manager Suleiman Al Hawari

But he cautions Jordan still has to prepare viable projects that can attract foreign investors at a time when Israelis have the advantages of greater expertise and better

Most businessmen agree red-tape also must be wiped out to revive investors' confidence. They say updated investment laws are needed to guard against losing out in dealing with Israel, whose economy is 14 times larger

# developing nations and former USSR

on hand for lending to

developing countries and former East Bloc

The move will free up

tens of billions of dollars

in extra IMF loans for

countries from Russia to

Brzil, provided they pur-

sue tough economic re-

Under the plan, the

loan ceiling on IMF

stand-by loans and ex-

tended fund financing

credits will be increased

to 100 per cent of a

borrowing nation's

quota, or shareholding

at the IMF, from 68 per

That means that a

country like Russia.

which is currently en-

gaged in negotiations with the IMF on a one-

nations.

forms.

cent now.

year stand-by loan, The International could borrow as much as Monetary Fund (IMF) S6 billion from the fund, instead of \$4 billion. has said that it will sharply boost the amount of money it has

"I warmly welcome this substantial increase." IMF Managing Director Michel Camdessus said in a statement. "(It) will be very helpful and will allow the IMF to strongly support members' adjustment and reform programmes, and the associated financing needs."
At its annual meeting

earlier this month in Madrid, the IMF's policy-making Interim Committee agreed to increase the access limit. The Interim Commit-

tee though was unable to reach agreement on a controversial plan by Mr. Camdessus to pump some \$50 billin into the world economy through an issue of special drawing rights, the IMFs artifical currency.

# EU gives Japan trade wish list, attacks U.S.

presented Japan with a 15page shopping list of desired rade reforms, and look a sidewipe at America's hardline method of doing business with Tokyo.

The European Commission's top Japan official, John Richardson, said the list of requests for deregulation in-itiatives was aimed at helping correct the European Union's (EU's) chronic but falling trade deficit with Tokyo.

Mr. Richardson said the list dealt with everything from telecommunications to transport, alcoholic drinks and financial services. Mr. Richardson, who was

briefing journalists on preparations for an EU-Japan ministerial meeting in Tokyo on Nov. 18-20, made several criticisms of the United States as he painted an upbeat picture of Europe's efforts to narrow its trade gap with

He said the United States got more publicity than the EU for its efforts to open up the Japanese markets only

"megaphone" diplomacy under television are lights whereas the EU preferred quieter dialogue.

Mr. Richardson pointed to the fact that latest Japanese statistics showed the trade gap with the EU narrowing in Brussels's favour whereas the U.S. deficit with Tokyo was still growing.
"We think our approach is

at least as effective as the U.S. (approach). We do not believe that threatening trade retaliation is in the long term and across the board a productive way" of doing business, he said.

Such tactics could succeed in a narrow area of trade, but at the cost of provoking a rejectionist" attitude on a broader front.

Mr. Richardson criticised the United States for purveying "misinformation" about its trade agreements with

Japan.
For example, he said
Tokyo had denied U.S. assertions that a U.S. Japan accord on medical technology trade required the Japanese health ministry to urge all

government hospitals to buy more U.S. technology. Mr. Richardson and latest

siness -

A. Brand

AFLE: جنمين الآلود الا

--

عالانتها

1. [+4. 200 ES

-

tre abilities

and the same

egarte egigtide

graph .

i., 200 🕅

Mir Ren Enterfes

ALL A MARK BARES

1: 1 6- 3¢

VIS.a.VIS with me

Japanese figures showed the country's trade surplus with fallen by 19.5 per cent in the nine months ended September compared with the same period last year. In contrast, its deficit with the United States had gone up by 11.7 per cent.

Mr. Richardson said the strength of the yea was one factor accounting for the re-covery of the EU's trade position with Tokyo, but that should have beined Washington also.

He said the EU list of requests for deregulation was intended to fit in with Japan's announced intention to move in this direction.

He said he hoped the EU and Japan would be able to announce agreement at their ministerial meeting on mutual recognition of certification of product standards. He said EU industry had faced prohibitive costs in complying with Japanese technical standards.

# Minister says Russians must get used to taxes

MOSCOW (R) — The notorionsly tax-shy Russian public have to accept that part of their income should go straight to the state. Acting Finance Minister Andrei Vavilov said Friday.

Chronic tax evasion by Russian citizens and businesses has left the goverament with a large budget deficit as it struggles to introduce economic reforms across the giant country.

The finance ministry said last month that Russian tax revenues would be just over half planned levels in 1994. amid lower than expected inflation, plunging industrial output and poor tax collection methods.

"The obligation to pay taxes takes years to permeate through into peoples minds." Mr. Vavilov told a news conference.

"And it, as now, the tax police start working more actively and people get used to this, then they will eventually realise they have to pay taxes." he said.

"Some state measures to increase tax incomes have worked, some have yet to show results. But this process cannot be achieved in a day in some cavalier fashion." he pointed out.

Mr. Vavilov said tax income next year would be between 12 and 14 per cent of gross domestic product, up from the 11 per cent forecast this year. "This is quite realistic. This is a result we can achieve it all the government measures are carried

In the former Soviet Union, mainly symbolic income taxes were deducted automatically from salaries. But in the new-look Russia. citizens and businesses are responsible for paying their OWTI TAXES.

### Study: 38.5% of New York

### infants born in poverty

NEW YORK (AFP) — Some

600,000, or 38.5 per cent, of New York infants are born into poverty compared to 21.1 per cent for the rest of the country, according to a study. Communituy Service Society said the problem has been worsening with some 1.7 million born into poverty in the city, which has 7.2 million inhabitants, compared To 300,000 about 15 years ago.

# India launches drive to reduce child labour

NEW DELHI (R) - India plans to pinpoint areas where child labour predominates and set up special offices to monitor schemes geared to get children out of hazardous workplaces and into school.

the government said Sunday. "Surveys are being launched in districts and blocks and industries and will be completed in six months," the labour ministry said in a statement.

"All states are to set up child labour authorines and develop a systematic system of reporting to the centre (federal government) on the progress of their program-

mes," it added. India, under pressure from Western trading nations in

world trade talks to end child labour, opposes the linking of such social issues to trading curbs, but it is simultaneously taking steps to put its own house in order.

The process of eliminarion of child labour from hazardous industries has begun and two million children are to be covered by 2000 A.D.," the statement said. Prime Minister P.V. Nara-

simha Rao announced the plan to do away with child labour from such industries in his independence day address on Aug. 15. The children work mainly

in the carpet-weaving, gem polishing, safety match making, lock-making, pottery and btassware industries.

Mr. Rao was responding to initiatives which may see child labour among social issues included in the agenda of a soon to be established World Trading Organisation (WTO), which will be charged with implementing the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) world trade initialled in

A federal government authority charged with tackling the problem of child labour will meet Wednesday under the chairmanship of Labour Minister Purno Sangma to take stock of child labour control programmes, the statement said.

The Indian drive involves educating the working children and providing jobs to parents to enable the poor, who often use their children as a means of livelihood, have an alternate source of

This is being done through providing extensive education opportunities to the children prone to work in nnhealthy and dangerous jobs (with) primary vocational skills, health, nutrition and means of gainful employment for the parents of such children," the statement said.

India has also announced its intention to righten its law which bans child labour.

India bans employment of children under 14, but the authorities' reach does not extent to agriculture and cottage industries.

The law banning child labour is difficult to implement in a country where child labour is fairly common.

# Aristide return sparks fights over jobs in Haiti

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) — Hairi's public sector faces turmoil as people who lost their jobs under military rule demand them back from the newly restored democratic government.

To make matters worse. President Jean-Bertrand Aristide has pledged to cut the 45,000-strong public work force by half in a deeply impoverished country where much of the population is unemployed.

The job shortage was ex-acerbated under three years of military rule by an international embargo that shut down exports and curtailed other parts of the economy. 'As the euphoria over President Aristide's return from

exile fades, his government

will bave difficulties reconcil-

realises of the country's gutted conomy. That makes the competition for existing jobs potentially volatile. Reynold Paul. 28, was a

ing high expectations with the

au-Prince airport before the September 1991 coup that ousted President Ariside. Once military authorities seized control of the country he didn't last long.

"They didn't just fire me. they came after me," said Paul. "Three days after the coup. soldiers came to my house looking for me, but I was already in hiding."

He freely acknowledges that his hiring as political as his firing, based on his affiliation with pro-Aristide

Now 40 of the 100 airport employees that Paul estimates lost thier jobs are campaigning over local radio to get them back.

At the country's central tax baggage handler at the Port- office. Johnson Aristide. 26. no relation to the Haitian president, went to visit the personnel director to demand his job back. He and others had been chased off by armed thugs at the building's entrance after the coup.

The military-appointed tax office personnel director. Leibnitz Berteau, insists people were never fired for their political affiliations.

"Some were temporary employees, others were incompetent," he said. "All were let go according to normal procedure. If they say their firings were political. it's because they were sent Confronted by Mr. John-

son Aristide, Mr. Berteau

searched his files, but was

unable to find any record of But that may not help Mr. Aristide. The hureau's new director. Jean Jereph Daniel. said in a telephone interview his office is overstaffed, cutbacks are inevitable and only

and higher standards of education will be reinstated. One man who expects to lose his job is Thieno Lubin.

employees who meet new

civil registrar in the southern port twon of Jacmel. "I expect to be fired any day now," he said. "I've been civil registrar for 18 years. President Aristide named another man to my job with-out bothering to dismiss me." After the coup. Mr. Lubin got his job back but he believes the end of military rule will mean the end of his job.

The plight of public employees has sparked a lively dehate in Haiti's often turbulent political circles. Eddy Volel, head of the

pro-Aristide Christian Democratic Assembly, said those fired during the coup deserve their jobs back and he believes they will get

"They were employed by the elected government, and we have assurances that President Aristide will return them to their places," he

### Iran caviar output to fall

TEHRÂN (AFP) — Iran's caviar production is set to fall for the third year running by around 10 per cent because poaching and pollution are exhausting fish stocks in the Caspian Sea. A fishing official told Kayhan newspaper the production of caviar could fall by another 15 tonnes this year. Iran produced 130 tonnes of caviar in 1995. far below reported figures in previous years of 180 tonnes in 1992 and 200 tonnes in 1991. The production fall has been linked to exchausted

resources in the Caspian Sea in northern Iran. Experts bave blamed pollution and illegal fishing in Iran and the former Soviet republics bordering the Caspian for the depleted stocks of sturgeon

# **※ DAJANI'S**

Gold & Gems Jewellers. Amra Hotel, 6th Circle, Amman,

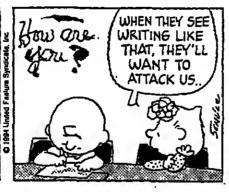
TURQUOISE: Stimulates communication, brings balance and general good health.

### **Peanuts**



WHY DO YOU WANT TO WRITE TO SOMEONE IN ANOTHER COUNTRY YOU DON'T EVEN KNOW!





### **Andy Capp**











### **Mutt'n'Jeff**



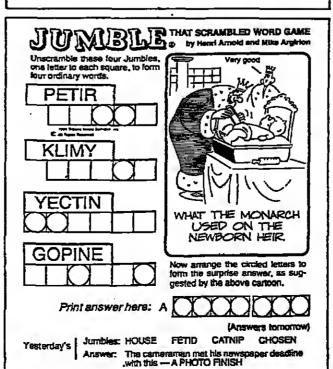




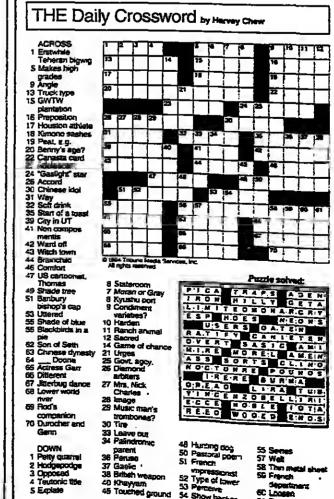




symbol for everlasting love?"



# HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED



Markets

Cairo Amman Bank



Foreign Exchange Market Summary (October 24 - October 28, 1994) 97.28 yen, while sterling ended it at \$1.6240.

AMMAN - After closing at 1.5003 mark and 97.24 yen at the end of the previous week, the U.S. unit appreciated against the mark and sterling at the end of last week. It

lagainst the thank and sterling at the end of last week. It lended 0.64 per cent higher against the mark and 0.12 per cent higher against sterling.

The dollar retreated against other major currencies Monday, influenced by traders' concern that U.S. economic day, influenced by traders concern that U.S. economic reports due at the end of the week might show possible signs of inflationary pressures. Meanwhile, the U.S. treasury secretary indicated that the U.S. government is ready to intervene in the market to prop the dollar if the dollar continues its depreciation against other major currencies.

While the dollar witnessed moderate appreciation against

the mark on Tuesday, it depreciated against other major currencies Wednesday. Earlier Wednesday, the dollar rose slightly against other major currencies after the French economy minister indicated that France is seriously considering the possibility of joint intervention with other central banks to support the dollar. The dollar also benefited from numours that several central banks might intervene in the market to support the dollar. However, the dollar declined later that day, when these rumours failed to materialise.

On Thursday, the dollar appreciated slightly against other major currencies, while traders refrained from taking new positions oo the dollar ahead of U.S. third quarter's gross domestic product report due next day. Analysts indicated that U.S. gross domestic product report will provide a better picture of the U.S. economic activity.

The dollar continued its appreciation against other major currencies at the end of the week. It benefited from U.S. goss domestic product report showing an annualised increase in economic activity for the third quarter by 3.4 per cent, compared to 4.1 per cent for the second quarter. Analysis indicated that the gross domestic product report dampened traders' concerns from U.S. inflationary press-

The U.S. unit, thus ended the week at 1.5100 marks and

New U.S.	Yerk Dollar	Clasing	Rates	for	Major Currencies	Against	th
$\overline{}$			——	_	<del></del>		

21/10/94	28-10:94	Percent	
Close	Close	Change	
1.0500	1.6240	10.1213	
		10.6413	
		10.8518	
		(0.53)\$	
a7 73		10.0418	
	Close 1.e000 2.5003 1.7490 5.1390	Close Close  1.6200 1.6240  2.5003 1.5100  1.7490 1.2505  5.1390 5.1005	

Date: 307 (Q.1974	
Bid	Offer
0.6900	0.6920
1.1177	1.1235
0.4588	0.4611
0.5451	0.5478
0.1330	0.1539
0.7088	0.7103
0.4068	0.4088
110771	*****
0.0447	0.0449
*****	*****
	Bid 0.0900 1.1177 0.4588 0.5451 0.1537 0.7088 0.4008

### Arabs fail to show for Israel boycott meeting

DAMASCUS (R) - Arab states appear to have forgotten the Damascus-based office monitoring an econo-mic boycott of Israel.

A meeting due to have taken place Saturday has now been put back for six months because not enough members showed up, general commission officials said.

The last two scheduled biannual meetings also failed to take place for the same

The meetings are held to decide on bans on companies or individuals who violate the boycott rules.

The postponement "means that more companies which are violating the boycott rules could not be added to the black list," one official said.

He did not reveal the number of countries which did not attend the Damascus meeting but said the quorum of 12 representatives out of the 22 Arab countries was not met.

Diplomats say most Arab countries have been ignoring a secondary boycott by having business with companies or individuals who were blacklisted by the boycott commission.

This month's decision by members of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council to remove the secondary boycott had left the commission with little business to do, one diplomat said.

# Saudis explore new ways to finance development

DUBAI (R) — Saudi Arabia is exploring new ways 10 fund its expansion plans after weak oil prices and big Gulf war expenses made it aware it could not keep paying in cash.

Bankers, economists and diplomats say that lower oil prices and paying about \$55 billion to bankroll the 1990-91 Gulf crisis over Iraq's occupation of Kuwait have changed the way the Saudi economy is run.

They said the government. short of cash even though Saudi Arabia is the world's largest oil producer, is more likely to use export credit facilities, borrow commercially and privatise state-run agencies rather than drain its

reserves further. "The Gulf war shot a hole through that and made them aware they cannot keep paying in cash," said one Western diplomat. "The nature of business is changing and the government is more prone to using export credit and other commercial

financing. "In a sense it is becoming more of a normal economy. li was exceptional that they financed their enormous development simply from their own reserves and cash," he added. "It is a shift in emphasis and a new way in running

the country." In many cases contractors are being told they bave to offer financial as well as technical packages for deals they bid for.

"This has been going on for about a year and is across

the board," one banker said. Businessmen also report that the government, which has slashed spending in its budget by 20 per cent, is chronically behind on payments to contractors and employees in many sectors.

Economists say that even the idea of privatising agencies like the governmental airline Saudia, while it could lessen demands on government finances, might well have to be preceded by major reforms in the way such companies do business.

In the latest sign of Saudi difficulties. U.S. Treasury Secretary Lloyd Bentsen said on Oct. 20 that Saudia's plans to buy \$6-\$7 billion of Boeing and McDonnell Douglas airliners had been delayed by financing problems.

In meetings in Jeddah this month he discussed using U.S. Export-Import (Ex-Im) Bank financing for the planes, and Ex-Im officials were due in Saudi Arabia in late October to discuss financing.

Bankers had told Reuters. that Ex-Im Bank was seeking a Saudi sovereign guarantee which the kingdom had not given yet.

They said it was quite likely that 85 per cent of the money would be raised through international loans guaranteed by Ex-Im Bank and by Britain's Export Credit Guarantee Department (ECGD) if Rolls Royce wins the engines.

The bankers and economists however said the interna-

lional banking and financial community takes some com-fort from the knowledge that oil will be there for a long time even if the government

has a cash flow problem now.
"It is a developing market with huge industrial and in-frastructure projects. It poses low risk because oil is a sure source of revenue," one economist said.

The government has a cash flow problem for the next couple of years. The ministry of finance is looking at alternative ways to finance infrastructure projects they need," he added. "Export credit finance is a subject that much talked about.'

The biggesi demand for loans is being made by governmeni agencies like electricity companies and semistate petrochemical firms. which bankers say will need \$2 billion in the next few months.

There are discussions oing on about export credit for various expansion plans in the electricity sector, but that is still not resolved," one diplomat said. "They are talking to the Americans and British about export credit on various projects.

The bankers said the Saudi British Bank and Midland Bank were working on a credit export facility by Britain's ECGD for one of the electricity firms,

Diplomats said discussions held by British Prime Minister John Major in Saudi Araa contract to supply some of bia in September focused on how to finance infrastructure projects through the private

# **Burt Reynolds reported \$2.5 million in debt**

NEW M NUE

680093 / 4

LUNCH

7 DAYS

NNFR

NEW YORK (R) - U.S. movie and television star Burt Reynolds has \$2.5 million in debts and will seek court relief, a newspaper has

The New York Post quoted Reynolds lawyer Bob Mont-

ATMOSPHERE

CREATORS.

TALK OF THE TOWN

DISCOTHEQUE

Open nightly From 9.00 P.M

Except Tuesday closed londay: Ortnks All Night Long

Buy One Get Two

A Menu of Delicious Snacks

Viddle East Hotel - Shmeisan

gomery in Palm Beach, Florida, as saying he had filed Mr. Reynolds' financial statement with a Florida court because his client "needs breathing room."

According to the Post, nothing remains of \$23 million Mr. Reynolds earned during his marriage to actress Loni Anderson, from whom he is divorced.

The daily said Mr. Montgomery would not sav whether the actor would file for bankruptcy or argue he

could not pay Ms. Anderson what he agreed to in their divorce settlement.

Mr. Reynolds fell into.

financial difficulties when he-

invested in two failed restaurant chains, the Post said. The actor's credits include the "evening Shade" television comedy and movies such as "Deliverance" and the

"Smokey and the Bandit"

# UIIIBHHOIAHAANDADaanishkekkilalalahbhakkilalah La Coquette Restaurant FRENCH QUISINE ENJOYOUS A SECURE



JOHNAN COLF RAID. SCHOOL ISLANTS BANK. SCHOOL INVESTMENT & PINANCE BANK.

MEIT FLIGHT, BAVINGALINVESTMENT FOR MINOR BOOK FOR FRVESTMENT PERLACELPHIA INVESTMENT PARE.

PHILIDAL/PHIL INVESTMENT PARK, JOHORN PRINCE PRINCE POWER JOHORNIAN REMETRIC POWER JOHNSHAM REMETRIC POWER / MEM JOHORNIAN REMETRIC POWER / MEM JOHORN BOXTOPOLI SHETPETRI LINES BATIONAL PORTPOLIO BECURTYES

BATICAL PORTUGE BECOMETER

BAL REFARE THURSTHEAT

JOSDAN COLF BENA, BETATE INVESTMENT

JOSDAN PRESIDENTIONAL TRADESCHEMET

JOSDAN PRESIDENTIONAL TRADESCHEMET

BETER MIDDLE MART & CORNOCHEM MOTELS

Many villas and apartments furnished or unfurnished.

For more details call: **Abdoun Real Estate** Tel., 810605/810609/810520 Fax: 810520

JR-SAT.



AMMAN FINANCIAL MARKES

HOUSING RANK CENTER ANGON - SURGESANT TELEPHORE: 660170 / 663170

183,500 183,500
4,340 4,260
1,310 1,800
3,990 2,960
3,930 3,930
1,630 1,690
1,640 3,640
1,650 1,650
1,650 1,650
1,650 1,650
1,650 1,650
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,650 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590
1,590 1,590

183.500
4.150
1.620
3.960
5.350
2.910
1.670
3.640
3.650
2.300
2.620
2.300
2.620
2.300
2.620
2.300
2.450
1.310
2.455
1.310
2.1530
3.450
3.450

ARAB INTER, POR INVESTMENT & EDUCAT ATTRICES COMPT. WATERIAL MONOFACTO THE JOHNAM CHECKY PACTORIES JOHNAM PETROLEGY REFUNARY THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICU

RAFIA INDUSTRIES OAR AL DAWN OFVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT

RATIONAL STREET, INDUSTRY
JOHNAN ENDUSTRIES & HATCH/JIHCO
RATIONAL CARLE S WIRK HAMUPACTO

TOTAL

NO. OF TRADED SHARES IN PARALLEL MARKS TRADED VOLUME IN THE PARALLEL MARKET

. . . . .

### STUDIO HAIG

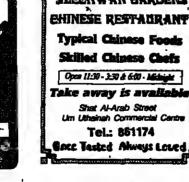
Professional Quality in 1 Hour Service Develop your colour film at our shop and get:-

· JUMBO photo size 30% larger Free enlarge ment 20 x 30 cm

Shmeisani - Opp. Grindlays Bank. Phone: 604042 Swefieh tel: 823891



Sweiflyeh







Tel::829882



HAVE YOUR GRILL

ENJOY A FREE

SHMEISANI TEL. 666140 - 669671

**CHOOSE YOUR** 

SAUCE AND

SALAD BAR









VALID JARRAR CO.

Tel. 776199 - 692779

CHEN'S CHINESE RESTAURANT Mecca Streel, Yarmouk Engineers Housing Estate, near Kilo Supermarket Mongolian Barbeque for Lunch Friday only Tel: 818214 Come and taste our Specialities
Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m.

6:30 - Midnight

Air Conditioned Hall

OmniLink

HAMZEH GROUP

Deluxe Furnished Offices.

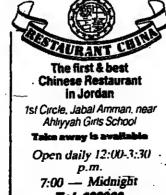
And many other services

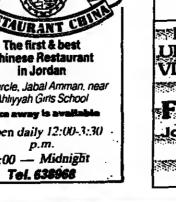
Shmeisani e Hamzeh Center e Marriott St

P.O. Box 930121 - Amman 11193 Jordan.

Tel 677940 Fax (962-6) 693197.

nal Services. " Courier Service









### **Arab Gulf** states eye technology at Casablanca conference

ABU DHABI (AFP). — Arab Gulf states hope the Casablanca economic conference will advance their campaign to acquire technology in return for lifting an in-

direct trade boycott of Israel. Foreign and finance ministers as well as businessmen from the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) are taking part in the three-day conference in the Moroccan city.

GCC foreign ministry undersecretaries met io the Saudi capital last week to coordinate their position at the conference, but they bave not disclosed details of their talks.

"We will go to the conference as an effective force that will contribute to chalking out policies so that no unwanted policies or plans will be imposed on us," said the GCC secretary general, Sbeikh Fahim Ibn Sultan Al

Qassimi.

'The participation by GCC countries illustrates a strong desire to surpass the previous practice of allowing others to draw up strategies and plans for us, while the GCC role was restricted to executing them. We will do our best to benefit from the conference," he emphasised.
"We will participate active-

ly in the conference as it will include important projects. We are very interested in projects that will help our countries in their efforts to diversify their economies." a Gulf official said.

"This is very possible through expanding the non-oil sector. We have managed to build small industries but we need technology for medium and beavy industries. That is what we are looking for now," he pointed

The official said contacts. on projects and other econo-mic plans 10 be discussed at the Casablanca conference would continue after the

meeting.
This would help the GCC states — Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates — maiotain links with several international companies.



d labour





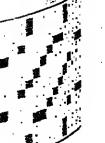












# **Bonaly wins Skate America title**

PITTSBURGH (AP) -Surya Bonaly, whose acroba-tic moves often bring her trouble, capitalised on mistakes by Michelle Kwan and hrina Slutskaya to bolt from third place and win the women's title Saturday night in Skate America Interna-

Bonaly's oft-erratic assortment of soaring triple jumps and gymnast-like leaps boosted her past Kwan, who was again good hut not good enough, and the fall-prone Slutskaya, who led after the short programme Friday

night.
"I think I am not finished " Ronaly. in my career," said Bonaly, the French skater who has had a series of Olympic and world championship dis-appointments. I will compete until I get what I deserve. Maybe I will even wait four more years (until the 1998 Olympics).

Kwan, 14, of the United States, was in position to take her first major international meet, hut, skating after Bonaly and before Slutskaya. stepped ont of a triple lutz and shortened a triple toe loop into a single to settle for

"(The toe loop) isn't my best jump." Kwan said. "I went into it saying, 'it's going to be a triple, no, a double, no, wait, a triple. What am I

doing?"

The errors dropped her technical scores as low as 5.4. and her presentation scores in the 5.7 range couldn't hold off Bonaly's solid 5.75 and

Slutskaya, a 15-year-old Russian skating in only her fifth major international competition, slipped and slid around the three-quarters empty civic arena, falling on four jumps, including two triples in the same vexsome

Bonaly overcame a disconcerting 10-minute delay before the short programme due to technical problems and her own recent indecision whether to turn pro. As late as three weeks ago.

Bonaly was ready to turn pro.

NEW YORK (AP) - For

decades, a heavy schedule for

a figure skater meant four events, perhaps five in an

Olympic year. In the new

world wrought by Tonya vs. Nancy and soaring television

compete in six events before he even begins touring in his

And Boitano won't even

be the busiest competitor.

Kurt Browning, Viktor Pet-

renko and Paul Wylie all

have more events on their

Suddenly, figure skating has taken on the look of teartis, with competitions

springing up throughout the United States, Europe and

the orient for big purses. And

with lots of television cover-

"This is a natural progression 198

sion of the sport," said 1984

Olympic champion Scott

Hamilton, who will skate in a

few events when he isn't doing analysis for CBS. "It

all stems from the popularity our sport has gained. We've

never had this kind of sup-

The dividing line between

amateurs and professionals

virtually has been erased.

The Olympics were the first

sign of that, with the remain-

ing amateurs sweeping the

individual medals. Now, with

corporate sponsorship and television backing, the big-

name pros such as Boitano,

Petrenko, Kristi Yamaguchi

and Katarina Witt don't need

the Olympic seal of approval.

- ratings, Brian Boitano will

ice show.

schedules.

port."

only to change her mind.
"I was getting all these calls telling me what I should do," she said. "I'm sure it is

better now that I stayed." Elizabeth Punsulan and Jerod Swallow, given a rare restart after a strap on Swallow's skate came undone, easily won the dance competition with a technically strong if not spectacular

programme.
The couple could have picked up from the point they were interrupted, but, just like Tonya Harding at the Olympics, chose to restart and skated without mishap after that.

The referee was frantically trying to get the music to stop, hat Liz didn't know what was going on and her eyes real big when the music went off," said Swallow, who married his partner a year

The Americans, only 15th in the Olympies, were already solidly in the lead over runnerups Marina Anicina and Gwendal Peizerat of France following the compulsory and original dance prog-rammes. Elizaveta Stekoinikova and Dmitri Kazarliga. who are from Kazakhsten but train in Lake Placid, were third.

The winners' technical and artistic marks were mostly.

Earlier, Todd Eldredge withstood a strong free skating programme by Philippe Candeloro of France to win the men's title and the Russian team of Marina Eltsova and Andrei Bushkov, the 1993 European champions. took the pairs.

Eldredge skated his new long programme to music from the movie "gettysburg" and recovered from a fall on his first jump. He got no score lower than 5.7 for tech-

nical merit or presentation. The 1990-91 U.S. champion, Eldredge also defeated Candeloro in the short programme on Thursday. Eldredge, who failed to win a medal in the 1992 Olympics due to injury, started his

skaning," said Browning, the

font-time world champion from Canada, "You'll prob-

ably see even more competi-

tions each year, leading up to

Olympics, of course. The

Tonya Harding-Nancy Kerri-gan saga drew incredible rat-ings for CBS. The women's

technical programme and

women's final at Lillehamer

rank as the fourth and sixth

"It's important that we

take advantage of this popularity," Browning said. "The

more skating events with top names, the more accepted

those competitions will be-

So Browning will be all over the place, from Long.

Island to Massachusetts to

Ontario to Landover, Md.,

for the world professional

championships, one of the few established pro skating

events. Wylie. Boitano, Yamaguchi, Witt, current world champion Yuka Sato and most of the top pairs and ice dancers will be just as

"Don't forget that we're all in tours and shows, too,"

adds Hamilton, whose stars

on ice tour, with strong finan-

cial backing from Discover card, has Witt, Yamaguchi,

Wylie, Browning, and two-

time Olympic pairs cham-pions Gordeeva and Grink-

ov. "We're going to be skat-

programmes of all time.

Thanks, greatly, to the last

the next Olympics.'



Surva Bonaly

comeback with a secondplace finish at this year's Goodwill Games.

Candeloro, dressed entirely in black, skated to music from the movie "The God-

that won him the bronze medal at the Lillehammer Olympics. His ponytail bobbing along with his every move, he played to the

father," the same routine cameras and the small crowd of about 4,000 in the 17,323seat Civic Arena.

Candeloro, who stumbled once, even blew a kiss to the judges at one point.

# Boxer Young wins junior title

GOLD COAT, Australia (AP) — Leo Young maintained his unbeaten record and won the vacant Commonwealth junior middleweight boxing title Sunday with a disputed 12-round majority points decision over Canadian Fitzgerald Bruney.

Young, the Australian national champion, scored his 12th successive victory as a professional. Two judges scored the contest 115-113 and 116-112 in his favour, while the third had it a draw at 114-114.

"I'm very disappointed with the decision," said Bruney. "I thought I won the fight. I'd love to fight him

Young's aggression proved decisive. He continually looked to take the initiative. stalking the tall, rangy Bruney and working impressively to hody.

The 28-year-old Canadian finished strongly and his awkward style kept Young off balance for much of the con-

Bruney's record dipped to

Young, 25, said he was hopeful he had done enough to win the fight - in which there were no knockdowns but was nervous before the decision ws announced.

"I thought it was very close, and to be honest I wasn't sure which way it would go," he said.

"Bruney was a good counter-puncher - a much better fighter than people said he would be. He was quick and he could certainly

Young said his work inside had given him the edge.

# Chinese man, woman win Beijing Marathon

BEDING (R) — Chinese won both the men's and women's events in the 14th Beijing Marathon Sunday despite having competed in the Hiroshima Asian Games this

month. Hu Gangian won the men's event for the second successive year in a time of two hours, 10 minutes and 56

Second was event recordholder Abebe McConnen, of Ethiopia, in 2:11:33, who led the race until the 35-km (22mile) mark, and third was Mohammad Nazipov, of Russia, in 2:11:35.

Hu's time was one second better than his winning time a

year ago.
"I am happy with the time," he told reporters. Hu finished fourth in the Asian Games marathon. For two months before

train too hard in order to conserve my energy for these two events," he said. Asked how China's male

runners could match the record-breaking achievements of their female compatriots, Hn said they must learn from the methods of top trainer

"We must learn to so and bear hardship. I am com fident China's made res

Bec

منبط والما

17. T. S. 78. 8 . 4. 6. \*\*

contract supplement

Pier

Wal

ye may be

will become best in world." He said. The winner of the won marathon was Wang June one of the athletes trained Ma. She told reporters a was content with the rea

given the race followed the Hiroshima event so soon He's time was three the nutes and 21 seconds stocker than the record set by Meconnen in the event in

Officials said this was due to a relatively warm tomperature of 16 degrees centigrade (60 Fahrenbeit). Conditions were otherwise perfect with almost no wind under a cloudless sky.

The runners set out from the Workers Stadians in the Asian Games, I did not northeast Beijing for the cir-cuit round the centre of the

Over 300 ronners from 10 countries and regions took part in the race, but Japanese runners, who have traditionally done well in this event, were absent.

# Britain's Fogarty wins • world superbike title

PHILLIP ISLAND, Australia (R) - Britain's Carl Fogarty clinched the world superbike title in the final round Sunday when defending champion Scott Russell suffered a tyre hlow-out in the second race.

Fogarty won the rain-delaved first race on his Ducati. breaking the lap record in the process. American Russell was second despite a failing front tyre.

Russell went into the second race knowing he had to win it and Fogarty finish lower than fourth for him to

He led early on but when his rear tyre "fore apart," forcing him into the pits, the championship was effectively handed to Fogarty.

"I thought it was odd when Scott waved me by." said Fogarty. "Then I got the signal that he was in the pits and I knew we had the championship.

Fogarty, runner-up to Australian Anthony Gobert in the second race, finished the championship with 305 points, 25 ahead of Kawasaki rider Russell.

### Lack of wind scuttles race

SAN DIEGO (AFP) - A lack of wind scuttled the second race of the International America's Cup Class World Championship regatta here Saturday. Officials delayed the start two hours, hoping winds would rise above four knots. When they did not, the race was abandoned, No makeup date was immediately set for the second race in the five-race series. Exhibition races were scheduled Sunday with an off day Monday before the next Tuesday and Wednesday. The event is a mneup for next year's America's Cup races here. John Bertrand's One Australia won the opening race Friday with the all-female crew of America3 second. Others in the field include two Nippon Challenge vessels, Nippon 92 and Nippon 94, U.S. defender hopefuls Stars and Stripes and PACT 95 and the Age of Russia boat aiming for the 1998 America's Cup.

### **GOREN BRIDGE**

WITH OMAR SHARES & TANNAH HERSCH

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.I—As South, vulnerable, you hold: **4Q1073 ℃KQ ∴J94 4KQ84** The bidding has proceeded:
West North East Soil
Page Page ?

1 to Pass Pass ?
What action do you take?
A.—Had you been sitting in the immediate seat, on action could have been contemplated. Here, however, you know that partner has some values, so you must protect. Bid one no trump—in the balancing position that promises only some 12-15 points.

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

AA10762 VA854 VQ9 4A4

Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?

A.—There's no sense in looking for a second trump suit. You've located an excellent spot and it's your duty to advise partner of it. Make whatever forcing raise you have in your arsenal, which would be a jump to three hearts in standard methods.

Q.3—Both vulnerable, as South you hold: •EQ6 VA10943 >753 •93 The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South

1 0 2 4 Pass 2 7

Pass 3 0 Pass 2

What do you bid now?

A.—Partner's cue-bid could indi-

cate a hear fit and slam interest, in it might simply be an effort to get to the right game contract. Since you have nothing in diamonds and only so-so hearts, show the location of your outside values by bidding three

Q.4—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:

\*AQ964 :K6 :72 \*KJ63 The bidding has proceeded.

South West North East

1 + 2 3 + Page

-With the king of hearts exposed to immediate decapitation by the opening lead, we are loathe to raise to four clubs and possibly by-pass our best game. We would opt for three no trump. If the hand belongs in clubs, partner is free to bid again.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you 4K92 :A83 :QJ2 +A952 The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1 4 Page 1 4 Page

What do you hid now? A .- We are avid advocates of rais ing partners major suit response with three-card support, but not with this holding. You have a bal-anced minimum with a stopper in every suit and a rebid of one no trump describes it perfectly.

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South ARQID 75 . K9753 4A64

The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East
1: Pass 1 Pass
1 2 Pass 3 NT Pass Whet action do you take?

A.—You know you have a com-bined high-card count of about 30. so four no trump must be a safe spot so four no trump must be a sate space if you have no fit. Since your hand is all prime, we favor a slam try of four chibs, purpointing your heart shortness. To see now partner

### **FOR RENT**

ing fools."

Three-bedroom first floor fully furnished flat in Fourth Circle with full kitchen utensils and telephone and television.

Cail 612721 to enquire

### **FOR SALE**

180 power book Apple Macintosh (not used). Arabic and English. Included software, Excel, Al Nashir Adobi and more. Also it comes with its own case. Piease cali 672589 between 5-9 p.m.

### FLAT FOR RENT

In a new building, with a 185-square-matre area, consisting of 3 bedrooms, spacious salons. Located al 7th Circle, start of the Queen Alia Airport Highway, opposite the Modern Education Schools. Annual rent JD4500

Call tel: 864704



Top Olympic ratings spawn year-round competitions

Tonya Harding

There has been some silliness concerning the enhanced pro tour and its reception by the skating establishment. In France, for instance, the sponsors of the Lalique Trophee decided they wanted the professionals, which meant splitting with the French federation. So the federation, which is paying French stars Surya Bonaly and Philippe Candeloro to remain amateurs, is staging its own event on the same weekend as Lalique.

Hamilton chuckles at such policies. But he does like the idea of nationalistic team competitions - on the current schedule, there are two. with several others heing con-

"I think this would be a wonderful thing to have at the Olympics. We have the Ryder Cup in golf, the Davis Cup in tennis. This is an opportunity to see skating in a different light.

sional skating.

"Look at Kurt and Viktor. They have been rivals for years, one and two in the world. To see them training together and competing as teammates is awesome. It's intimidating.

back in this way is, I think,

extremely exciting because of

the strength of figure skating around the world," he said.

"Years ago, team competi-tions were normal in profes-

It's the new world of skat-"Seeing this format come ing.

# FOR RENT

New deluxe furnished apartment forment (ideal for a small family)
Two bedrooms, saion, dining room, small garden. separate Sentral Teating, garage, utilities
Between Viri circle and Mecca Street. Call: 817224 - 623709

### **FOR RENT**

Big villa, 1200m<sup>2</sup>, in a decent area, on 2 streets, Shmeisani, near King Abdullah Gardens. Consists of:

6 bedrooms, including one master bedroom, 6 wide salons, 7 bathrooms, 3 kitchens, decorated, 3 large verandas, 1 service room.

A wide garage, 200m² area, can accommodate 6 cars + 3 outdoors, 3 garden gides planted with trees. Heating system. We accept best offer

Interested call 690900 Mr. Mohammoud from 10:00 a.m. to 14:00 p.m.



Nancy Kerrigan

回

回

回

### Soft Programmers Needed

An Info Tech Co. in the Arabian Gulf has immediate vacancies for Software Programmers with considerable experience in 4 GL Windows-based programming languages.

Please send your resume detailing your technical experience to the attention of :-

> **Managing Director** Fax. 691212 P.O.Box 5431 Amman - Jordan

306

# WANTED

Executive secretary required for busy office, involving public relations and some travel. Must have at least five years experience, university degree and an excellent command of English. Should also be computer literate. Please fax CV's to 816894. (Any CV not meeting the above mentioned requirements will not be considered)

# Becker wins in Stockholm

STOCKHOLM (R) — A strong and alert Boris Becker outwitted Goran Ivanisevic to win the Stockholm tennis tournament Sunday and also earn himself a place in next month's ATP finals in Frank-

Becker, a few weeks from his 27th birthday, recovered from a poor start to overpowet the mighty Croat with guile and cunning to win 4-6 6-4 6-3 7-6 (7-4).

The German's stupendous backhand passing shots and finely-judged volleys completed a phenomenal run of games which bave seen him beat the top three players in the world in as many days.

"I've been playing a long time in tennis and I can't remember playing so well three days in a row. It bas, never happened that I've beaten the world top three in three days," a jubilant Beck-

The win also assures him promotion in the world rankings, possibly up to third place from sixth.

In a punishing final duel, world number two Ivanisevic relied mainly on his powerful serve and return of serve, while his ground sbots and attempted passing shots frequently went into the net in the first bour.

Though be lost the first set. Becker made a vital break in the 10th game of the second



Boris Becker

with brilliantly-placed and unstoppable returns of serve to draw him level. After that he shifted up a

It was Becker's fourth Stockholm title, adding this year's \$244,000 prize money to victories in 1998, 1990 and

# Pierce's banned father watches from stands

BOCA RATON, Flotida (AFP) - Mary Pierce's controversial father, banned from all WTA events for past disturbances, watched from the stands as his daughter played bere Saturday at the Chris Evert Pro-Celebrity

Classic Jim Pierce purchased a ticket and waited in vain by a players' walkway at the Boca Raton Resort and Club in hopes of speaking with his daughter, whom be once

"I don't want to put any pressure on Mary," he said.

"I bave no problems with Mary. It's het mother who got the testraining ordet." Pierce was banned from WTA events in May 1993 when he was escorted out of the Roland Garros Stadium for disruptive behavior during the French Open.

His 19-year-old daughter, currently ranked sixth in the world, was a French Open finalist this year, but withdrew from Wimbledon at the eleventh bour under intense media pressute after a tabloid newspaper threatened to dis- car.

guise and smuggle het fathet into the All England Club. She completed a second exhibition set after being told of her father's presence, then signed some autographs before being taken off the tournament grounds through a back exit without comment.

Jim Pierce was 100 yards away from his daughter as she left, but he was suttounded by police officers and security guards who escorted him to a shuttle bus and later went with him to his

# Williams,14-year-old prodigy makes pro tennis debut

OAKLAND, California (R) cil decided last month to ex-- Venus Williams, a 14- clude 14-year-olds from the - Venus Williams, a 14year-old tennis prodigy. makes bet professional debut this week, reopening a controvery over whether girls at her age are old enough to cope with the intense pressure of the tennis circuit.

Williams launches ber pro career Monday night with a first-round match against fellow American Sbaun Stafford, ranked 59 in the world, a the \$400,000 Bank of the West Classic in Oakland,

California. Although Williams bas not played in even a junior tournament for the last tbree years and is something of an unknown quantity, her coach believes she has the ability to reach the top within a few

"I think that by the time Venus is 16, she'll probably be able to compete with anybody in the world. By the Time she's 18, I think she'll be right in there for Grand Slam titles," coach Rick Macci said.

The tall, thin Williams showed off her skills to admiring teenagers at an Oakland tennis court last week, grunting as she hit powerful forehands and double-fisted backbands.

"You can expect me to be serve-and-volley, you can expect me to be the aggressor, and you can expect me to go out there and play well," Williams, who turned 14 in

June, told reporters.
Williams and ber European counterpart, 14-yearold Martina Hingis of Switzerland, who made her pro debut in Zurich this month, are likely to be the last two 14-year-old girls to play top-class tennis for the ecable future.

The women's tennis coun-

0

D

adult tour from next year and restrict the number of events girls between 15 and 17 can

take part in. But by making their debuts this year, Williams and Hingis will continue to be bound by the current rules which permit players to compete in 12 tout events per season when they are 14 and to compete without restriction

at age 16. Tennis players and administrators have voiced growing doubts over whether 14year-old girls are able to cope with the stress of professional tennis, the pressures of fame and wealth and the loss of a

normal childhood. Women's tennis has had a number of players, such as Andrea Jaeger, who shot to stardom as teenagers and wete burned out by the time they were 20.

Endorsements had made Jennifer Capriati a millionaire by the time she turned professional in 1990 at the age of 13. She dropped off the women's Tour a year ago and bas since been cited for shoplifting, arrested for marijuana possession and spent time in a treatment

programme. "If I had a child, I probably wouldn't want her playing on the tour," tennis legend Mar-tina Navratilova said recent-

But Williams, who appears confident and mature beyond her years, is not worried that other people wonder whether she is old enough to stand the

"I'm very bappy that they have their opinion ... 1 also bave my own opinion and I think it's about time for me to go out and play profes-sional, she said last week.

learned from other players' mistakes. "Of course maybe I'll make a few, but I don't think they'll be major mis-

takes," she said. Williams believes she can handle the pressure. Asked what would happen if she had a match point against Navratilova, who is also playing in Oakland, Williams said: "I'm definitely not going to

Just a few months ago, Williams's father Richard said any parent who allowed his children to play profes-sional tennis at 14 should be

Williams, 52, said last week that it was his daughter's decision to turn professional and he was initially against the idea. But he said he did not try to talk her out of it because he had taught his five daughters to make their own decisions

Her family say Venus Williams will play no more than five or six tournaments next

"So it wouldn't change our lifestyle," Richard Williams said. "She'll go to the beach, she'll rollerskate, she'll keep playing basketball ... she does so many things other than tennis. But if tennis were the only thing she would do, I would be very frightened for my 14-year-old

daughter. Williams was brought up in the tough Los Angeles suburb of Compton and began playing tennis at age four. She moved with het family to Pompano Beach, Florida. three years ago so that prospect, could train at the Rick

Macci Tennis Academy. Williams trains five or six hours a day and receives her schooling from her mother at home.

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 5:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

# Baggio's goal drops AC Milan

ROME (AP) — Striker Roberto Baggio's 45thminute goal lifted Juventus of Turin to a 1-0 win over visiting AC Milan Sunday, dropping the three-rime defending champions into 11th place in the 18-team Italian first divi-

The defeat made Milan's record to 3-2-3. They lost three games all last season. Lazio of Rome edged lowly Cremonese 1-0 on Italian in-ternational Pier Luigi Casiraghi's second-balf goal. Lazio and Juve both have 5-2-1 records for 17 points.

AC Parma (16 points) was

to bost As Roma (15) in a late game. The winner would move into first, but a draw would leave Lazio in first place on goal differential. Argentine striker Gabriel Batistuta scored for the eighth straight game, with his league-leading ninth goal of the season, helping Fiorenti-na beat winless Brescia 4-2. Fiorenuna (4-3-1) stayed in fifth place with 15 points.

In other games Sunday: Bari beat Genoa 4-1; Sampdoria of Genoa and Napoli drew 0-0; Internazionale of Milan edged last-place Reg-giana 1-0; Cagliari beat Torino 1-0; and Padova and Foggia tied 0-0.

At Turin, Baggio continued his impressive comeback from injury, scoring for the second straight week. The 1993 FIFA player of the year headed home a cross from close range on the stroke of halftime.

The score came three minutes after Juve keeper-Angelo Peruzzi made an acrobatic save to thwan Croatian midfieldet Zvonomir Boban on Milan's best scoring opportunity. The redand-blacks were sbut out for the third consecutive week. Lazio 1, Cremonese 0

At Rome, a header by halftime substitute Casiraghi in the 73rd minute allowed Lazio to squeak past 15thplace Cremonese in an evenly played match. He turned in a beaded assist by Croatian striker Alen Boksic's for his second goal of the season.

At Brescia, Batistuta's header put Fiorentina ahead in the 31st minute and midfielder Fabrizio di Mauro doubled 10 minutes later on a 20-metre blast that found the net off the crossbar. After forward Francesco

Flachi added his first league

**Jordan Times** 

Tel: 667171

FEB MASTER BUILDERS

**CONCRETE IN SPACE** 

On 30th September 1994 (local time 07:15)

the space shuttle endeavour blasted off from

Kennedy Space Center in Florida carrying,

for the first time ever, a small concrete test

laborotory on board. Scientists are hoping

that the obsence of gravity will enable them

to discover ways for improving the strength

londed on 11th October 1994 ond the results

are now eagerly owaited within the industry.

The experiment was initiated ond is

sponsored by Master Builders Inc. Cleveland

(Ohio) and the University of Alabamo

Huntsville . Moster Builders Inc. is the market

leoder in the field of construction chemicals

in the U.S.A. and is an offiliated company of

MBT holding og, Zurich ( the chemicols ond

Middle East in Sharjah, is the regional office

The local agent in Jordan

F.A. KETTANEH & Co. LTD.

Tel. 798642

Fax.. 792582

environment division of Sondoz Ltd. ) Feb

for the group.

Shows: 3:15, 5:00

and durability of concrete . The shuttle

goal in the 61st minute for 3-0, a wild sequence saw three scores in seven mi-

Brescia striker Fabio Gallo scored in the 70th, Portuguese midfielder Rui Costa turned in a Batistuta feed for Fiorentina's fourth in the 76th, and substitute Gabriele Ambrosetti tallied for Brescia (0-2-6) one minute later. Bari 4, Genoa 1

At Bari, striker Igor Protti scored his first two goals in the first division and Sandro Tovalieri added the other two to move the promoted home-side into seventh place at-

After Protti scored from close range in the seventh minute, Tovalieri doubled two minutes later on a counterattack. Protti added bis second in the 56tb, and Tovalieri scored his fourth of the season in the second minute of injury time.

Dutch winger John Van't Schipp, a balftime substitute, scored for Genoa (2-2-4) in the 61st minnte.

Sampdoria 0, Napoli 0 At Genoa, a lack of offensive creativity doomed both sides to a scoreless draw, Napoli striker Renato Buso bit a post in the 41st minute, and Samp vetetan Roberto Mancini suffered the same fate in the second half. Samp (3-3-2), third last season, fell to eighth place, while Napoli (2-3-3) moved into 13th. Internazionale 1, Reggiana 0

At Milan, striket Marco del Vecchio's goal one minute from rime allowed Inter (3-3-2) to beat last-place Reg-giana (0-1-7). The hosts controlled the action, but Dutch striker Dennis Bergkamp --playing for injuted Uruguayan Ruben Sosa -- continued his run of ineffective outings and was substituted in the second half.

Cagliari I, Torino 0 At Cagliari, Panamanian striket Julio Cesar dely Valdes scored three minutes after kickoff as the Sardinians (3-3-2) moved past Torino (3-1-4) in the standings. Padova 0, Foggia 0

5) blew an opportunity to win in the 75th minute, when veteran striker Giuseppe Galderisi sent a penalty kick off the crossbar. Foggia (3-4-1) was unable to score against the first division's worst defence, which has allowed 19

# triumph in Tulsa

- Kenya's Stephen Nyamu sutged past American rival Mbarak Hussein in the final 100 metres to win the 15kms Tulsa Run here Saturday. Nyamu, who trains in Penn-42mins 51secs. He beat Hussein by three seconds and was very fast but it was working for me," Nyamu said. "I Kenya's Delillah Asiago won the women's crown in 48:57, fore taking command in the final 10km.

### Faisali targets record 8th Jordan Cup title Al Jeel, Al Arabi. Kufr-

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Al Faisali will be aiming to win their re-cord eighth Jordan Cup title when the competition kicks off Nov. 13 with 28 teams representing first and second division clubs taking

The Jordan Cup is the fourth annual competition organised by the Jordan Soccer Federation (JSF) in addition to the first division, the Cup Winner's Cup and the Federation Shield.

The competing clubs have been divided into two groups which will play three elimination rounds.

The top two teams in each group will play a semifinal two-leg round to determine the teams that will advance to the final match. Group 1 includes three top first division teams like

utleholders Al Faisali, Al Hussein, Al Wihdat, in addition to Al Jazireh, Al Qadissieh, Al Karmel who will meet less experienced second division teams like Al Russeifa, Al Zarqa, Al Salt, Al Qoqazi, Al Fuheis, Al Sarih, Sahm and Al Yar-

The second group includes Al Ramtha, Al Ahli, soum and Shabab Al Hussein, in addition to second division teams Sahah, Al Jalil, Al Baqaa. Ein Karem, Al Abbasi, Ja'far Al Tayyar, Al Awdeh and Itrihad Al Ramtha. Only five teams have won

the title since the competition was initiated in 1980; Al Faisali have clinched the title seven times. Al Wihdat three times, Al Ramiha twice, and Al Jazireh and Al Arabi once each.

Al Faisali, Al Wihdat, Al Hussein and Al Ramtha are all strong contenders for the

> Although Al Faisali, who have won the 1st division title for the past two years have had an inconsistent form this season, they still group the kingdom's top players and are very keen to add another title to their -long list of achievements in all competitions. In 1993 they clinched the first division, the Jordan Cup and the Cup Winner's Cup, and in 1992 they won the Jordan Cup, the Shield and the first

Al Hussein who had not won a title for years, won their first ever major title this year when they defeFederation Shield - Their only other best achieve ment was finishing second in the first division in 1990

Al Wihdat last won a major ritle in 1992 when they clinched the Cup Winner's Cup. They last won the 1st division in 1991.

Al Ramtha won the Jordan Cup in 1990 and 1991 and last won the Federation Shield in 1993.

Other teams may however surprise the top contenders, the most likely being Al Jazireh, a learn often threatened by relegation but now maintain fifth place on goal difference with Al Faisali and Al Ramtha in the 1st division competition now underway.

Jordan Cup recdrd

_		
1980		. Faisali
1981	***************************************	. Faisali
1982	***************************************	Wihdat
1983		, Faisali
1984	,	Jazireh
1985		Wihdat
1986		Arabi
	***************************************	
1988		Wihdai
1989	***************************************	. Faisali
1990		Ramtha
1991		Ramtha
1992		. Faisali
1993		Faisali

# Kenyans

TULSA, Oklahoma (AFP) sylvania but who had nevet raced in a U.S. event, won in broke the course record of 43:09 set in 1989. "The pace was struggling. That last kilometre I felt a little pain. But I had no alternative." one minute ahead of 1993 champion Lynn Jennings. Asiago started cautiously be-

Greece to host world basketball championship BONN, Germany (AP) -

Yugoslavia lost out to Greece Sunday as host nation for the 1998 men's Basketball World Championship, the FIBA international basketball organising body announced. The central boatd of

FIBA, after a meeting in Munich, also said it had chosen Germany over Poland to host the women's 1998 world championship. In a telefaxed statement making the announcements,

the 15-member board did not

mention the bloodshed in the Balkans. Yugoslavia was supposed to host the mens's 1994 world championships. But when the Balkan wars erupted and international sanctions were slapped on Serbia and Montenegro, which make up the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, FIBA moved this year's championship to Totonto,

Canada. The United States' Dream Team II won the would title this yeat.

FIBA President George Killian said Greece was chosen because it is "experienced in organising international basketball events. They are also one of the leading basketball ferces in Europe.

George Vassilakopoulos, a Greek member of FIBA's central boatd, said "we ate happy and proud to host the FIBA championship."
He said 'after organising

the European championship tot men and the world championship fot junior men in the summet of next Year, we will be continuing out long tradition of hosting high profile basketball events.

The August 1994 men's finals will be played in Athens new Olympic Hall, which has a seating capacity of 20,000, and in the Peace and Friendship Arena in Piraeus

:...

٠, ٠

...

:

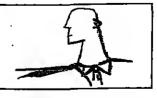
•:

. - :





RIHANI ELEGANCE OF A MAN



WELCOME TO

RIHANI JABAL AMMAN RAINBOW ST. RIHANI GARDENS ST. RIHANI DOWN TOWN KING HUSSIEN ST. RIHANI IRBED WASFI AL TAL ST.

Sungay and Monday

Tel.: 625155 Tel.: 618274 - 618275 Nabil & Hisham's Tel.: 699238 Cinema Tel.: 634144 | Cinema AHLAN THEATRE Nabil Al Mashini Theatre **AMMOUN THEATRE** CONCORD **PLAZA** PHILADELPHIA CONCORD "1" Presents: Presents: Jeff Fahey - Teri Polo SPEED **Today & Everyday** Children's theatre The political satire: Leslie Nielsen & Priscilia Presley Abu Awwad in social com-Robert Davi Al Salam Ya Salam Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:00, 8:15, 10:30 "MARZOUK AND THE MAGIC LAMP" edy CONCORD "2" Daity at 8:30 p.m. Naked Gun 33 1/3 "PUNCTURED at 10 a.m. Saturday & Sunday is 형자 The Final Insult QUICK For reservation call tel: PELICAN BRIEF theatre's holiday. 618274-618275 Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:65, 8:30, 10:30

# Israel welcomes Hrawi call for joint committee, wants Syrian support

-TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Housing Minister Benyamin Ben-Eliezer on Sunday welcomed a Lebanese proposal to establish a joint political and military committee with Israel, but said the move needed Syrian backing to be significant.

Lebanese President Elias ·Hrawi told the Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) this weekend that the proposed committee would draw up a timetable for an Israeli withdrawal from South Lebanon.

· "I pledge that not one single bullet would be fired dur-ing this period if Israel commits itself to a withdrawal,"
Mr. Hrawi said. He made a similar proposal three years

On Saturday be did not meotion how be would silence Hizbollah's guerrillas. who have refused to disarm under the peace accord that ended Lebanon's 1975-90 civil war.

The group, largely financed by Iran, said they needed their weapons to liberate South Lebannn patrolled by Israeli troops. Israel has maintained control of a border strip since its 1982

"First of all, I must welcome the invitation, we can't -reject it out of band," said Mr. Ben-Eliezer.

"The proposal is completely insignificant unless Syria

backs it," be said. Israel has said it will only pull out when Syria withdraws the 40,000 troops it maintains in Lebanon. Israeli reports say that a withdrawa! from Lebanon will come as part of a peace treaty with

Warren Christopher insisted

on Sunday that Preisdent Bill

Clinton's Middle East tour

last week had produced con-

cessions in Israeli-Syrian

He dismissed as "postur-

Mr. Clinton said after talks

ing" comments by Israeli offi-

with Syrian President Hafez

Al. Assad last Thursday that

substantive progress had

been made in American-

mediated negotiations over

the Golan Heights, though be

declined to spell out details.

spokesman said later that Mr.

Assad had said little new, and

Prime Minister Yitzbak

Rabin said in a newspaper

interview he was not sure

Syria wanted to make peace.

that in their public posturing

both parties would tend to

minimise for public purposes

the quality or substance of

any concessions." Mr. Christ-

ing themselves in public in a

way to maximise their nego-

tiating posinons," he said on

board a plane taking him to

the Middle East and North

African Economic Confer-

all. I think it's just part of this

"I'm not critical of that at

"Both parties are conduct-

opher told reporters.

ence in Casablanca.

very tough process."

It's not at all surprising

But an Israeli government

Syria.
Presently Israeli-Syrian peace negotiations are stalled over the future of the Golan

Mr. Hrawi's offer came a day after the president was briefed on the telephone by his Syrian counterpart Hafez Al Assad on his meeting with U.S. President Bill Clinton in Damascus on Thursday.

Mr. Hrawi said the Lebanese army was ready to take charge of the "security zone" that Israel maintains in South Lebanon and restore order, so long as Israel implemented U.N. Resolution 425 which calls for its troops to withdraw.

Lebanese officials have in the past expressed backing for the anti-Israeli resistance. saving it would not exist if the Israelis withdrew to their own side of the border.

Mr. Hrawi said "the time has come for Israel, which states that it has no ambidons on Lebanon's territory or water, to carry out its words."

An Israeli government spokesman also said Syria must be involved in the Lebanese proposal.

"We will give it the most serious consideration," Uri Dromi, head of Israel's government press office, told Reuters. "If the Lebanese army and government are willing to take over security there, then this is a very good development."

Maybe the most important thing (is) that all this is coordinated with the Syrians, because we know perfectly well that they call the shots in Lebanon," Mr. Dromi said.

Israel also wanted assurances that the Israeli-backed South Lebanon Army (SLA)

Even in background brief-

ings. U.S. officials have te-

fused to say what the prog-

ress consisted of. The main

issues are the extent and tim-

ing of an Israeli withdrawal

from the Golan, security

and the type of relations

Israel and Syria would estab-

Mr. Christopher also said

Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) Chairman

Yasser Arafat had accepted

be could not have good rela-

tions with Israel and the Un-

ited States and also with the

Islamic Resistance Move-

The military wing of

Hamas, which opposes the

PLO policy of peace with Israel, has claimed responsi-

bility for a series of recent

attacks in Israel including the

bombing of a bus which killed

22 people and the suicide

bomber. Mr. Christopher said Mr.

Clinton told Mr. Arafat in Cairo last week that be could

not maintain friendly ries

with Hamas and with Israel

"I don't remember his re-

sponse to that except there

seemed to be a general

acceptance of that concept,"

the secretary of state said.

Mr. Christopher, due back

and the United States.

ment, Hamas.

Christopher sees concessions

in Israel-Syria negotiations

CASABLANCA (Agencies) change his assessment that

- U.S. Secretary of State substantive progress was

cials that little was achieved. arrangements to back it up.

nively affected" - an apparent reference to previous Israeli demands that its client army should be incorporated into the Lebanese military.

Israel set up a 13-kilometre wide buffer strip in Lebanon in 1985 when it withdrew the bulk of its 1982 invasion forces. It says the "security zone" is to prevent guerrilla attacks on northern Israeli settlements.

Israel has repeatedly demanded that Lebanon, with Syria's help, disband Hizbollah and establish calm on the border for six months before it will negotiate a peace accord with Lebanon.

Hizbollah guerrillas launched two attacks in South Lebanon on Sunday, wounding two members of the SLA. Lebanese security sources said. On Saturday, Hizbollah fighters killed an Israeli soldier in clashes on the edge of the occupation zone.

A roadside bomb exploded near an SLA militia patrol in the village of Rsbaf inside the "Security Zone," wounding two milinamen, the sources said.

Another SLA patrol came under a hail of machinegun and anti-tank fire in the Toumat Jezzine area in a finger of territory jutting north of the zone but under Israeli control.

No one was burt in the second attack on the SLA. Responding to the attacks. Israeli and SLA gunners fired artillery rounds onto the outskirts of the market town of Nabativeh and Iqlim Al Toufah ridge a rugged

(Continued on page 7)

said in an interview published

in Israel Sunday that Israeli-

Syrian talks had reached a

"It is clear to me that we

are at a crucial point in the

negotiations, because a

momentum has been created

that is based on the fact that

both sides are serious," the

top American diplomat told

the daily Yedioth Ahronoth.

shows that it is important to

A government-run

newspaper Sunday accused Israel of "turning a deaf ear"

to Syria's call for peace and of trying to undermine the

"positive results" of the sum-

mit between President Assad

instead of trying to capitalise

on the positive atmosphere

engendered by the Damascus

summit to augment chances

for realising peace, the Israeli

government has deliberately

organised a comprehensive

campaign of slander against

Syria's stands," the Tishrin

paign is to skirt around the

results of the Damascus sum-

mit, to pressure Washington to abandon the role of an impartial and honest partner

and to stop demanding a

comprehensive settlement on the bases of U.N. resolu-

The objective of this cam-

daily said in an editorial.

"As had been expected,

and President Clinton.

exploit such opportunities,

"My personal experience

crucial point.



Israel to lift Gaza siege slowly

CASABLANCA (Agencies) - Israel will begin reopening border crossings with the Gaza Strip on Tuesday. Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin said Sunday. But he promised to do "whatever needed" to contain violence

by Palestinian militants. The Gaza Strip, from which 30.000 Palestinian labourers enter Israel daily to work, was closed after a bus bombing Oct. 19 that killed 2 people.

Mr. Rabin met for an hour with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat before the opening of an economic summit on the Middle East aimed at promoting economic development in the region to further the peace process.

It was their first meeting since the Oct. 19 bombing and last week's signing of the Israel-Jordan peace treaty, which Mr. Arafat has strongly criticised. 'I informed Chairman

Arafat that starting Tuesday. two days from today, we gradually will lift the closure." Mr. Rabin told reporters. The Palestinians, however.

demanded a complete and immediate reopening of the Gaza crossings. Mr. Rabin also told the PLO leader that Palestinian

officers will be allowed to take up positions at two border crossings, the King Hussein Bridge between Jordan and the West Bank, and the donors because they have to

Egypt and the Gaza Strip. Palestinian officers are expected to take up their positions on the crossings Mon-

Chief of Staff Leon Panetta and Richard Griffin of the U.S.

Secret Service (rear) brief reporters after a gunman sprayed

He said the two decided they would hold talks again in a week to discuss political issues in the peace process. but did not say where they would meet.

"The issue of closure was brought up and I said very clearly, as long as Hamas and the Islamic Jihad will continue their terror activities, the kind that they carried out in Jerusalem in kidnapping soldier Nachshon Waxman, the terrible atrocity, crime that they carried out in a suicidal mission on the bus in Tel Aviv, we will feel free to do whatever is needed to protect the lives of Israelis." Mr. Rabin said.

We are ready to transfer health, wealth, tourism and taxation" on the West Bank, Mr. Rabin said after their encounter.

Israel has already transferred education on the West Bank to the self-rule Palestinian authority.

But the prime minister warned that the agreement on early empowerment would mean nothing without funds from international

"The agreement has been reached between us and the Palestinians. But it has to be signed and committed by the

ment to become reality." Mr. Arafat made no comment coming out of the villa in a posh, hilly district of Casablanca, marching directly into his Mercedes Benz

page 5) (AFP photo)

limousine. But Yasser Abed Rabbo. Mr. Arafat's minister of culture and information, said the closure policy should be lifted immediately and completely "because collective punishment is not a policy that will be helpful for creating an atmosphere of trust between the two nations."

He said he did not understand Israel's decision to seal off the Palestinians from their livelihoods. "We don't think there is a reason for that in spite of the incidents that bave occurred." he said. "We can cooperate, but not to punish a whole people and to punish tens of thousands of workers who have nothing to do with such incidents."

Asked whether the PLO would strengthen its efforts to rein in Hamas, Mr. Abed Rabbo said, "I'm not talking about stopping or not stopping. We are doing our best on the security level in accordance with law and our obligations.

We bope the other side will respect the obligations. the transfer of authority and the extension of Palestinian authority to the West Bank."

Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat met shortly before Morocco's

largest ever gathering of businessmen and economic officials seeking to tap the hage potential of the Middle East and North Africa.

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, who took part in the Rabm-Arafat meeting. linked economic cooperation to the peace process saving: "Without economic coopertion... there is no validity to the peace for the man in street in Amman or in Gaza.'

Meanwhile the fifth round of PLO-Israeli talks on Palestinian elections has been postponed until Nov. 6, a Palestinian official said in Cairo on Sunday,

Negotiators were to conrinue their talks in Cairo on Monday but the official told Reuters both sides decided to take more time to study the papers they exchanged last week and to rest.

Palestinian elections should have taken place in July as agreed under the PLO-Israel peace accord giving Palestinians limited selfrule in the Gaza Strip and of

But after four rounds of talks in Cairo the PLO and Israel are still in disagreement over the electoral council's powers and Israeli demands for a joint committee to decide how to choose voters and candidates in Palesti-

### Mandela, cabinet take salary cut

JOHANNESBURG (AFP)

— President Nelson Mandela, his cabinet and certain other officials will take salary cuts of up to 20 per cent as part of a government auster-ity drive aimed at freeing more funds for South Africa's reconstruction, it was announced late Saturday. Deputy President Thabo Mbeki unveiled a plan to restructure government fi-nances that includes the salary cuts, a shake-up of the civil service and possible privatisation of state assets. Mr. Mbeki, who is acting for Mr. Mandela while the president is on vacation, said the measures would free more funds for the Reconstruction and Development Programme (RDP), the five-year plan aimed at overcoming the legacy of racial discrimination. Mr. Mbeki said the plan signalled a "bold and imaginative shift" in the government's approach to the role of the public sector in the RDP. The salaries of Mr. Mandela, Mr. Mbeki and the second Deputy President, F.W. De Klerk will drop by 20 per cent, cabinet ministers' by 10 per cent, deputy ministers and provincial ministers by 7.5 per cent, Mr. Mbeki said. Certain other elected officials will also take salary cuts, but remuneration for ordinary members of parliament will be left unchanged, Mr. Mbeki said. The parliamentary cancus of Mr. Mandela's ruling African National Congress had rejected taking a salary cut, instead asking for more allo-

### Russia wants apology for Polish police misconduct

MOSCOW (AFP) - Russia

called on Poland's ambassador in Moscow to publicly apologise after several Russian nationals were roughed up and illegally detained by Polish police in Warsaw, the ITAR-TASS news agency teported Saturday. Russian Deputy Foreign Minister Sergei Krylov called for a public apology as well as punishment for the Polish police officers involved and compensation for the victims. the news agency reported. The Russian press reported that several Russian nationals, travelling on a train from Moscow to Brussels, were held up by about 15 armed men while the train was stopped in Warsaw. The Russian passengers said they called for police but receiving no response, then set off the train's alarm, impeding its departure. Some 40 Polish police officers then reportedly proceeded to rough up the Russians and apprehended six of them, holding them illegally for three days, according to the Russian media. Mr. Krylov said that the incident happened due to "the incessant anti-Russian campaign of certain parts of the Polish media," ITAR-TASS reported. The Polish ambassador said the Russian authorities would be kept informed of an investigation opened into the incident. Russian Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin is due to make an official visit to Poland on Nov. 3 and 4, notably to sign a \$2.4 billion investment agreement for the construction of a gas pipeline.

### Coretta Scott King honoured with Gandhi Award

NEW YORK (AFP) Coretta Scott King, the widow of slain U.S. civil rights leader Martin Luther King, was honoured with the Gandhi Award for Universal Harmony. At a ceremony marking the 125th anniversary of the birth of Mahatma Gandhi late Friday, Mrs. King was honoured along with Sri Chinmoy Kumar Ghose, who was cited for his efforts to promote international peace and understanding. "It was on this Gandhian emphasis of love and nonviolence that I had discovered the method for social reform that I had been seeking," Mrs. King said. In attendance at the ceremony sponsored by the cultural organisation Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan were former Indian President R. Venkataraman and India's ambassador to the United States Siddhartha Shankar

# Rafah crossings between generate this early empower-Israel arrests 150

attacks that left 24 civilians and two soldiers dead this

the West Bank.
It said that at least half of those detained would be held without trial under emergency regulations and all were held in southern Keziot jail. The army did not have

At the same time, the daily Haaretz reported that Israel was gradually lifting a closure on the Gaza Strip imposed after Hamas took responsibil-

Hamas, in a statement printed in Palestinian newspapers published in East Jerusalem, called on the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to ignore Israeli demands for a crackdown on Hamas in self-rule

Hamas said it was aware of pressure from Israeli Prime Minister Yitzbak Rabin whom it said "pushes and incites the Palestinian authority to begin an internal Palestinian battle.

authority not to respond to Rabin's continued demands if it really wants to be an authority which cares about its peoples' interests," it said. "We, in the Islamic Resist-

ance Movement Hamas affirm our total rejection to be pushed towards inter-Palestinian fighting, regardless of the reasons.

pressing PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat, in charge of the authority running Palestinian

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — self-rule in most of the Gaza Israel recently arrested some Strip and the West Bank 150 activists from the Hamas town of Jericho, to crack movement in response to down oo Hamas after its guerrillas killed 26 people this month.

Hamas has vowed to wreck the year-old Israel-PLO interim peace deal which provided self-rule. Palestinians say Mr. Arafat is reluctant to come down hard on Hamas for fear of civil strife.

Mr. Arafat arrested some 200 Hamas activists earlier this month in hopes of finding the captors of an Israeli soldier held by the military wing of Hamas, Izzadine Al Qassam, sbarpening the conflict with his most potent political

However, on Saturday Hamas initiated a conciliation with the Palestinian authority, offering to renew dialogue to avoid a civil war. On Sunday the Palestinian

self-rule authority released eight militants of Hamas. Of nearly 200 of its mili-tants detained by Palestinian police, only six now remain

behind bars, Hamas said. The authorities in autonomous Gaza City also released six militants belonging to the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP) on Sunday.

They were the last of 65 DFLP members arrested in early October after an attack on an Israeli patrol.

More than a thousand Palestinian students from Hamas and Mr. Arafat's Fateh faction protested on Sunday against Israel for recognising Jordan's role at Muslim holy places in Jer-

Mr. Arafat has protested against the Jordan-Israel peace treaty.

(Continued on page 7)

# |Algerian crisis worsens after collapse of contacts

ALGIERS (Agencies) — Fear of an escalation in violence was beightened Sunday after the government announced an impasse in contacts with Muslim fundamentalists, who urged its militants to fight on.

"The events risk multiplying," the independent daily La Tribune said Sunday, after President Liamine Zeroual said the night before that the military-backed government and the opposition unfortunately remaio far

More than 10,000 people have died since the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) was blocked from an imminent election victory in January 1992 amid public frustration with corruption and high unemployment.

Mr. Zeroual noted two letters sent recently to militants by Ali Belbadj, deputy leader of the FIS, calling on them to 'keep up the pressure" on the government and "intensify" their operations.

"Now you know their real position," Mr. Zeroual said, quoted by the official APS news agency. He said Mr. Belhadj and FIS leader Abassi Madani continued to "encourage terrorism and ex-

Mr. Zeroual made his comments during a meeting with six legal opposition parties. No progress was announced following the talks.

Mr. Zeroual said he would address the nation on Tuesday, marking the 40th anniversary of the beginning of the country's six-year war for independence from France. The government has often invoked that war as a rallying point, though most Algerians are too young to feel an emotional link to it. FIS members living in exile kept up the war of words Sunday, saying "the number

of victims and burnan rights

violations" have increased 'under the reign of Zeroual and particularly over the past two months."

In the communique faxed to the Associated Press in Paris, the FIS challenged Mr. Zeroual to a live televised debate and urged Mr. Zeroual "and those who support him" to resign.

The party leadership in exile accused the government of trying to deceive people by saying that Mr. Madani and Mr. Benhadi had failed to fulfil their promises.

The government had banked on the two leaders calling for a truce in civil strife in the country. "To clarify these events, we challenge 'Pres dent

Zeroual' and his emissaries to organise a live televised duel before public opinion, it The FIS said Mr. Zeroual faced the risk of "sharing

with criminals the full responsibility for the destruction of the country and the massacres of its citizens." The FIS statement said it

had "accepted the principle of a settlement of the crisis by means of negonations" and accused the government of "on the contrary, stepping up reprisal operations against the people in several regions of the country." It crincised the authorities

for their treatment of Mr. Belhadj and Mr. Madani, saying they were "seeking to deceive opinion by accusing (them) of not keeping their promises.

Referring to Algerian army chief of staff Mobammad Lamari, a hardline opponent of Islamic fundamentalists who was promoted Sunday to the newly created rank of lieutenant-general, the FIS accused "the criminal

(Continued on page 7)

### Mr. Christopher said he in the regioo in November to tions," it said. would 'not for a minute' continue peace negotiations. 4 killed in Baghdad blast blown out by the blast which

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Four people died in a bomb blast at a Baghdad church shortly after mass on Sunday. including three policemen who were trying to defuse the device, the official Iraqi News Agency (INA) and wit-

nesses said. It was the second bombing against a religious target in.

two-weeks. INA said the church caretaker found a suspicious package — a box of baby milk formula with the bomb concealed inside — in the Virgin Mary Chaldean Church in the Karrada district of the capital and alerted

As one of the policemen tried, to defuse the twokilogramme device outside the church it blew up. Three policemen and the sacristan. or caretaker, were killed and three passers-by injured.

The church was badly damaged. Nearby buildings were also damaged, their windows occurred shortly after morning mass, according to wit-

INA said the authorities bad launched a criminal investigation.

Oo Oct. 19, one person was killed and five were seriously burt when a blast rocked the Waqf ministry in charge of Muslim religious

endowments in Iraq.
The bomb went off in a Muslim prayer room, injur-ing three men and three women. A ministry official later died in hospital.

Most of Iraq's one million Christians - out of a mainly Muslim population of 18 million people — belong to the Chaldean Catholic rite, dating back to the early years of Christianity.

Chaldean Patriarch Raphael Bidawid has pressed for the lifting of the U.N. embargo imposed on Iraq after its August 1990 invasion

On Aug. 22, a carbomb exploded near the offices of the government newspaper Al Jumhuriya, killing a child and injuring 13 other people. Iraq blamed the opposition and 'agents of U.S. Presi-

dent Bill Clinton." A previous carbombing in Baghdad wounded two people last October.

And in August 1993, a carbomb blamed on Iran ex-ploded outside a hospital in the capital, injuring five peo-

This month's Baghdad bomb blasts came in the wake of heightened tension on the Iraq-Kuwait bnrder as the result of a buildup of Iraq forces near the emirate. The troop deployment prompted the United States

Tension subsided when Iraq withdrew its forces from near the Kuwait border.

and its allies to rush troops.

warships and aircraft to the

# activists of Hamas

month, Israel Radio said.

The radio said the sweep. that began immediately after the bombing of a Tel Aviv bus on Oct. 19, took place in

immediate comment on the

ity for the bombing.

We call on the Palestinian

Israel and Washington are